KHEEL CENTER FOR
LABOR- MANAGEMENT
DOCUMENTATION
&
ARCHIVES
CATHERWOOD LIBRARY
CORNELL UNIVERSITY

THIS COPY
HAS BEEN MADE
AVAILABLE
AS
AN AID TO RESEARCH
ONLY
THIS FILM SHOULD NOT
BE DEPOSITED IN
ANOTHER INSTITUTION
WITHOUT PERMISSION

COMMITTEE. ON INVESTIGATION HERRIN MASSICKE ABSTRACT

COMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATION HERRIN MASSACRE ABSTRACT

HIEZ-

411 - 8 16	0.70	
Allen, F.M.	250	Sadler, Vm.
		Schaffer, John
N W-174-	8.4	Schaffer, John
Dagley, Mellie	264	Schaffer, "ohm
Binkley, Bari	98	Shafiner, C.T.
Black, Carlos E.	1	Shand, H.J.
lomm, Loses	76	Slater, Herman
Bracey, B.F.	1.69	Small. Len
Brown, L.R.	176	finith, Monroe
Brown, W.J.	129	Sneed, W.J.
_		Steber, A.L.
Cairns, Va.	194	Steber, H. Myrtle
Cor, H.L.	126	Stome. S.D.
-		Sutten. Q.D.
Mavis, Hobert M.	34	Sunson, V.R.
Pevine, J.P.	260	
Buty, Pelcs	23	Saylor, P.k.
Enty, Belos	65	Thanton, Molvin
1		Thanton, Melvin
Marington, O.R.	151	Therton, Malvin
Freiss, Thomas	128	Shoraton, V.A.
		Frecey, Mobert
Graham, Mand	21.5	Prime, S.O.
•		Tarner, G.J.
Hemilton, C.F.	170	W
Hartwell, D.T.	85	Vinson, Reorga
Herrin, Mobert	1.54	
Herrin, Robert	274	Warter, V.H.
Holmes, Cland	98	Williams, Md.
Howell, Harry	152	
Hughes, Fex	144	
Rughes, Fox	205	
munter, S.N.	217	
Jeffries, H.E.	260	
Jores. Jacob	187	
	24.	
Melly, Y.W.	254	
Lawrence, Odia	195	
McLeren, A.B.	104	
Mitchell, M.B.	110	
Morgan, Md	124	
Mosely, A.A.	114	
	T 1/4	
Hold, Andrew	175	
	210	

O'Rourto, B.J.

Paieley, Oldham runn, Martha L. rulley, Iva R.

Richardson, A.F. Eidlen, Villard Page 15. Carles E. Black called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, examined and testified as follows; by Chairman McCarthy:

My name is Carles L. Black. I am Adjutant General of the state of Illinois and have held that position since February 7, 1922.

About a week previous to the 21st of June, 1922, I had been out to Page 14. Camp Grant attending the school for non-commissioned of ficers, which classed finersday or Friday. I then preceded to Chicago and on Saturday to Camp legan to look after some equipment there for the camp. When I returned to the office for business Monday morning, I was informed by those in the office that there had been a notice in the newspaper that there was some trouble expected down at Herrin and that Colonel Hunter had tried to get me at Camp Logan and had missed me, and he had tried to get me at Waukegan and couldn't get me there because I had just boarded a tmin and come on to Chicago, but it was reported that there had been a newspaper no tice that there was some anticipated trouble at Herrin and that he had proceeded down there. He (Runter) was on duty in the office as a personell officer and he was to impestigate laxity of officers, either civil or military, and he had just succeeded General Wells whose duty it was to look after/civil Page 15. authorities and where there was any trouble.

I have as assistants in the Springfield office Assistant Adjutant Colonel Shand; Assistant Quartermaster Colonel Tripp; Personell Officer Colonel Hunter; Chief Clerk Colonel Taylor. Colonel Shand was on vacation at this time and Colonel Tripp on duty at Camp Frant, which left Colonel Hunter in charge of the Springfield office along with Colonel Taylor.

About eleven o'clock on the morning of the 19th, I got a telephone call from Colonel Hunter advising me that the Southern Inlinois Coal Company was operating a mine with non-union miners in the vicinity of Herrin, and that there was bitter feeling as a result of this and ne thought this eater might cause trouble, recommending that two companies be held in readiness for any emergency that might erise. I instructed him to advise the Sheriff that he should maintain order down there and to make further investigations and report to me later in the day, which he did. He reported to me at about six ofold at that hight has a summer as a fight his report, I conferred with Colone. Pripp, who had previously been the commanding officer of the regiment whom any ansaturated in the case would be

and instead of two companies it was decided if there were any ordered out at all, there should be three, one at Salem, one at Mt. Vernon, and one at Cairo.

As I said before, I got a report from Colonel Hunter about six o'clock that night and he advised me that the Sheriff had not sworn in any deputies and he did not anticipate the use of troops at that time and everything seemed to be quieting down and I instructed him to keep me advised and to stay on the job, and if at any time troops were necessary to let me know. I did not get any report then on the situation until about 7:36 P.M. on finesday,

Golonel Hunter felt that there was a bad feeling engendered. He based his facts that he thought there should be troops held in readiness because this mine was being operated by non-union miners.

You would not order troops mobilised for that.

- Page 17. At that time he did not report any disorder, or that there would be any trouble, violence, or the use of fire arms.
 - Q. Will you give the committee what facts he stated to you as to why troops would not be necessary at that time. (second report).
 - As Because the general tone seemed to be quisting down. That is as near as I can remember, but the reason was that I did not follow up the idea of following up the troop order because things seemed to be quieting down and it bore out the next day, because there was no report during Tuesday up until 7:35 P.M. on the 20th.

He further said that the Sheriff had not out on any additional deputies and that there was seemingly no further demand for troops or thought of them because there were not requested.

Page 16. On Theoday at 7:36 I got a report from him stating that things were adjusting themselves there, and that the anticipated feeling that he had had on his first report that there might be some trouble seemed to be dying down and that was verified just this way: That she it was evidently true because of the fact that he did not see fit to report during that day, only making the one report at the end of the day. That was all he reported on Theoday; further that he felt there was no cause for alarm, that the citizens

Page 16. June 20 th.

The last conversation was on Wednesday, the 21st, about one o'clock
in the afternoon. He advised me of the organization of a citizens committee
and the urpose for which it was organized was to co-operate with these
officials, and if I am not mistaken he was at one of these meetings, at luncheon
his
that day and it was/beliefed that this co-operation would be conducted of the
desired results. About three o'clock in the afternoon I got a call from him
in which he stated he had received some reports of trouble over at the
mine, and that he had got in touch with the Sheriff's office and had advised
the Sheriff of this trouble and suggested to the Sheriff that he go out
and investigate these reports. At this time he expressed to me the belief
lim saying anything about deputies any more than that the Sheriff, so far
as he know, was functioning and taking care of the situation.

Later on in the afternoon I got a call from a Mr. Leeter who,
at that time was in Chicago, and I believe he told me that he was calling
from the Great Morthern Hotel. I am not, however, sure of that andhe told
me that there had been some trouble at the mine. I do not know what time
this call was. It was after this 5 o'clock call.

At 4:42 that afternoon, in response to this information that I got from Mr. Lester, I called the Commanding Officers of each of the three companies. That is, the one located at Mt. Vernon and the one at Salem and the one at Cairo, and I advised them to have their telephone lists ready and he ready for a call. The reason I done that was because I felt if this report was true that Colonel Hunter would, sooner or later, find this out and report to me and I would have just that much done so that these troops could be mobilized that much quicker, if the regimental commanders could have their lists already.

I did not receive any reports from Colonel Hunter until about 6:30 then that evening in which he told me that there had been some sort of demonstration out at the mine and that he had been successful in arranging a truce with them and that everything was settled satisfactorily; that there was no cause for apprehension any more. At that time I advised him that I had notified the three company commanders there and no said that there was no reason for any more apprehension because this truce had been arranged. At that time I told him to keep on the job and call me back later on in the evening and report. He did oath me back about 1. of clock that I the and verified the grevitus statement had no had nevery borg was priet and that was

tre last report them that I received from him previous to the actual happening.

Page 20. At 6 o'clock that night he reported to me that there had been some disturbance at the mine. As I recall he said there had been a mob that had done some firing. Then he told me there had been two union men killed. I think one of them was Henderson. He also told me he had arranged this truce and he felt that everything would be all right. I do not recall whether he reported to me the parties he had arranged the truce with or not, except it was between opposing factions. He further said that they put up a white flag and that there was no further cause. He told me a truce had been perfected which was the result of Fagge 21a conference he had with different people. I don't remember whether he

Pagge 21a conference he had with different people. I don't remember whether he reported at any time that the contending factions had met and arranged the truck; I recall he said he had arranged it. By impression was that everything had been settled satisfactorily.

broken into and arms procured. I never had any knowledge that the miners

about the mine had broken into the stores and procured arms or that they were

Page 22arming at that time; neither did I know of any shooting. I have no information

on that at all. He did report to me that the guards were armed and, as I re
call a detail of that, that they were out on a road. As I recall, I had no

information at that time of any trouble near the Williamson County line in re-

gard to some non-union miners who were being brought over from Carbondale.

At 11 o'clock he reported to me that everything was quiet and confirmed

At 11 ofclock at night, June 21st, was the last communication I had and on assiving at the office the next morning. I was advised that there had been some shooting and some casualties down at the mine. At 9:30 I out in a sall for Colonel Bunter and I talked to him at 10:20 and I advised him with therefore to what I had heard and he expressed surprise that he had not heard that and I told him to go out and investigate and report back to me. I received no report and at 11 ofclock I put in a call for him again and I did not get him until 11:35. I believe the record shows all that, and he verified the report that I had given him that morning that there had been this massagre down there and that there had been a number of people killed and a number wounded.

Page 23. I am slightly acquainted with the geography of Williamson County. I never was in Marion; do not know the distance from Marion to the place where this massacre occurred. My route was from Carbondale to Herrin and out to the

mine and then over to Johns ton City. Salem is in the adjoining county;

Mi. Vernon is on the C & E.I. north and the south is Chiro, which is on the Illinois Central. Do not know how far Cairo is from Herrin; Mt. Vernon is approximately 30 miles.

In the event of troops Colonel Hunter would first have communicated with me and upon my order with authority of the Governor, those troops would have been sent out. His (Hunter's) duty would be to advise me of the necessity of troops and if they were required to tell me that they were required. Had he made a request for troops at that time I would have sent them down there, by the first train without any further investigation. During the two or three days preceding the trouble, I received no reports from anybody in Herrin or Williamson County.

At 6 o'clock on the might of the 21st I had just gotten through my conversation with Colonel Hunter, &t about 6:30 and Colonel Shand called me up. He said he had gotten a report from the Herald Meaniner or, rather, a telephone call from some one of the reporters stating that he understood there was some trouble at Herrin and wanted to know if any troops had been sent out. Colonel Shand said he had no knowledge of any being sent out, and he called me up just as I hung up the receiver from the conversation with Colonel Hunter and told me about these and Colonel Hunter said everything was quite there.

Carbondale accompanied Colemel Hunter over there on Sunday, but I believe that he returned on Monday. He won't over at the personal request of Colonel Munter and signed Colonel Hunter's report. Hunter's written report was received in the office July 5tm, which was also the first report I had from Major Davis regarding what had happened. I have talked with Major Davis on other propositions, because you see in the 23d we mobilized the 130 th infantry and I do not recall that I ever talked to Major Davis about that report there. I had conversations of a military nature regarding the anticipated movement of troops there. The only other man in my department who reported on this matter to see was Colonel Shand, which was with reference to

tc Au.

- If you had received a report that there had been persons killed there, that is, on the 22d, I believe that was, what would you then do with ref rence to avoiding any further trouble.
- A. I might say that on the night previous to the trouble, when I heard about this truce being arranged, it looked to me like a proposition not so much for the military as it was for someone who new conditions, and I got permission and sent Mr. Mill down there.

Mr. Medill is Superintendent of Mines and Minerals and is my equal and not interior officer. He left at about 2 O'clook on that traction here for St. Louis, as I recall, on the day that it happened. I do not know them he got to Herrin. He went directly there and I advised Colonel Hunter to get in touch with him and get is opinion of conditions there, and they both agreed there would be no reason for sending troops in.

Page 17

Ifter Colonel Hinter had verified this report I told him to get in touch with Mr. Medill and mivise that action should be taken in conding troops in there— we we had these troops ready and they were both of the epinion that troops should not be sent in at that time. Subsequent to that, on the strength of sending troops in there and a Military Committee heads by General Forenan, and composed of Colonel Sunners, Colonel Allen, Colonel Michael, Major Balan. I appointed that Consistee and their purpose was to go down there and investigate the conditions. We were helding the 167th Industry at Chicago and the 150th Industry and made their purpose was to go down there and investigate the conditions. We were helding the 151st Industry. They left on the night of the 25ml and reached there on the somning of the Mth, if I am not mistaken and made their investigation on the formesse of Saturday, June 24th. The report was made a large of the Marks by Seneral Forenan. Idid not receive a written to the series.

Page 28 I have in writing what purports to be a transcript of the conversation with General Foreness.

There was never, at any time a request for troops sent to me,

Swall . by Mr. Lags.

onne to the office on the morning of the massacre, June 25th. I received by information from either Colonel Shand or Colonel Taylor. I do not know where Colonel Means or Colonel Taylor received their information and there is no official record in my office to show where that report came from the substance of the workel report was that there had been some people killed at Herrin. After receiving this information I salled up Colonel Hunter over the telephone and he said he did not know it, that there had been anyone killed. I talked with him at 10,80 the first time. Here is the report I received from Colonel Hunter on June 5th. I had a conversation with him at 10,20 and 11,30. In this report he said he went to the nime at 3,30 in the morning. The massacre occurred between five and six. The massacre occurred between five and six. The massacre

age 30 As I understand it, when you talked with Colonel Bunter at 10,20 he told you he had been to the mine at 8,50 and he had gone back to Marion and at that time he did not where had been only massacore at that time.

A. You ilr.

The report does not show that. It invitates that he talked to me of 2. 25-22 does not raise to any communities at 10-20.

- d. He mid that at 11 all he told you about awarything that had any pound at the mine.
- L. The six.
- Q. In does not may that he had no knowledge. He said Le went out there and tried to protect the property: is that in its
- L. Bu alt.
- G. At 11sis he may that he talked with you ever long distance between giving you that information he had of the matter.
- Le De sire

The information he gave we at light in the information that precedes that part of the statement whose he may be talked with me at 11215.

- Q. Bid you know the continuity of the report?
- As See.

Page 51

mall, that is where I darmot account for it.

- there we emcountered a larger crowd, between 1200 and 1500 mer. We were informed that at about 5.50 or 5.60 the white flag at the mine were never advised that at about 5.50 or 5.60 the white flag at the mine wat them down. Insulintally, however, it was put up again. At this point we were advised that the mob was excited to immediate action by the arrival of recruits from surrounding towns and it was also decided to ask the mos-union workness to surrounder and lay down their tools and same. The Union workness to surrounder and lay down their tools and same. The Union would be carried out."
 - 4. I think that would fit in such better after this: "On making inquiry of the prople we learned that the massmore had coourred."

Page 52

Page 35

I am sure no troops were asked for and I was not requested to sent troops down. I did not tell Hunter that I would not send troops unless the local anthorities requested them. He makes that state-ann. In this report.

thought troops ought to be sent there. He [Laster] called me between three and 4:10 on the aftermose of the Elst, the day before the massacre. At that time I had three competies mobalised and all were within easy access of this place. Lester told me there had been treathe at the mind, but that me sen had been killed.

Lester is hard to understand over the talephone and was excited. I know two union men had been killed the day before, but Lester that talk about that. I made no untution as to what Lester that talk about. I think Lester called Hunter the same day. I think that was the day then Henderson and that other fallow were killed. I do not recall whether Lester or Hunter informal me two union men had been killed. Renter did not report to me that the name and attacked.

Page 54

On Hedmanday, June 21st at about 1:25 P.M. Shunter called me over long distance but did not at that time tell me of the attack on the track. That part of his sport is incorrect. I did samplein to Sunter verbally, that this relate was not right. I have no authority to change his report.

- Q. He enid, "And talked with you at 1.57 P.H. advising you of the reported attack on this truck carrying a number of non-union sem of the Southern Illinois Goal Company, also advised you of the organisation of the Citizens."
- In That is what he salvise me about.

Pager 35

He mid not in the meantime may be had received information that the Herrin Supply House had been visited by the miners and a few guns and between 2000 and 3000 rounds of amenition taken. Heither did be give easy information as to the miners visiting Turner's Hardware Store at enich 1500 pounds of amenition was taken, nor precey's Hardware Store where approximately 100 rounds of amenition was taken.

I have never filed any charges against this man Sunter. I have reported him to the downwar and asked his discharge for making this

imporred report. Hunter still holds the sens position.

The impulsed if he had given Shariff Theaten this information and he told you that he had not as the Shariff was out of the city but would communicate it to the deputies and ask him to make an investigation and if necessary go to Herrim and ascertain the facts in the case and use his best efforts to suppress any disturbance and to dispurse any large crowds of miners and prevent the formation of a mob.

Bid he tall you the heriff was out of the city?

- A. He he did not.
- informing so that a around of miners had marched on his minj and in his opinion approximately 500 shots had been exchanged. He Medowell them stated he had been trying to communicate with Shariff Thanton for the purpose of making a request for protection, furthest advising me that he was unable to get in touch with the Shariff and requested so to do see I immediately got in touch with the Shariff's office and was advised that the Shariff had not returned. I them instructed Deputy 8. Storms to call on all available deputy shariffs and present to the mind to dispurse the mob which had formed there and to maintain order until the shariff returned, suggesting to him that it would be well for the shariff to request the Covernor for twoops immediately."
- That is in the report. "I them communicated this information to you advising you of the situation and that the shariff could not be located and informed you of Mr. MaDorable's request for troops." On that date Colonel Shand, Colonel Tripp, Colonel Taylor and agnels were all in my office working on an encomment order. They were present at that time when this telephone call case in. I took the telephone call because it was on my own telephone and there was no report made of that at all. I man would have been inhuman if he could have turned around and started in on his work again after he know there was a request for troops. There were those three gentlement sitting there in

the afternoon and . Which if you state only them they will with you the

1460 00

Dugar St.

one side of the telephone conversation.

Page 51

They will tell you that they beard me and if he (Bunter) thought the Chariff could handle the situation. It that time I asked him (Hunter) if in his coinigm he thought the Sheriff could hardle the situation. I also tald him to know after the shoriff and know on the job or words to the affect. That was at 5:00 on the afternoon of Jum Mat. He [Hunter] expressed to me at that time he believed the sheriff equid handle the situation. I do not runmher exactly that theseater called but immediately after I put in a call for these twoms, to have the telephone lists ready waiting for the call, if this report was verified by Colonel Bunters" I told the troops to get ready for a call if Lester called because I did not have any information from Everton. That he [Bunt er] told so satisfied so that everything was alright. I do not recall Lester telling me that two Union men had been shot. We [Laster] is very excitable, but I did get, by questioning him, what as had on his mind. I did not in the presence of these witnesses mentioned my to Hunder that I could not send troops out unless the civil authorities requested them.

Page 39

The lass with regard to truops being called out is that whenever there is a mod threatened on file the Governor can sall out the troops. Hathing that Sunter told me over the telephone in any way intimated to me that there was a mob there or any violence threatened or riot about to be held. So far as I understood everything was going along bermoniously there and that the sheriff could handle the situation. I had no information regarding the truck load of non-twion men being attacked, so were of amountain being taken were of any violences. You can call this report a complete tissue of lies. It is not a correct reports

Page 40

I have in my office on record this report filed by mobert a. Davis.

Davis was with Sunter on Monday and did not return until the night preceding the massacre. Davis was in Marium at the time the massacre occurred Thursday. The first time I learned that bester called Sunter at Marium and requested one to send tryops to the sind was sheet a read this return.

I do not know that Leater was advised, to call on the Governor and gent in touch with him to send troops. I am positive Hunter told me troops occuld not be called out unless civil anthomities requested it. I have no communication in my effice as a matter of record to indicate where this report is innermed. I never received telegrams from Leater, nor any company concerning this situation, neither was any paper or telegram turned giver thethe Governor before it happened. I know I talked with the Governor right after I talked with Colonel Hunter in the afternoon before it happened and again after I shad the conversation with Colonel Hunter at 12:50; also after my conversation with Colonel Bunter at 6:50 or 7:00.

Page 42

Page 42 Q. And was anything said as to whether troops should be sent?

A. We had talked about it but conditions did not warrant it, the only report we had was from Lester and that was not verified by Col. Hunter a report at 6,30. It was verified there had been trouble and all trouble was ever.

At 6.50 Hunter told me all trouble was over and a trune had been arranged. It says there: "At 6.17 P.K. I put in a call for you and talked with you at 6.45 P.K. advising you of the truce. Also advising that the firing had practically ceased as MoDowell had advised me that there was hardly any firing except an occasional shot which he thought was fired in the air. You expressed satisfaction that the truce had been arranged and inquired if Major Davis was with me. I informed you that he was in Carbondale but would return to Marion on the 9 o'clock train that evening, Wednesday." That information did not suggest to me there was any reason for troops down there. It means there was no cause for apprehension. He was successful in preventing any further trouble. It does not necessarily mean there had been a battle.

- Page 43 The killing of two of these union mem did not convince me there was a battle. He said two men were killed, but even them he said that a truce had been arranged and that the feeling had quieted. I did not see anything in that to call for any action on my part. That part of the report is correct. Various arts of the report are correct; I cannot pick them all out.
 - 4. Did Hunter ever tell you the Sheriff did not do his duty down: there?

 A. In his first report he told what might be some apprehension on that acore, when he reported at 11 o'clock on Monday.

No, he did not say the Shariff was not doing his duty. He said
he was afraid he might not do his duty if the occasion owne up. I
remember him telling me that and that part of the report is correct;
he advised me of that situation.

Fage 46 Q. Just what sort of a situation do you require before jou which it is necessary to send troops into any place.

You have to have some avidence there is noting to be some in access

these telephone convergations I had with Hunter I was never of the opinion there was such a situation there that would call for the sending of troops into that some, or I would have sent them as evidenced by other places that I sent them, Bonday morning when I came to the office was the first time I heard of any trouble at Herrin, Col. Taylor told me about it. He told me that they had read something in the paper that morning and that Hunter went down to investigate it. They read it in the paper dated Saturday morning the 17th. Col. Taylor did not tell me at that time it locked like there was going to be a lot of trouble down there and I do not recall the conversation wherein he told me that State's Attorney Duty had so told Col. Hunter on Saturday the 17th.

Q. "On Saturday, June 17th, I talked with State's Attorney Delos L. Duty on Marian, Illinois, relative to reported disorders at the above capture of tioned mine and was informed by Mr. Duty that the situation was not at all favorable, and in his opinion there was some likelihood of trouble in that mine." That is part of the report, isn't it?

4. Yes sir.

Them I got back here Homay morning Col. Taylor took it up with me and also told me about the newspaper story. He did not say anything about Hunter having talked with the State's Attorney. I would say in one way Taylor would be over Hunter and Hunter over Taylor as far as his personnel work is concerned. When I leave the office Taylor would be superior so far as personnel work is concerned, but if it come to a disturbance like this it would be Col. Hunter. I never heard the day the State's Attorney advised them down there before I read it in this report. I have no way of knowing whether that part is correct or not.

Q. This is in Hunter's report, isn't it, "Mr. Duty, the State's Attorney, said he would not call for troops under any circumstances"?

Page 46

I do not recall Hunter talking to me about that before he filed his report. I say now that I never told Hunter that troops could not be sent down there unless the civil authorities asked for them. I do not know of any form of junishment or penalty in my department for

2840 x - 67

an officer who makes an untruthful report. I gave the report enough thought to take it up with the Governor, telling him there were some features in the report that were untruthful. I did not tell him which features they were so that the Governor does not know which part is true and which is untrue.

I have talked with Senator Sneed but not about this report; I do not recall any conversation with Sneed during the month of June last year and I do not remember whether he was in the office before it occurred nor do I remember any telephone conversation with him before it coourred.

Ince 42

Page 48

the next morning. It occurred about five or aix o'clock in the morning and that morning when I came to the office I heard it. I got the information from Col. Shand or from Col. Taylor. I don't know whether the information came from Chicago or not. I should judge I came to the office about 6:15 or 6:30. I never objected to this being in the report. The Lester refused to close his mind but it had been closed for him and there was no more danger for any more trouble. Before the massacre occurred no telegrams passed between me and any other persons, neither were any telegrams referred to me from the Governor's office concerning this massagre.

Dramination by Mr. McCarthy.

the dovernor. The Governor at this time was on trial at waskagan.

I do not recall exactly when I talked with him about it. I recall

vividly the conversation that I had with him that evening before it

happened and again that night by telephone, reporting to him that

whater had reported to me.— I told him (the Jovernor) that bester

had called me up and I told the captains to have their dompanies

ready for the call. I reported to the dovernor practically all the

facts as I had them from Col. Bunter, and I think the Governor told

Page 49 me that bester called him that afternoon. The procedure in our office

necessary to remove a man who has been delinquent in his duty is to

issue an order for his disobarge or dismissual. They are not under

Civil Service. I would pass it on to the Governor. I have not made a domplaint to the Governor regarding the report of Col. Hunter; I will say I had a conversation with him regarding this.

Q. I mean with reference to removal of an officer making a report that was incorrect.

A. The thing is that this would solve itself on the first of July.

I have taken care of it in the budget.

Further Examination by Mr. Rice.

I did not say I made a complaint to the Governor about Hunter's report. I made a statement to him that there were comefeatures in the report that were not satisfactory to me. That statement was made to the Sovernor along in Cotober or November at the time this came up. The Governor lost his wife and he was not here for thirty days and then the camps came up in August and the strike was on and I did not have an opportunity to talk with him up until quite late in the fall.

Page 50

reported that he had not been able to get in touch with the Sheriff.

There was a time in the morning that he was not able to get hold of the Sheriff when he went out. The night before the deputies were on the job out at the mine to see that the trouble was not started. In one of my conversations with Hunter he said he had a report that there had been some trouble at the mine, which was in the 3 o'clock conversation. That was previous to the time I heard from Leater. At one o'clock in the afternoon and again at three he (Hunter) thought the Sheriff could handle the matter. I don't know whether up to that time he had seen the Sheriff at all. This stitement wherein he said he thought the Sheriff could handle the matter would indicate he had an opportunity to see the Sheriff or his deputies. I never thought it advisable to keep him in as long as he was there until this mad blown

Page 51

There was one telephone conversation he has not listed at all, the one at 11 of clock at night on the night preceding this occurrence.

Q. How then it is true, General, that from what you had learned from Col. Hunter and from Mr. Lester, you did deem it advisable to take steps to have troops in resdiness.

A. Not from what I had learned from Gol. Hunter but from hr. Leater.
Gol. Hunter said he heard there was trouble and naturally I assumed —
and I was right in assuming, that he was going to investigate that
and then I got this word from hr. Leater a little later on advising
there had been some shooting there.

After receiving this information I had telephone calls put in to the three company commanders. I communicated this information to Col. Hinter in the next conversation at 6,30. I told him I had bage 52 these troops in readiness. The hour at which I made arrangement to have these three companies in readiness was at 4,32 on the 21st, Wednesday, following my conversation with Leater and was previous to the time I talked with the Governor. I did not talk with the Governor until after I had heard from Col. Runter at this so-called 6,30 call.

Examination by Mr. Pierce.

Col. Hunter is the only one that went down there. I was absent from the office on the at camp Logan and this report came in and he (Bunter) went on his own volition.

Q. You have been asked as to whether or not you know the law with reference to the duty of somebody in case of riot or prospective riot to send or prepare to send or mobilize troops to go to the scene of such riot. Do you know of any law that requires you in the first instance to take any such action?

A. No.

Page 53

I would expect to hear from the dovernor before I would start to send troops or instrumentalities into action. I can also hear from the Sheriff. I knew that Section 5, Chapter 38 of the Criminal Code, lage 162 of Cahill's Revised Statute was in force at that time. The other sections of the statute that could start the military force in action is the section with reference to the duties of the Governor, that is,

there, and he should report that this is threatened, we could go in without the aid of the sheriff, we could go in without the consent of the sheriff or normer or the like. It is my impression it is Page 54 our duty to go in.

> d. Then if it is your duty to go in you would not have to consult the Governor, would you?

> A. I believe I understand you. When I speak of myself I speak of acting as the Governor.

As soon as I learned that there was possible disturbances or likely to be disturbances down there which might or might not have developed into a riot I dummunicated with the Governor. The information I got first was a report coming from somebody that " - had seen something in the assepapers concerning some disturbance at Herrin and I communicated that fact to the Governor. After the first report, which was apprehensive to a certain extent, by following that it kept diminishing in seriousness, and not until immediately preceding this, say between three and six, did we know that anything of a serious mature was brewing. Col. Hunter went to Herrin on Saturday. That was before I saw the Governor. He (Hunter) had seen this in the paper and he went down there to investigate. I did not see the Governor until he came bank from Wankegan until his trial was over. On Monday I communicated with the Governor's office informing him what I had learned from the newspapers. A letter was sent, but I have no record of it. Q. Did you get your reply from the Governor in the way of a letter? A. No sir. This was, as I recall it, simply a statement of what he had gotten from Col. Hunter over the phone when he re orted at Page 56 Il o'clock on Morriag. I did not at that time tell the Gowernor that I had any report about what was or out at to be done. Q. Do you think it would have been advisable or prudent on your part to have indicated to the Governor when you heard there was passible trouble and to have asked the Governor if he did not think

it advisable to mobilize the troops?

Page 55

Looking after it had occurred I would say Yes; but looking at the angle from that time I would have said No.

of the people down there, for you as a continuary matter to have suggested to the Governor then when you first learned the thing, that possibly the troops should have been called, perhaps either sent or gotten ready to send to prevent a repetition of some of the things that had concurred preceding the trouble.

And at that time it did not occur to me.

I felt at that time that I had some responsibility in the matter but as long as my representative down there felt that the civil authorities were able to handle the proposition I thought it was all right. As the head of these guards I communicated with Capt. Leslie B. Brown who lives at Mt. Varnon and who had a company there of between 60 or 65. I do not know how far that company was from this prospective riot, but it was one of the three nearest. The next company was at Salem, about the same size company and the other company was at Cairo. I tried to communicate with Capt. MoMacken, but he was not available so I communicated with Capt. Kolls, who lives at Salem. I told these commanders to get their address lists ready so that they could get after their men and have their supply Sergeants get things ready. Full equipment was available in these various barracks with rifles and rounds of smunition for the entire companies. This communication was carried on by telephone. These officers in response to my request accepted the order and hopped to it and expressed a willingness to go. I received no Objections. At that time I did not get any communication from the Sheriff of Williamson county. Col. Hunder did not indicate. so far as his report is concerned that he had received any notification or request from the Sheriff to send troops in there.

Dage 59

as I recall I had telephone communications with the Governor such evening between Saturday the 17th and Wednesday the 21st of June, 1922. I just remember general talk which was that the situation did not warrant the saidt of troops. I told the Sovernor that and he said in accordance with my suggestion to nime on monday I received

two telephonic communications from Col. Hunter, one on Tuesday and three on Wednesday from which I gothered that the Situation was not terms; that the local authorities seemed to be able to heldlit in control and that there was no apparent danger of an outbreak that might result in abooting, which information I communicated to the Governor. The Governor did not say that the local authorities down there were friendly to him and that he did not want to interfere with them. Heither have I seen any communication to that effect or hinting along those lines. The Governor did not advise me that he had received any information comperning the situation there from anybody else from the 17th of June until the 21st. I did not advise Col. Runter to communicate anything to the Governor with reference to any conversation or information he might obtain while in Herrin. Col. Hunter was expected to communicate such information as he might obtain to me. During that time I had no communication with the Sheriff at all. I did receive a communication from Lester on Wednesday between 5 and 4:20 at which time he appeared excited. He (Lester) indicated to me that possibly something might be doing there, but he was not on the ground; he was in Chicago. I received no information concerning conditions in Williamson county except from Col. Hunter.

Further Examination by Mr. Rice.

Page 61

Page 60

In one of his communications Mr. Hunter informed me of a citizens!

1. I would indicate that at the time I talked with him at 10,20 he did not say to me that he knew it and I directed him to go on and investigate and find out if the reports I heard were true, and he came back at 11,30 and talked with me and verified the report.

Col. Hunter was at Earion when he talked to me; in fact that was the only place I believe he talked from.

examination by Mr. Igoe.

Col. Minter says in his report that he conferred with the Secretary of the joy ernor before he first want to warion.

two telephonic communications from Col. Bunter, one on fuesday and three on Wednesday from Which I gathered that the situation was not terms; that the local authorities seemed to be able to heldlit in control and that there was no apparent danger of an outbreak that might result in shooting, which information I communicated to the Sovernor. The Governor did not say that the local anthorities down there were friendly to him and that he did not want to interfere with them. Heither have I seen any communication to that effect or hinting along those lines. The Governor did not advise me that he had received any information concerning the situation there from anybody else from the 17th of June until the 21st. I did not advise Col. Hunter to communicate anything to the Governor with reference to any conversation or information he might obtain while in Herrin. Col. Hunter was expected to communicate such information as he might obtain to me. During that time I had no communication with the Sheriff at all. I did receive a communication from Leater on Wednesday between 3 and 4:20 at which time he appeared excited. He (Lester) indicated to me that possibly assething might be doing there, but he was not on the ground; he was in Chicago. I received no information comerning conditions in Williamson county except from Col. Runter.

Further Examination by Mr. Rice.

Page 51

Page 60

In one of his communications in hunter informed me of aidliness' committee which organized to cooperate with the Sheriff. I do not know just what their duties were but he thought it would produce the desired results. That was on Wednesday in the one o'clock report that I heard of it. As long as the reports from down there showed that the citizens and the Sheriff were acoperating it did not indicate to me there was a necessity for outside interference. I took it that the interest that the citizens were taking indicated that the situation was getting quiet instead of rictous.

Page 62

Q. Did you also gather from the statement that there had been no deputies appointed by the Sheriff as indicating that he was not performing his duty or that it was not necessary?

4. That there was no need for doing that.

I took both tof those facts, non-appointment of deputies and antive interest of citizens as indicating a nore peaceable attitude rather than more dangerous. I understood Section 7, regarding this question, to be the law, and it is that section I refer to as the Military Code that it would be my duty to send troops when the local anthorities asked for them.

- Q. Did you not consider General that although it is the duty of the Governor to make this order, was it not understood that you stood in his place to gather this information and really act upon the information as his representative.
- A. No, I did gather the information and give it to him. Everything I do is by command of the Governor.

It would be my duty to gather these facts and then report to the Governor and act only upon his directions.

- Page 65 Q. And these matters that you have testified to and which are shown here by the ewidence in this case did not present to your mind sufficient necessity to present the matter to the Governor?
 - A. Not to present them but to recommend to him that troops were ordered.

Mr. Flagge

General, do I understand from the evidence that you actually knew of the massacfe Thursday morning prior to the time Col. Hunter knew of it?

A. I would indicate that at the time I talked with him at 10,20 he did not say to me that he knew it and I directed him to go on and investigate and find out if the reports I heard were true, and he came back at 11,30 and talked with me and verified the report.

Col. Hunter was at Marion when he talked to me; in fact that was the only place I believe he talked from.

Examination by ir. Igoe.

Col. Hunter says in his report that he conferred with the Secretary of the Governor before he first want to Marion.

- Fage 64 Q. He (Hunter) says that he tried to reach you at the "Salvation Army

 Hotel in Wankegan and was informed that you had left Neukegan at 1,20 p.M.

 Saturday, June 17th for Springfield, Illinois. I then communicated with

 Mr. George D. Sutton and it was decided that I had better proceed to

 Maxion in view of the fact that the State's Attorney seemed to have some

 apprehension concerning the mituation.
 - A. I was not there at that time. It may be that Er. Sutton came into the Adjutant General's Office. About the communication I do not know.

Page 65 Leeter did call me up.

- Q. Let us assume he (Binter) gave you in detail everything that cocurred down there and let us assume those things Runter told you and which you say he did not tell you are correct, do you think you should have ordered out troops?
- A. If I had the information that stores had been broken into and that gums and amount then had been secured and that men had been killed around the mine and non-union men had been attacked on the way to the mine I would have ordered troops, yes indeed.
- Q. And if you had been told that the actual battle had occurred and that a truce had been declared and that men were resting on their arms on both lines of battle, would that have helped you to reach your decision?

 A. It would if a report had not followed along that there was no apprehension that everything was quiet.

The report signed by Col. Hunter and hajor Davis filed in my office July 5th, 1922 was read before this committee of the General Assembly. At that time I said that part of this report was untrue but I do not recall which it was now. I believe I made some remarks that I mentioned this to the Colonel, if it occurred then it would before. I did say also there was comething else that I never told him that requests for troops had to be made by the Sheriff before the Governor could call out the troops. Those were the only two criticiams I made at the time.

Chairman McCarthy.

If those reports contained in in the Hunter's report had been given to
you and the situation pictured to you as it is pictured from that report,

even though Mr. Hunter's judgment was that troops should not be sent, do you think that you would have permitted his judgment to override yours?

A. No sir.

I would have ordered troops then if I had full information of all of the things that are set forth in there.

Whereupon recess was taken until 2 P.M. April 26th, 1923.

Thursday, April 26, 1923. 2 o'clock P.M. Page 68 Hearing Resumed pursuant to adjournment.

Delos L. Duty..

called as a witness before the Committee having been first only sworn was examined by Chairman McCarthy and testified as follows:-

My name is Delos L. Duty. I have resided in Marion about thirteen years. I am at the present time State's Attorney in Williamson County and have been a practicing attorney here since 1914. I have been State's Attorney a little over 2 years.

- Page 68 Q. On or about the 21st day of June, 1922 there was some trouble about Marion and Herrin and I wish you would state to the Committee all conferences that you had or all actions done or performed by you with reference to consulting with officers with reference to avoiding any trouble in this vicinity.
- Rage 69

 A. Well, I might make a mistake. I might not be accurate as to time or anything. I believe it was on about Thursday, the 15th or 16th, along there, when I first learned there was a place out here known as the.

 Bouthern Illinois Coal Company. I had one or two maybe three people come into my office and complain about some disturbances out there by armed guards or men bearing arms. I would be more accurate if I did say that was about the 16th. Un Saturday, which would be about the 17th, I guasa, the Sheriff and two deputy Sheriffs, Mr. Storms, who is now County Clerk, and Mr. John Schaffer, who was deputy sheriff at that time and myself went out to this mine. I had never been out before and did not know where the mine was located. We went out around a way that the Sheriff knew. Got to a place where the old public highway had been amounted accounts of the mine office, turning up on

to the mine property, which I learned at that time and afterwards learned it was the mine property, and there I saw a guard that got up off of the ground there and stopped us. He got on the running board, after some words between the guard and myself and went up to the office and I impaired of the Superintendent as to the highest officer and he told me a Mr. McDowell, who I had not seen and after we stayed there gone time. Mr. Manowell came from the workings, what the miners called the pit, and we had some convergation with him. Le Well, this grand stopped us and he wanted to know where we were going, and I asked him, Who in the Hell wanted to know. And he said he had to know and I told him to get on the running board of the carand he would find out. After I had this conversation with him and we went up to the office. I introduced him to the Sheriff and deputy theriff. We told him we had had some complaints about things out there, and he finally told me that Eo. McDowell was Superintendent and he was highest officer and he would hunt him up, and we had some conversation with him.

Page 70

twenty-five men around there with rifles and pistols. I asked hr. MaDowell who was the Fresident of that mine, if they were incorporated and several different questions in order to determine who they were, and he said a Mr. Lester of Chicago was the President of that concern and I acked him where he was and he said he was in Chicago. I asked him when he expected him down and he said he would be there on the following Sunday night. So we had some convergation with him and I think the Sheriff participated to some extent in the conversation about why the men were armed, about the complaints we had about them at opping farmers and neighbors around there in the vicinity, going to the wells getting water and in one instance about disturbing some old farmer's chicken roost out there and he said in. Lester would be down on the following Sunday night and I asked him if ne would bring br. Lester to my office on the following Munday and he said he could and Mr. Leater would come to my office on Monnay morning. And they were some other people there and I asked hir. Lester about what his intentions were in running the mine, operating the mine under existing conditions,

At the time, I think, there was, as well as I remember, twenty or

told him that while I realised he had a lawful rightto operate his property if he owned it, and had lawful possession of it, that I was born and raised in this county and I knew something more about the situation down here as far as unionism and organized labor was consumed, then he did, and I rather thought it was unsafe to operate his mine, perhaps not at the present, but sooner or later it would be, if he was loading and moving scal as I understood he was, and he said he was, and I told him in view of all the conditions, it would be inadvisable for him if he wanted to go ahead and strip his coal but that I did not think he would be safe in going shead and mining and marketing the coal. Well, he said this, as near as I can renember what he said. At least that it it in substances, that he had been in these enterprises before and he named, I believe three different places, as well as I can remember it, Kansas, Colorado and West Virginia where he had operated mines of like character, stripping propositions and that he knew what rights were and he was going to operate the mine. And I told him some few other things. I do not remember. I told him I thought sooner or later if he insisted in operating that thing, he would lose his property, all his investments and maybe his life if he stayed around on the job and on the property and he said he thought he know his business and he would take his chances and if he could not operate his mine he thought he knew a way he could operate it. That is as I remember the substance of that conversation.

There was also a conversation with Mr. Lester on Monday morning in my office. I think Gol. Hunter was there and Mr. A. B. Molaren.

Gol. Hunter called him up from my office and he came over. I am not positive whether Major Davis was there but I remember a man being with Gol. Hunter. At that time, nothing was said with reference to troops, neither by Mr. Lester or anybody also. I just had two conferences with Mr. Hunter on the evening of Wednesday, June 21st.

It was at the noon hour about 12:15. The Sheriff called me up from the jail or I think he was at the jail and said he had heard of the shooting into a truck down here near the county line and that he would like

Page 71

for me to go down there with him because he did not know just which county it was in, whether in Williamson or Jackson county, and he had not some Jackson county suther ities.

That was on Wednesday, June 21st at about 12,15. And I told the Sheriff that I was busy, which I was, and did not think it was necessary for me to go, but he insisted that I go along with him, but thought he might want my advice and we started down there. There was Er. Than on, his deputy, Er. Schaffer and myself in the car. We went down to the place and found out that the Jackson County authorities had already been over there and took the wounded men in to Carbondale. Some of the men was in a car following this truck or piloting the truck, I do not remember just now, had turned back during the shooting and notified the authorities and they came. We went on to Carbondale, found the men had Lean taken to the heapital and I took the statements of all of these men and all that I could find.

There were three as well as I remember that had wounds that put them in bed. One man afterwards died. There was Sidney B. Morrison who was shot through the spine and his spine was broken and he was in a very serious condition and I thought was dying then. There are two other men. One man was shot in the arm with buck shot I thought and another man was shot with a rifle or pistol I believe just in one arm. The substance of their statements were that they were driving along in a truck and were just fired into, a fusillade of shots came into the truck from ambush. They did not see the people.

Page 73 We left Carbondale before dark and we found out, or the Sheriff found out this truck, when we got there, was gone and the Sheriff found out that the truck had been taken to Carterville, about nine miles west of here. Coming back from Carbondale we left there, I should say, about 6 or 6:30. That is my best judgment. I might miss it thirty mimites. We came back by Carterville and went to the village where this truck was and when we left Carterville it was considerably after dark. I should say somewhere mear 7:30 or 8 o'clock. It might have been a little bit after 8. We drove on to Marion and when we got down to the jail 1 got

out of the car, came along the south side of the square and my office was then located on the south side of the square. I think by the time I got up to the office it would be around 9:15. After I had been there some time there was a bunch of men came up and inquired for Colonel Eunter. if I know where he was. As well as I remember it was Hugh Willis, Judge Hartwell, a carpenter who lives here in Marion by the name of Wilson Bond and the Sheriff, Melvin Tharton, the deputy Sheriff Storme. I am not sure which ones came together except I know that Mr. Willis, Judge Bartwell, Thanton, Storms and Bond were all up there and I believe came together. There was a min, so I have heard was up there by the name of Drobeck from Johnston City. He was a newspaper man, I think. He edited the Williamson County Miner. I do not recall ever seeing him there. I think, perhaps, he was there. I told him I had not seen Colonal Hunter since this conference but that he might be found over at the Greater Marion Association office and somebody, I think it was Mr. Willis, asked me to call over and see if Mr. Runter was there, and I called and I should may that was about 9:30, and Colonel Eunter was there and I talked with him and told him there was some fellows wanted to see him and told him who it was, and he said he had a call in for Adjutant General Black and as soon as he got his call through he would be over. We did not have very many chairs and the fellows were sitting on the window ledge, and I was going on with some work I had on hand and we sat there for perhaps ... Page 74 thirty minutes. I think Mr. Willis then asked me to call again and see if hir. Hunter was there and what was the reason he did not come over and I did and Colonel Hunter told me he had not got his call through but he thought he would get it through right away and as soon as he finished his call he would be there, and I think we waited there about the same length of time, and I called for Colonel Hunter the third time for Mr. Willis and he said he had just finished his call and would be right over and he came over in less than five minutes from that time, and as I remember it. Colonel Hunter was alone. It might be that Major havis was with him. I had never seen Major Davis before. He came up to the office and I remember some parts of his conversation. Not very long after he came up there, I should say that by the time he got there, it must have been after 11 o'clock, when I made this call. That is my judgment. He asked

me if he could use my telephone and I told him Yes he could, and he ant down at the typewriter deak and put in a call for Adjutant General Black and it was not very long until he got him. That is, I am judging from the conversation that he talked to Adjutant General Elack. I know he called him General and wanted to make a report of the situation down here and I remember he told him that everything was quite under control and he wanted to advise that troops would not be meded, and in my judgment, that did not miss Il Schook. It was on the evening of Wednesday, the Elst. I remember Judge Hartwell being there, Shoriff Thanton, John Schaffer, Mr. Storms and Colonel Hunter. This man Brobeck, I do not remember and Major Davis might have been there for all I know.

There was not any discussion among these men concerning the troop at the mine. They were looking for Colonel Hunter. These men had not discussed the situation with me at all.

Page 75

by to the time that Colonel Hunter called waseral Black on the phone he had consulted with me. The first time Colonel Bunter came to my office was the Sunlay before. I had not seem Colonel Bunter during the day on Budnesday and not for several days before but me him Honday norming. I was present when he talked with Mr. Leater, the last conference I had with him. I mover heard of any troops until after the thing was ever and nobody had appreciate me with reference to that subject, Brither Mr. Bunter nor Bejor Datin talked with me after the conference Bonday norming with reference to the situation in my county or what might happen values troops were sent here. I had not seem either our of them from Bunday until Madmanhay might. Buddy had said anything to me about the shariff meaning in deputies. I did not hear of the Bulen where being killed until the morning after it occurred, and did not know of any stores being robbut at the time.

Page 76

I did not know of any gathering or any happening that would lead so to believe there was any danger of any violence at any time, but I did think, as I told Er. leater, if he paraisted in mining and shipping coal that it would lead to that secure or latur, but I had no idea it would happen as soon as it did or anywhere mear that soon. I did not know anything about a meeting of miners on Tuesday evening.

Beamination by Mr. Igos.

I falt if Mr. Lester kept on operating this mine it would lead to trouble. I did not know he was keeping on operating the mine but he told me the last time I saw him he purposed to operate it. He did not request me to swear additional deputies.

Page 77

I think Mr. Seater and the Shariff left my office together. I never head Lester make a demand on the Shariff for protection and the Shariff never told me that he reablised a letter dated June 18, 1982, from Mr. Lester asking for protection. I did not hear before thursday of enyone being shot at the mine and maither did I hear of any discussion at the mine between Monday and Thursday, but I had two or these complaints

1 had shout something the guards were supposed to have done out there. those complaints Sunday afternoom.

Page 78

This they said eccurred between two or 2,50 in the soming but they could give them marrants unless they could identify them and I refused to issue I told them I could not mosked around a little bit and they wanted marrants for these fellows. young green claimed they had been pulled out of a car, batted, hit and The complaints came up in this way: Mr. Holmes, Mr. Brinkley and some not identify any of them or give ne my names. This was on Teneday as I remembers

Lester told ne he was going to maintain When I went out to the mine with the Sheriff I found 25 or 30 armed those armed guards and I told him that it sight lead to trouble and from that time on I made no further inquiry as to whether he was mainteining guarda patrolling the property. them or note

of Colonel Hunter or Enjoy Davis I would not advise him to only troops out, Neither did I even tell the sheriff in the presence I know of no mosting of miners held in Marion on Monday or Tuesday of that week but I heard of a meeting over near Herrin at a place called Sunnyside The sheriff never requested any advise from me as to whether or not troops I was in Herrin on Thursday of that week after the trouble occurred. should be called out.

Wadnesday assuing. I understood a store ten feet from my office was raided, I understood the telegram was published in. Mr. Middlekamff had the first copy I sam, I did not know of Senator Sneed addressing the Miners but I heard date it was. As I remember the substance of the telegram was that these steam shovel men were cetractack from the Unides and should be treated as any other strike breakens. I do not believe I every sam the paper that I first information I had of any stores being broken into and amunition that they got gums from a hardware store on South Main Street and a few I do not remember what I did not reach Marion until 9,50 pistols on North Market Street and some guns from a pawn ship. one on the west side of the square and one on the north sides. about the telegram coming from Lewis to Sneed. know how many guns and amunition was taken. taken out was on Thursday mornings

I understood make from 15 to 29 entered the stores. Then I returned to Marion elithe business offices and stores were closed.

Dago 62

Then the Sheriff and Mr. Willis and Judge Environic case up to my affice the sheriff made no report relative to these rules. The sheriff had three deputies in Marieur Schaffer, Storme, and Richardson. Thanton was the Sheriff. He appoints deputies at all of these mining towns. They are manally men that the coal companies ask and require the sheriff to appoint in order to take come of the mine's property. It is possible that Judge Hartwell case up to my office alone and after these other men same up. It seems Judge Hartwell and Mr. Willis came in together. I know of no reason why the sheriff and his deputies and these man should be in my office at that time of the night.

Page 85

I had been in my office come-half hour or so when the sheriff and his deputies came in and I believe it was Hugh Willis who wanted me to find Galemal Bunter. I called for Colomal Bunter over the telephone and nothing was said by any of these man regarding any trouble. Shen Colomal Bunter arrived I had some work to do of my own and did not hear all that was said. We were all in one room. After awhile Colomal Bunter asked we he could use my telephone and he put in a call for General Black. I remember no conversation in the office except Bunter's telephone call.

On our return from Carboniale the sheriff and myself and deputies stapped at Cartexville a town nine miles due west of Marion and north west of the strip mine. You do not pass the strip mine on the way to Carterville to Marion.

Page 85

While at Certerville I received no word about the trouble at the strip mine and meither did the shariff so far as I know nor his deputies and neither did I subsequently find out that they received word. All I know of this body of men who were ambushed coming from Carbondale is that they were men who had been shipped from Chicago to be taken here by truck to the mine. They said they were going to the lester mine. They said it was between 10,50 and 11,00 when they were attacked and the sheriff and I immediately went out there. We found the viotims in the hospital at

Page 86

I told Hunter about the Carbondale trouble when he was up in my office that night and after he put in the call to General Black. Whether it was discussed before I do not know.

I heard about the truce when Galomal Hunter came up to my office and talked to Adjutant General Black. He (Hunter) soid he had arranged for a truce between the men in the mine and the District Officials in Herrim. Hunter mover said anything to me about the terms. That is the conversation when he told the Adjutant General that everything was estiminatory and that no troops would be medical. I do not remember (District) telling Adjutant General Black that the men were to come out in the morning. I remember quite distinctly he (Hunter) said he did not med any troops. I do not remember all of Runter's conversation.

Page 87

I do not remember Hunter saying that he and the sheriff would go est in the morning. Colonel Hunter never did tell me he had been at the mine because I never had any conversation with him after he dame the first time. Them he was back on Monday and I never had any conversation them except a general commensation with all and Mr. Lester and Mr. Melaren and them Golonel Hunter never case to my office.

Lester mor mobody else applied to me for protection and I do not know whether the sheriff ever soore in any additional deputies.

I cannot tell the exact dates when the armed grands were put on duty there but the evidence disclosed that the first guards arrived on the 15th of June. The armed guards had Marlin rifles and pistols, 30 or 45 calibon. I also saw some automatics and some Colt pistols or revolvens. I had never seem the Attorney General in my life and never had any communication with him except maybe am official opinion in one or two instances but not in regard to this matter, and it is not true that I told these young men, who applied to me for warrants, that he had advised me not to issue them.

Sumination by Er. Pierce.

Page 69

the shooting on the truck carring guards from Carbondale was done in Williamson County, five or six men were wounded in that affair, one fatally, I was in possession of those facts on the evening of June 2let and I was in position of the facts that column Hunter was from the

Mijutant General's office and had come here as an official for the purpose of inquiring into a situation that was considered to be tense.

Figs 50

I know what Colonel Hunter was here for. With that knowledge I was present and heard Colonel Aunter call the adjutant General over the telephone and tell him that everything was quiet and peaceful here in this county and no troops were necessary. Colonel Hunter said he know of the trust shooting when he telled about this truce matters.

I did not correct Colonel Hunter when he teld the Adjutant General that everything was quiet in Williamson County and no troops were measured.

3 did not attempt to communicate with the Adjutant General that the report was false.

6. Bid you know and did you not come from the scene of the marder that days

- L. I had some from this some of shooting.
- Q. Hould you not eall it surder or an attempt of surder!
- La Hoa
- Page 92 I did not know his (Buston) seport was false that he was reporting to the Aijutant Guneral and he mid everything was quiet and there was no necessity for troops.
- I told Lester that hi did not think it was wise for him to operate a coal mine in Williamon County.
- Page 95 Although he had a right to under the last-

The first I heard of the truce was up in my office when Colonel Bunter was talking with General Black.

On my return to the office on the night of the 21st I made as effort to ascertain conditions out at the strip size.

- Page 94 Ebither do I know if the shewiff or any deputies ascertained or attempted to obtain that information. I did not remember that night that the telesphone wires had been out.
- Er. Hoely- Q. Is it true that Mr. Lester asked the sheriff in your presence to allow him to great in these guards of his own as deputies?

L Book

-6-

I believe after I told him [Lester] what was likely to occur he told the sheriff if he did not swear in these guards out there he would get protection elsewhere. I do not remember what the sheriff said but I mid I would not do it.

That was faring the convergation on Honday the 19th.

Reminstion by Mr. Igos.

I have nothing to do with mime companies awaring in guards as deputy shoriffs, although that is done through this county.

I did not beer Lester state he would put his guards under heavy bunds in an amount to be approved by the sheriff.

Those fellows that were down for Lecter were not recidents of this County. Becaring in of guards is a statutory gatter. Balkavich, one of the sea killed was from Permaylvania. These guards were sent down through an employment Chicago agency.

Witness Major W. Davis called as a witness before the Committee having been first duly scorm, also examined by Chairman McCarthy and testified as follows:

By mass is Bobert W. Davis. I reside in Carbondale, Illimois. My position is that of Hewspaper men and has been so employed for about three years at Carbondale. I hold a Hajorship in the Hational Guards and have since June 1982. Co. I. Salem, E. Cairo, L. Et. Vernon and H. Paris, and battalism headquarters at Carbondale are under my jurisdiction.

Cairo is 68 to 76 miles from Herrin. It takes 35 or 46 minutes to come up from Cairo, via. Carboniale to Herrin. It. Vernon is 60 miles distance. They have to go on the L. & E. to Eshley, to the main line, and down on the main line to Carbondale over on this branch line. Sales is 50 miles distance. From Sales you would have to come accross the L. & E. or I.C. and down to Carbondale.

In case of emergency where we would not be able to get railroad or street car service between these towns mentioned trucks sould be used.

frunks could have been provided for in the towns I have just mentioned.

I have known Colonel States about seven or eight years. He is an official of the Mational States. I visited Marion and visited with Colonel

regn

Page 100

Page 161

102 Page

Hunter on or about the 17th or 18th of June, 1922. I received a wire from Columnel Hunter at Springfield, Ellimoit to meet him at moon on Sunday in uniform and to come to Marion with him. I not him on the moun tweeter and we same over to Harion and went directly to see the shoriff and Column! Bunder emplained to the shoriff what he had been sent down for and to get as such information from him as he coul, and asked the sheriff if he would take us out to the mines. The sheriff made some amounts, mid that he had worked hard the day before and it was firming and he wanted to rest. It had a meeting of some sert at \$100 e'clock the next marning . I want hack to Carbondale Sunday aftermore, coming back over Horday norming for a conference they were to have with Mr. Lester, the shoriff and the States Etterney, which was had about 8:00 or 8,56 in the State's Attumen office, at which were present Er. Lester, Sheriff Thanton, States Attorney Duty, Colonel Hunter and myself. The situation was discussed among them and with Mr. Leuter particularly and the States Attorney tirled to induce him not to operate his mine with non-union man and went on to explain to him the seriousness of the situation, and Er. Lester informed him that he interpled to operate the mine and that he would operate it: That if the civil enther ties could not fermish him protestion that he would call for protestion from elembers. That is all I remember. I returned to Carbondale that evening and mum back Bidness day evening on a telephone call from Colomel Hunter arriving here about 8:50. I hinted Colonal Einter up at the Greater Marion Association office and we immediately went over to the States Attorney Office to a conference. There were there the sheriff, Hugh Willis, The States Attorney, Columny Shorter and sysolf and graphes two or these others whose names I . " not remember. They were passent who constitute what was known as . > Citizens Committees All that I heard was a disc ... 'on of the truce that they had arranged timt a white flag was to be put up at the mims and that the union men were to put up a white flad and that was about all. I took no part in the conversation. The terms of the truce were that the non-union

men at the mine were to put up a white flag and that the non-union

men that had then surrendered would wait until day light and were to

be gotten out of the County. I do not remember how the true was to

Page 103

-8-

be carried out. The terms had been fixed earlier in the effermount was not in Marion Toronto or Wednesday until 8 556 in the evening. I did not commutants with any official except Hunter, and I was not with him all of the time. He sent me on warious errons.

On Hominy after his conference with the States Attorney in the States Attorney's Office Colonal Sunter and I want to the telephone office and he called General Black along about 11:00 or light A.E., Colonal Sunter told Black about the confugueous what Mr. Seater was trying to do and that He (Manter) did not have much confidence in the Sheriff or he did not think he was handling the situation like he should eak told him he thought we ought to have troops.

Page 106

There had

The (Ernter) told him (Blank) there was an uncurrent that indiented trumble to him and he thought it would be a good thing to have trueps. This was on Honday. Ernter told him that they had armed grands out around the mine who were holding people up on the highway and that people in the community were opposed to it and that it was execting a restleasures enough the Union was and people of the community. Er. Lester was not present at the conference in the States's Attorney office and maither was Mr. Habitanil.

Page 107

I did not hear when the trace was to go into effect. The trace terms were discussed before I came in. Colonel Hunter was already in conference with I got in town. I left the States Attorney's office about 9:15 or 9:50 and went bank to the Greater Marion Association.

Mr. Mirington and Colonel Emter were there.

Page 108

I stayed in the office until midnight and then want to bed. I do not know whether Hunter called General Black at this time or not for I was out of the office a greater part of the time. I do not know that Hunter communicated with Black on Wednesday the 21st, neither did be communicated that information to me. I was with Volumel Bunter most of the time.

Page 109

I was present in the States Ettorney's office from the time I got there until probably 9:50, about one hour, when I returned to the Greater Marion Association's office. I should say I was with Sunter two-thirds of the time. I saw groups of men talking about town when I

along general lines as to the employment of non-union men and that it anything like they were doing: I heard no threats of violence. som County in this vistrict was too strongly organized for them to do arrived but I had no conversation with them. bring on trouble. The thing I heard mostly of was that William Their conversation was

DIL SPEE

Monday, however, would cause us to believe there would be trouble. to trouble and I would have thought in my own mine that it probably done, and things like that. about the civil authorities, what we thought they might do, had not do not know where Hunter was during that time. I do not think I saw tinnoually Sunday and Monday. But I thought there sould be trouble. would lead to something that it did. THE PARTY be a good thing to got all these armed guards and take their arms away sent down to the alks Home and went out riding with some friends. troops and the conclusion was we thought we ought to have troops. (Hunter) before this conference as we walted town the street we talked I saw nothing suspicious more than usually mobs of this sort lead I discussed with Colonel Hunter the feasability of calling I think I told Colonel Hunter that it would Immediately after noon on Sunday I I was with Colomel Hunter con-Nothing that I saw Sunday or

like that. Office and the States Attorney told him he did not think they would need only asked the States Ittorney what he thought about the troops, to think wielence would break out in this community for I saw me arms, troups and he thought it would be the worst thing to have them-Colonel Hunter mentioned comething about troops in the States Attorney's would not give him protection that he would call for troops himself. cussion with Mr. Lester and he made the remark that if the civil authorities ference, which ended about tem o'clock in the morning where was a disso no mobs gathered and heard nobody make any threats. After this com-I know of no definite fact that I saw here that might have lead me Sum toung

Page 112

Home of the others said anything regarding troops.

- Did he at mytime say to any of the men he throught troops should be called or that troops were necessary.
 - Le I do not remember that.

I am sure he mintioned it to me and I think maybe it was mintioned before Mr. Mirington in the Greater Mailien Association on Monday norming.

Juge 114

Bramination by Hr. Lon-

There are a few mines mear tarbondale, which is 16 miles from Marion.

There I came over Monday morning to the conference in the States Attorney's

Office there were present the States Attorney, Shariff Thanton, Er. Lester,

Golomal Runteer and syself. At that comparence Mr. Lester told the sheriff

that he would have to have protection, that he would ask him to swear

deputies to give him protection or take what steps his office would to

make it safe for him. The sheriff told him he could hamile the situation

be could hamile it alright.

Page 115

I do not know whether any deputies were sworn in or not. It was after that that Colonel Hunter went out and called up General Black. I do not know of an order being issueing out of Springfield to cause three companies of Eilitis to now on short notice. The capthin at Caire is Filture 6. This thewood, Captain Magackin at Salem and Capt. Brown at Mt. Fernon. I think orders were issued from General Black and received before this trouble occurred down there. The States Attorney, Mr. Duty. The said they should not have troops there. It was the worst thing they could do. At this conference the sheriff also objected to guards. I do not know of anything being mid about a written demand upon the sheriff to send protection out there.

I returned from Carbondale on Wednesday at the request of Velomel
Hunter. Nothing was reported to se as to what occurred here on Wednesday.
Colonel Hunter called me about 5,50 and told me he thought that they were
going to have truthle here or comething like that and that Enhad better
come over. I arrived here at 8,50. I do not resember seeing Sheriff
That on Wednesday night but I ame the States Attorney in his office.

Page 117

The conference was practically over when I got there. I think they had made arrangements to meet the shariff at six the next morning. The shariff and some more of the men desired to go out there about six o'clock. That was decided in the States Attorney's driftee. I got up the next monre-

ing about 5,50 or 6,60 and in a short time saw Colonel Hunter in the Greater Marion Association office, we which time we tried to find the shortes.

Page 118

Both of us came over to the office in this building but could not find him. We did not go to the States Attorney's Office that morning. We weited in the startiff's office until about 8,000 o'clock that morning. Then he (Thurton) errived, at which time Salomet Munice, Shariff Thurton, Deputy Storms and myself went out to the mine, arriving, there about 8,50. Arriving there we saw the office, all house, and things all burning and people crowded all over the grannic. The people there advised us that the man had gone out of the mine and had gone towards Herrim.

Page 113

After we were tablished we started back to town with the sheriff, but on our way back he set someone and turned around and decided he would to on to Herrin. We got into another ear and came back to Marion. At the wine we heard reports that some of the non-finder sen had been killed.

Outside of the deputies with the sheriff I do not know of any others around here. I heard of a message that the sheriff restricts from Governor Small asking him to swear in extra deputies. I think Colonal Hunter received a message at the same time asking him to get the himriff to wire the governor the number of deputies he had and Colonal Hunter set the sheriff to see if he got that message and his answer.

The sheriff setd he had received the message. This was after the trouble had occurred at the mine. I do not know whether the sheriff swore in additional deputies or note

Page 120

I would have ordered troops in here after what I heard on the streets when I arrived maker. I would have entered troops on account of the attitude the people were taking towards it, by that I make the feeling in the community, what people may they could do and could not do. I did not know any of the people who were talking. I was on riot duty in liket St. Lewis and other places and I had spond superionse you do not have to hear people threaten; you know what is going to happen just from the feeling around. I would do it so I would be eafe if nothing else.

Page 121

3500 36

mere will organized and that they sould not work mon-union one here I think would be enough.

I did hear Mr. Lester request protestion and I did hear of Mr. Lester's being advised by the civil authorities in this founty that he better dent his mine and I also heard Mr. Lester somment on the armed guards at the mine.

Further examination by Mr. Pierce.

State Attorney Suty met Col. Hunter and myself at his office Monday morning. At that time I had heard nothing about armed guards being out here at the mine. Hr. Lester was in conference with us, he told us at that time that there was danger at the mine and that was the time that he (Lester) said that unless he could get pretection from the civil authorities here that he would look for protection elsewhere.

Page 122

I think the reason lester said that was more because the States Atterney advised him that he should not try to operate with non-union men. That was the time that I learned that these men working for Lester were armed. Duty told lester, the Sheriff and syself at that time that he thought that it would not be the part of wisdom to call in troops; that the situation was not of such menacing character as to indicate that it was beyond or above of outside of the power of the local authorities to handle it.

Inter this conference I walked around the streets of Marion listening to hear what I sould hear. I heard opments from different citizens comparing the conditions and from reserves I sould hear a soupled with my experience and observation of forms events that had lead into riots I judged there was a situation here that was critical and that sught to be evereene by employed words I drew the canadiston in made up my mind. Without any expressed words I drew the canadiston that there was liable to be trouble here from the fact that this Spunty was highly expeniend in union labor and that they were seeking to break that down with autuide forces and attempted to operate seek mines here with measurables must be spite of organization with union may. This may be all lides that there might be an outbreak at any time and had I used my judgment in the matter I would have considered it expedient under existing conditions to have called troops right every on Maning.

Then I arrived here Vegmeday evening I learned that some bedy

Page 124

Page 124

had been killed, but not the number. I understood they were non-union non that were being brought from Carbendale over here on the truck that was ambushed on the only over. I think I heard of this before I arrived in Marion. I do not repember of hearing of certain men being killed in the vicinity of the mine when I learned that the truce had been struck. I think I heard of sambody killed the night before the riot. I understood the purpose of the truce was to step trouble. I understood that in accordance with the truce the was were to be given as a passage out of the county but did not hear time mentioned. Onl. Hunter informed me of the truce on the night of the Zlat. He reported that the men at the mine had put up a white flag and the union men had put up a white flag to stop trouble and that it would be ease for them to get out. There was no particular object of my meeting the sheriff at 6 o'clock the next morning and going out to the mine.

Page 125

After I arrived on Vednesday evening 1 think Hunter told me that the men bad fired on the mine or the guards had fired on the men running around the mine.

-5-

On the evening of Thursday the 22nd, the day of the riot, was the first Page 126 I new of the telegram purporting to have been sent in here by the Severeer. I do not know the date, hour or place where the telegree all. 13 Co. 1 come from. I learned the Governor was at Teningen at the time. Gal. August to the Bester told no that he seminimized to denoted Black the result of 384 28. 20 10 10 Este No. what was going on on the evening of the 23ct but I did not bear the the real of the state of the state of the state of

as no talentana at the s. s. I do not remember when he tald so, I was not with Einter all of the the set was shown to the view Police Lift time. I believe Mr. Mirington heard most of Sol. Hunter's conversaa and Chiter the light's the bag had tion with Black metifying him of the existence of tremble here and probability of mint y upol by the transfer of the the striking of a truce.

and this in antig the arts

conversation . Henter told so that he also informed flack about the

I would also the state of the s I did not hear Renter adk for troops on the evening of the filet although he said he winhed he had troops. I do not remember hearing Gol. Munter say to me on the evening of the 21st that he was satisfied now that trouble had been everted, that the troops had been struck in good faith and that it probably would be carried out in the morning.

ing. I do not remember seeing him before that time. I think the sheriff mentioned at that time that he insert the miners had been taken out of there. He teld us that before we went out to the mine. We were going out to the mine to see if the truce had been violated. We did not hear of anybody being killed before we went out. Sel. Hunter did not report to the Adjutant General until he returned from the mine. Arriving at the mine we discovered a meb, acts of violence. imming of cars, destruction of property, everything being destroyed in front of them. The mob was wild end dangerous and, as we were informed, were in possession of the non-union men. We did not follow on to find out wint they were doing with these ma.

I may the sheriff in his office at 8 o'clock the next mann-

Col. Sunter then came back to report to Seneral Black. At the beginning when we heard they were going to Herrin I told the shoriff symplif that we sught to try to head them off, that they night take them out on the road some phase and kill them. The sheriff teld me, no, he would not

-50

Page 127

trace.

Page 120

Page 129

then eff. Shoriff Charten left us and went to Servin with Deputy Steems, I believe. I now the aboriff at Servin that day about one s'look after Sel. Emiter reported conditions to Seneral Mack. Senter teld him that the miss bad how broken up, the new captured and taking not and same were burning and property desiraged. To also reported there were remove that was had been billed them and that he would call him litter after he waylified the supert. Dans was no telephone at the nime, seems increased to waitful the supert. Dans

I do not know whose car it was we went back in to Marion.

Page 151

Petro 158

I do not think the shorist did averything in sould do to asswers thin or what I would have done if the responsibility had hom on me. I think I mysid have apartile yet apople justified under the military code of Illinois and under the love of Illinois in calling for troops if I had had the authority that Col. Empter had or that Semeral Black had or that the Severeer personned at the time when I get out on the expects here and heard the remove I did, with my knowledge of military affairs and rist knowledge. I understood then that you must have known from the shoriff that he was mable to cope with the situation and that the civil authorities were made to yield to military authority and a demand make from the shoriff for those sutherities before they were authorized to some. I think Sol. Munter also understood that to be the rule. I did not know that the Adjutant General had authority and that it was his duty, if he thought the sheriff was not doing his duty, to call the troops into a locality to suppress riots or take care of a riotous situation, maither did I know the Governor had that power.

Page 132

I have entistied myself since that I was mistaken regarding that rule.

Emmination by Mr. McGarthy.

Page 133

1.1

I was not surprised when I heard that Col. Emmter celled the Adjutant Senaral and told him they should send troops to that territory, for the reason that the situation looked like it needed troops. We know the shoriff did not want troops. So one mentioned troops to Mr. Lester. We discussed the question as to what was necessary before

troops could be cent here and we both understood we could not have troops until the sheriff saled for them.

Opl. Bustor's idea of the low use the seam on mins; that broops could not be cont unless requested by logal authorities.

THE PARKET TO SEE SERVICE AND ASSESSED.

Branination by Mr. Blos.

I came down here on Sunday in response to a museum I had received from Gol. Runter. I got no request from any civil authority. Gol. Hunter was a number of the military department of the State. I did not understand that my pursuance here as a military entherity was introding upon the givil authorities here.

at Berlings with the could be a seen of an interest of the seen of

Americation by Mr. Igos.

Cel. Henter filed a report of his actions and doings down here with the Adjutant Seneral which report was substantially correct. I want over the report with him but do not know whether I signed the eriginal copy or not.

Page 156 I think the report was filed fully 5th.

Emmination by Mr. McCarthy.

If I signed this report it was for the purpose of verifying it. I read over the report but did not know of all the matters contained therein.

Manufaction by Mr. Backer.

Page 137 The first time Cel. Sunter and I had a convergation with the Attorney
whe on Manday morning. I could not tell how many convergations Col.
Hunter had with General Black but Aid hear Hunter speak to Black
abortly after Lester requested troops. In the first convergation

wife.

Page 134

BRIDE JAD

dol. Hunter told Adjusant General he thought us ought to have troops.

Page 138 I think Hunter requested two or three companies be called.

present to the late of the

I arrived at the conference in Er. Daty's office Wednesday evening about twenty mirates to nine. Gol. Hunter was there at the time. As well as I remember we left there about 9:15 or 9:50.

and live forty led property with the contraction

they there by assertedy and forgot also it was I protect, and the

make to six a to provide at the confidence. I be into

He the volume party with the way there was not about the way

Gailed as a witness before the Committee having been first duly sworn was examined by Chairman McCarthy - testified as follows:

My name is Melvin Sharton. I reside in Marion and have over four years past. Frier to that I lived in the country west of Marrin in Willaimon County, having lived in the country all my life. My official position at the present time is Country Smasurer, to which office I was elected her Houser. I was elected sheriff of Williamon County in 1918 and was sheriff during June 1922. My term ampired December 1,1922.

-, 82.

I do not know just when I first heard of the trouble at the mine. The killing tesk place the 21st of June. I heard of armed mards being at the mine several days before what; it might have been a week. I gained that knowledge by going out there in ogmpany with Repution Schniffer, Storms and maybe Henderson was with Just before the trouble I also went out a few times with the States Attorney. I went out to look and see that was going on out there. While there I talked with Hollows I and som other fellows whose names I do not remember, neither do I remember the conversatiens. The reason I went out to this mine was that people had come in and reported that the guards asked where they were going and talled protty rough. The States Attorney and I went out to talk to Mallowell about those complaints. I did not estimate they had a right to have armid general. I do not know where the general ware stationed only that I supposed they were on the mine property. I am mot positive whether States Attorney Buty and I went to the mine Saturday. I first not dol. Number on Sunday but as not positive where. I think he told so he came down for the Adjutant General.

who

Page 144

70mm 147

Page 145

a few times he was in uniform and a few times he was not. remember whether he asked me about the diroumstances at the mine or I probably saw him off and on every day he was here. I did not so out to the lester mine with him on Sunday. I remember going to the mine two or three different times but do not remember when. I was present in the States Attorney's office when Mr. Lester, Col. Hunter and Mr. Duty had a comvergation. It might have been Monday. I am unable to state the purpose of thee conference. I was saked to come over there by somebody but forgot who it was. I probably took part in the convergation but do not they what they said about the mine all I remember said was that Lester was operating the mine with nonunion labor. I believe I asked Lester to remove the armed guards but do not remember when. People were making complaints that armed grands were stopping them on the highways. If there was anything said about armed guards at this meeting, I do not remember . I do not remains what Ogl. Hunter said at this conference except that I remember Mr. Hunter asking Mr. Lester if he expected to operate that mine. I think lester asked me to deputise those guards and I told him I did not think I had the power. I deputise guards at mime sometimes but did not expect trouble here and did not suspect trouble due to this district being highly organized. It might have been the general opinion of the community that there would be trouble but I do not know whether that was the reason Gel. Hunter was here from the Adjutant General's office although I might have thought that.

Page 147

Page 148

Page 149

On Wednesday, the Ziet of June, a little after moon I was called between here and Carbondale. Somebody called me and said it was Equevall from the Lester mine. He telephoned and teld me that he had had some men coming in from Carbondale in the truck and they had been fired into and they wanted me to investigate and see what happened. Hyself, Duty, and Schaffer went and we found the mitomobile truck had been fired into and the men wounded. This happened some where between here and Carbondale in this County. We later found out the men were taken to the Carbondale Hospital. Arriving in Carbondale we found three or four hugh, one seriously. They had all been shot. This one fellow looked like no was shot with a shot gum. After this we went back, come back to where the truck was fired pm and from there went to Jarbonsale and came back to marion. I did

Page 150

11.

... T-

not then know who the owner of the truck was. We examined the truck and found it had been shot through the side curtains and there might have been 40 or 50 bullet holes in it. I think Storms was in my Pa 151 office here when I returned and either learned there or over at Buty's office that there had been trouble ever mear the mine and that a comple of men were that. I do not remember who hald me about Page 152 these men being killed, it was talk on the streets. My deputies at the time were Storms, Richardson and Schaffer. I think Storms was in the office when I returned. Sterme may have been the man that told me two man were shot. It seems to me Col. Monter asked me to come over to Daty's office. Then I arrived there there was six to a denou people there. Ogl. Hunter was there, Buty, Mr. Storme, Mr. Page 154 Schoffer, Major Bavis and Judge Hartwell; Bugh Willis came afterwards, I was informed. My reason for going over was to talk ever the situation. They told me a couple of man had been shot out near the mixes. I suppose they wanted me because I was an official. I had 5 or 6 special deputies sworn in in commection with this trouble. They had been swern in for sometime, probably 50 days prior to the trouble. Page 155 They were not on duty during the month of June unless they were called on. I do not think they were called on. The crowd in Mr. Duty's office was just talking about what had happened that evening out at the mine or mear the mine, about those two fellows being shot and that both sides had quieted down. I do not remember who gave that imformation. Engs Willis in substance said that everything had quieted down. & truce had been made, there had been a comple of fellows shot and both sides put up a truce. I suppose he meant both sides had agreed to be peaceable. Och. Hunter said something about he had come from out there and that he had talked to parties from out there. Page 156 We said he had helped arrange a truce. I believe he had talked to For Hughes or Hugh Willis. I understood the truce was a white flag. I suppose it was the union miners and the men in Lester mine who mere doing the fighting, but I did not know it. I knew there was trouble at Lester mine They all had arranged to go out the maxt morning Page 157

and adjust matters according to this truce and I supposed all of us

were to go | I supposed I had suthority, being sheriff, to regulate

10

selected to carry out the terms of this truce or not. I do not know that they asked me to. The next morning we were to go to the mine and what we were to do was to see that nothing went wrong, I suppose, to see matters adjusted and those non-union miners were to surrander and come out of the mine. That was to take place at eight o'clock.

I did not hear any one may at this conference that three hundred shows

Page 158

I did not hear any one say at this conference that three hundred shots had been fired out there and never found out that there were. I genese it is a fact that a great many shots were fired. I believe the killing of union miners was discussed there but I do not remember of them discussing the matter of these steres being breken into and arms taken. I did not hear about that until after that night.

Page 150 I did not hear of the stores being broken into until after the killing on the 22nd.

George Winson was the chief of police on the 21st of June,
1922 and still is. I do not remamber seeing him on the day or evening
of the 21st. On the following morning around 8 c'clock I went to the
mine with Mr. Schaffer, Col. Hunter and Mr. Davis.

I went out to see what was going on. I do not know that I expected any trouble. Gol. Hunter did not discuss with me that there had been killings until I got to where the killing was done. The first I heard of trouble was when I reasoned the mine that morning and found the buildings burning. Some body there told me they took the men out and were shipping them away; somebody said they had taken them to Herrin. I do not know of any arrangement made in Duty's office the night previous that we were to leave for the mine at six o'clook the mext morning; I thought it was eight o'clook. I do not remember who took part in the conversation. The conference in Duty's office ended after midnight but I do not think Bavis was there when we adjourned.

On the 21st of June I lived at 105 South VanSuren Street,
the county juil. By wife has there of the turn-key when I am not there

-9-

I have three children who were living with me at the time. There were no deguties staying with me. After the conference I went home, arriving the react morning there around one o'clock and went to bed. I got up the next morning around four c'clock and come up to the office in this building about Page 165 seven o'clock. There was nobody in the office when I arrived. My sutpmobile was down at the jail on June Zist. I did not bring it to the office with me in the morning but I had it with me on the evening of June Zist. I went to Carbondale that day and left it at my place about hime or nine-thirty and did not take it out again until sight o'clock mext morning. Shortly after arriving at the office at seven

Page 167

I did not ride in an automobile or take a trip Amy place outside of the city limits of the city of Marion between midnight of the 21st and eight e'clock of the 22nd, meither had my automobile been taken out during that time. I used my automobile in going to the aim that morning. Hunter and Schaffer went with me. All of my deputies have automobiles. I do not know whether Mr. Schaffer had his automobile here the night we left Duty's office or not.

g'olock, returned around eight o'clock during which time Mr. Storms

Page 168 My oar is a Ford. On Membay I had a conference with States Attorney
Duty, Mr. Lester and Gol. Hunter but do not remember the question of
troops being discussed. I did not hear any such statement from either
gentlemen. Gol. Hunter and I probably discussed troops more than ome
time but I could not give you any date or time. I do not remember just
what was said axcept he said troops were going to be needed. I told
him I did not know whether we would. I do not think I told him I thought
the situation was such that troops should be unnecessary. I thought we
would be able to handle the situation. I did not see any need for
troops. I had 4 or 5 extra deputies living throughout the county and I
do not know how long it would take them to get in. My opinion at the
time was that I and my deputies could control the situation. I might have
teld Gol. Sunter that. I do not remember whether he agreed with me or not.

Page 170 He did not tell me that I would not be able to bandle the situation withsut the use of troops. I did not advise him not to call out troops. I
might have said something to the effect that in my opinion troops were not
necessary and I would rather they would not be called.

-10-

Purther Examination

By Mr. Igoe

Page 171

wently been concluded in this county. I don't think that there is anything wrong with my memory. The duties of a sheriff are to serve papers, keep the peace, quiet disturbances, arrest fellows, and serve warrants. He is supposed to arrest persons when a orime has been committed. I tried to arrest several fellows in these murder cases which occurred in June, 1922, but I could not make any arrests. I did not arrest anybody before June 22, 1922

I believe I testified in the trials which have re-

Page 172

Page 173

because I did not have any warrants. Further more I did not know who to arrest. I inquired from people about, but failed to find anybody. I don't know as I made a

written report in my office. I arrested a few union men after they were indicated. I heard of two union miners

> being killed on June 21st. I understood they were killed at the mine. I found that out the same evening, but I did not go out until the next morning. I had been told they had been shot and another man killed. I never heard of an old fellow being killed by a machine gum. I heard rumors on the evening of the 21st that a union miner h

named Henderson had been shot about a half mile from the mine. I don't remember where his body was taken to.

When a murder is committed, I am supposed to make arrests, but do not wait twenty-four or forty-eight hours before I do that. I made efforts to find out who shot these men, but could not find out any names. I heard rumore that Henderson was killed near Crenshaw's place. I was never at the spot where he was killed, and do not know whether he was a union miner or not, neither do I anow whether the two men killed on the 21st were union miners.

Page 174

700

I also learned that some men had been shot in an attempt

Page 176

to come from Carbondale in a truck. I had been out to
the mine and knew that armed guards were patrolling the
road around the mine. I don't knew whether these armed
guards shot the men on the Elst or not, but it may sound
reasonable. I don't knew whether I discussed that watter
with the State's Attorney, but the killing of those men
was discussed in his office just casually. It may have

Page 176

been talked of earmostly. I don't know why I went out
to the strip mine. I don't know why I didn't go out to
the mine the night I heard these two men were shot. I
had no idea what was going to happen. If I was needed
out there, it was my duty to go. Although two men were
murdered at the strip mine I left the conference and

Page 177

mo one. I inquired of R. M. Barry who lives near the seems of the shooting that same evening. Mr. Duty went

went home and slept. I made an effort to find out who

shot the men coming from Carbondale, but could locate

with me because I did not know whether it was in Williamson or Jackson County. The State's Attorney did not think it important enough to go with me to the Lester Mine the night these men were murdered. We travelled twenty-two miles going to Carbondale. The strip mine is four or five miles from town. I traveled eighteen or twenty miles to see whether a drime was committed in this county, but did not travel four miles to apprehend the murderer of two men. I was at the strip mine practically every day. I went to the mine alone about seven or seven-thirty on the morning of the 21st. I did not expect anything was going to happen even in a situation where there were armed forces opposing each other. However, at seven o'alook in the morning there were no armed forces on both sides. I had no intimation shat was going to happen the following morning. Someone sall-

Page 178

ed me over the telephone to attend the son ference in

Page 179

puty's office. I went because I was called. I had no particular reason for going, and would not have gone if I had not been called. Two men being murdered might have actuated me in going to Duty's office. I don't know how many surders I had in a year. I never had a situation such as existed at the Lester Mine. At the time I arrived at the conference I think there was present Col. Hunter, Mr. Davis, Duty and Judge Hartwell; I am not positive about

Page 180

Mr. Davis. Duty and Judge Hartwell: I am not positive about Storms. Duty, Schaffer and I had just some back from Carbondale in an auto, but I am not positive whether Schaffer was there. I am positive that I do know we talked of a party there was going out to the strip mine the next morning to adjust matters and get the follows out of there. I am also position something was said about a truce, and that

Page 181

the men were to go out the next morning around eight o'clock.

We did not go out to the mine eight o'clock the following

morning and can give no reason why we did not? I was not

so anxious to question the men in the mine to determine

whether or not any of them were responsible for the murder

of these men although I might have an idea they might have

killed them. I brought no witness before the Grand Jury

to indict for the murder of those two miners, neither did

I appear before the Grand Jury in that particular case,

nor gave evidence about men being ambushed coming from

Carbondale. I did not bring Mr. Barry in. On our way

back from Carbondale we stopped at Carterville. We found

out the truck was there and we looked it over and saw

where it was shot. I learned a man named Thomas and a

Peg. 188

out the truck was there and we looked it over and saw where it was shot. I learned a man named Thomas and a man named Zimmerman drove the truck (Carterville. I talked with these two gentlemen, but did not bring them before the Grand Jary. I made no effort to find out whe was in the auto following the truck. We reached Carterville about seven or eight o'clock on June 21st, but I talked with nobody there about the Lester strip sine.

while at Carterville. Duty said something about this strip mine, but I do not remember just what he said. I was informed that these men who had be in shot at in the truck were headed for the strip mine. I believe Duty was the one who wanted to go to the strip mine that night. Carterville is six or seven miles from the strip mine and Marion about four. I do not remember Schaffer saying anything about going to the mine that might. I did not call my office from Carterville, and did not learn two men had been shot at the mine, although I saw several growds of people in Carterville.

Early on the morning of the Elst I went out to the strip mine alone. I just went out to look around to see if anything unusual was going on. I did not return to the mine at night after hearing of two men being murdered. I don't know of a newspaper man named Earl Miller. It is not true that I told Col. Hunter and Earl Miller that I learned of the murder of these two men on June Elst out at Carterville, and it is not true that I suggested going over there and Duty told me not to go.

With Cal. Hunter, Mr. Davis and Mr. Schaffer and from there on to where the killing took place. McDowell was the last dead man I saw. I think the first man I saw who was killed was Shoemaker who was lying in the woods back of the power house. There were several persons around there, but do not know whether any of them participated in the killing. I stayed there until the bodies were gotten out. I do not rumber how many bodies there were, but two or three of them were still alive. We took them to the hospital at Herrin. Mobody knew where the mob was. I did not see anybody hanging in one of the trees, nor was I over at the graveyard at Herrin, but participated.

Page 185

Page 184

while at the power house I found out somebody had been rilled at the graveyard. I think MaDowell's body was the last body I remember seeing that had been found. The body was in an ambulance when I saw it. I made no arrests and neither did I present any evidence to the State's Attorney, but made inquiry as to who composed the mob. I learned nothing about the makeup of the mob and did not find out who killed the non union or union men. I do not think I furnished names of any witnesses for the trials. Special deputies for the Attorney General subposmed witnesses and looked them up, and until he came in here I did not furnish any names, and did not do a thing about the prosecution of that case. There was not a single arrest made until after the Grand Jury brought in indictments. I knew most of the indicted men.

- Q. So that when an investigator came into this sounty
 you sould not even find out how the crime happened,
 or furnish a sitness, is that the situation?
- A. It probably is, yes, sir.

Page 188 to swear in some of his men. He might have sent me a letter concerning protection, but do not know whether I have it on file or not. I might keep official matters on file. I do not remember whether the letter was dated June 18th or not, nor do I remember keeping a leeter like that. I don't remember that I did about the letter or whether I answered it. I don't think I gave him protection for property, or for men that he requested in his letter. I saw Lester on Monday, the day we sere in Duty's office, and he talked to me about the subject mantioned in that letter. I do not remember Hunter asking me to swear in special deputies; but might have.

Q. Didn't he in the presence of Major Davis tell

you that Sovernor Small wanted you to swear in a sufficient number of special deputies?

A. I do not remember.

I had six or eight special deputies aworn , some Page 190 in June 22nd, but do not know how many.

I might have send a telegram to the Governor, but do not know what its contents were. Mr. Davis might have sent it. I put on twenty or thirty deputies after the trouble at the mine. What I did to restore order and protect property and people was to see whether persons were armed, but saw none. I don't know whether Hunter or Duty saw any arms. I did however, see a few men armed on the 21st.

I do not think I meant all were dead when I said in that telegram. "Everything done possible to preserve Page 191 order. Everything had been burned out there, and the men killed," but I as sheriff of the county had complete controll.

Further Examination

By Judge Pierce

When we reached Carbondale we discovered another man was probably fatally shot and others more or less wounded. on the Elst up until nine o'clock I learned that five men had been shot, in Williamson County, but was unable to learn who shot them, although I made inquiry of several people. I made other efforts that I considered complied with my duty. At the conference in Duty's office Col.

Hunter told me he was down here for the purpose of looking into the situation at the strip mine. I knew from what he said what his mission was, but only know of his official position from what he told me. He told me he represented the Governor of the State of Illinois in that official position an adjutant General of this state also. I knew

riots , or threatened ricts, or conduct that was menacing or threatening among crowds of people assembled together to use my office, my force, my ability, and my duty as sheriff to suppress it. and quiet it, and disburse the moh. I also knew if the crowd got beyond control in an effort to destroy property or kill or main perons that it was my duty to use all of the power within the county to overcome that situation. I was in Duty's office from about nine to twelve o'clock and saw Col Hunter go to the telephone. Hunter was there all the time, as well as Duty. We were discussing the pro and con of everything. At that time I learned two men had been shot at the strip mine which made seven men killed, or wounded in Williamson County that day. I think the shooting out here at Carbondale was discussed in the presence of Col. Hunter at that time. We told him that five men had been shot, one fatally, and that these men got into the county destines to go to the strip mine about four miles from this city to be employed. I did not learn whether or not these men that were shot were armed at the time, although I made inquiry. I learned there were nine or eleven men on the truck. I think Hunter was the one who told me that two men had been shot at the strip mine. I think I heard Col. Hunter make his report to the Adjutant General over the telephone. My present recollection is he reported that everything was quiet and no further trouble expected. I did not know that this report was untrue. The fact that

that it was my duty as sheriff whenever there was any

Page 194

Page 193

five non union men had been shot on a truck coming into

this county, and two near the mine would not cause me to

expect more trouble. I don't remember whether Col. Hunter

told the Adjutant General there were five men shot off of

Page 196

Page 197

He just reported everything was peaceable and quiet. I swore in deputies after the men had been killed to take dare of the situation then. I swore in no deputies when I saw armed men on the 21st. I don't remember whether the Governor asked me to do it or not, although I think he sent me a telegram to that effect. I thought that I had enough deputies. I did not swear in any on the 21st. I met a lot of people at the mine whom I knew by their first names. I think I did my duty even though I did not go out to the mine the night I heard these two men were shot. I felt we could take care of the situation without

Swamination by

Mr. Igoe

Page 198

troops.

After hearing of the truck being fired on I went
to Carbondale and inquired as to where Sheriff Gibson
(Jackson County) was, and later located him. He told
me he had been out to where the shooting had taken place.
and I learned at was in this county. I am not positive
whether he asked me if I had enough help to take care of
the situation. He probably offered me assistance. I do
not know many people in Carbondale. I did not tell any
body at Carbondale "The Sam T. Brush riot was not one,
two, three to what is going to happen in the next few
hours". I do not remember whether at that time I knew
of the Brush Riot at Carterville or not. I might have
thought something serious was going to happen in my county,
but did not believe it would one of the most serious ones
that ever happened in Illinois.

Q. When you were at Carbondale after this thing had happened, these men had been shot in ambush, and all of these things were in your mind, you knew if something would happen it would be one of the most serious that Illinois had ever heard off

the rest can be capable as the constitution and it with a limit

A. Wo, mir, I did not .

The killing of a few men probably was a serious matter.

- Q. What prompted you to make these statements
 to this man that possibly in the next few hours
 one of the most serious things would happen?
- A. I am not positive.

It was probably between one-thirty and two o'clock that we were in Carbondale.

- Q. Now, during all this time ifter this had happened over there, this shooting near Carbondale, did you call the Adjutant General, or any other officer in the State of Illinois, and tell him what the situation was?
- A. I think I talked with the Adjutant General some few times, I do not know.

I do not remember whether I talked with him on the 21st of June or not. If I talked with him, I talked from my office. I might have talked with him before the killing at Herrin, but I have no idea how long before it was. I suppose I talked with him about the situation down here.

avo. 3. 0. Utorms called as a witness before the Committee having been first

duly sworn was examined by Mr. Lgoo, and test field as follower

My name is S. D. Storms. I live at 150h West Main Street. My offical position is that of County Cherk, having been elected last fall. In June 1922 I was Deputy Sheriff under Mr. Thanton.

The first I learned of trouble was about a week previous to the massacre, when they brough down the gun man.

- Both the Sheriff and I knew about this. About three or four days prev-204. ious to June 22nd, I visted the mine, perhaps Friday or Saturday preceeding that. I do not recall seeing Col. Hunter on Sunday June 18th, or the following Monday. I spent most of my time in the Sheriff's office. I was known as the Office Deputy and did the book work. The week previous to that I went out to the mine, I was accompanied by the Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff Schaffer and States At-The reason we went out was because there was rumors of some torney Duty. little disturbance, that is, I mean to say some complaints by people passing there ... I don't remember seeing anybody there I knew except Mr. Mc Dowell, and a fellow 205. who calls himself Delancy the Captain of the Guards. We drove right up to the office, but before doing so we were halted by a guard and asked our business. and we informed him that we wanted to see the Manager. We got out of the car when we got shere, and Captain Delaney, ordered us back into the car. We told him what our business was and we wanted to see Mo Dowell, and he found him for us. We talked to him about reporting the difficulties about people passing. Some people had reported that they had been molested in passing. held up and assaulted, and men patrolling the highways were armed. I do not know how many complaints our office received, but they were faw. arrived there we saw three or four armed guards setting around, and when we
- pistols and some had rifles. I do not think Mr. Mo Dowell stated how

 many armed men there were. The guards were stationed there to keep people
 from coming into the works. I do not know whether there was anything arong
 in that. Being justified in keep people from coming into your property
 depends upon circumstances. It is probable I could imangine a circumstance
 where you possess property and want to keep people out. I first met Mr.
 Lester in my office on or about June 19th, at which time we went to Mr. Duty's
 office. Sheriff Thaxton was there, but not Col. Hunter.
- 207. I do not know whether Lester made a request for protection of property

drove up about twelve gathered.

whole conversation between Lester and too Sheriff. The only think I remember about protecting property and non-was when I (Lester) wanted the Sheriff to swear in a bunch of men as Deputy Sheriffs, but no said no. I would not swear those fellows in.

I naw the letter Lester wrote to Thanton, and as I remember, he stated the seriousness of the situation. As to whether the letter was received after the Sheriff declined to comply with the request of Lester I do not know. The letter should be in the files of our office.

- 206. It was part of my business to open the mail. I suppose I showed the letter to the Sheriff and then filed it. I do not know whether the Sheriff saw this letter or not.
- 209. It may have been/after I read the letter and before I filed it that I laid it on the Sheriff's deek. I usually put letters on a letter file that you hang on the wall.
- 210. I never talked with Hunter about having troops sent down here, and neither did

 he with me. I rather think however I heard it talked possibly by Hunter and
 a bunch of us.

On the morning of the 21st I arrived at the office at eight o'clock in the morning and remained there all day. In the evening I went to the State's Attorney's office where were present the Sheriff, Judge Hartwell, State's Attorney, Mr. Hunter, Mr. Bond. Mr. Davis, I think his name was, a man in uniform, Hugh Willis, Bill Davis and a newspaper man named Drobeck from Johnston City.

- I met the Sheriff and Mr. Sonaffer at about the one thousand block on Main
 Street. I was going east and they were going west and Duty was with them.
 I was interested in what happened at the mines, and we all came back and went up in Mr. Duty's office to talk the matter over and swe what to do.
 I told Mr. Duty and Thanton that I had received a report about three o'slock that some body had been shot at the mines. It was along about dark when I met these people, about seven thirty. Before going to Mr. Duty's office we drove to the jail and left the car there.
- We did not stop at the Court House on the way over. I am not positive whether anybody was in Mr. Duty's office at the time we got there or not. I don't know who gave me the information that shots had been fixed at the mines.

 Someboyd called from the Greater Marion Association Office.

Then I was in the Post Office Cel. Hunter, was there, but I den't think he said anything.

Yr. Faisley was there talking over the telephone and trying to confirm a report for his newspaper that there had been hardware stores oroken into at Herrin.

I heard that report at the Greater Marion rhoms, but not of any atores in this town being broken into.

On my return to the office Mr. Mosely told me, and said there was some men for guns. That was on the 21st.

I expect I reported that matter to the Sheriff when I returned to town. I do
not know whether Mr. Mox's hardware store, adjacent to the State's Attorney's
office, was raided that day. In the evening I learned that two men had been
shot at the mine, but do not know where I received the information. I heard
of it before the Sheriff returned from Carbondale. I heard no rumor that
the electific current and telephone communication at the mine had been out.

While at the Greater Marion Association, Hunter, did not say anything to me about going out of the mine, nor did he request me to take deputies and go to the mine. I did not consider it my duty to go out there at that time.

- As I understand it the duty of a Depat, Sheriff is that of preserving peace.

 I could not go out to the mine because I was in charge of the office, and the other deputies had all gone.

 I under the stand the same law governs conditions in this county as it does in others.

 I heard rumers that a man named Henderson was killed.
- 215. The reason I did not investigate the killing is because the Sheriff and State's

 Attorney were out there. I suppose they had been out there because they
 had gone to Carbondale earlier in the day, and were gone all afternoon.
- I do not know what all was said at the conference in the State's Attorney's office. except that Col. Hunter reported that the trouble was all over, there had been a truce, and there was no further thouble to be expected. Runter said he made arrangements for the truce. I do not know whether the Sheriff was out to the mine in the morning or noty nor any of the county officers. I rather suppose there was smething said about two union miners being shit at the conference, but nothing was said in regard to going out to the mine to sweet what the situation was.
- 217. There is but one talephone in Mr. Duty's office. I do not know whether Hunter, was in the office when we came or not, or whether he arrived later. I heard nobody send for Hunter or telephone for him. I think I remained there until after twelve.

Apparantely he (Hunter) was talking to Adjutant Jeneral Black. I take it Black, was inquiring about conditions down here. Mr. Hunter talked, and he said that the trouble was over, that an agreement had been reached; there would be no further trouble at the mine, and in the morning everything would be cleared up out.

- 218. I canot name any particular person who had any particular conversation, but the subject of going out to the mine was discussed.
- 219. Firther examination by Mr. Rice.

When we arrived at the State's Attorney's Office that night we discussed this trouble among ourselves. I suppose I gave Mr. Duty the information I received during the day.

- 220. That is what I went up there for. Mr. Duty could not have been working for all the lights were turned off a considerable part of the time. The only time the telephone was used was when this call came in for Col. Hunter. I remained at the conference all the time, arriving about eight o'clock and leaving twelve.
- 221. The lights were lit when we first went up, but later we were setting in the dark.

Further examination by Chairman, Mc Carthy.

I went home after I left the State's Attorney's office and reported for work the next morning at seven thirty or eight. There was nobody at the when I arrived. I believe the Sheriff went to the mine from the jail.

Q. When was the first time you saw the Sheriff on the 22nd?

A. I think he came by the jail that morning. Any way it was early that morning before he went to the mine that I saw him.

I think now that I saw the Shariff leaving from the jail. I don't remember seeing him at the office. It was about seven thirty when I saw him. I don't remember whether I spens opened the office that morning nor not because we all had keys, but I sually was the first one there.

23. The sheriff gave me/orders before he left that I know of. I did not hear of the trouble that morning until some time after the Sheriff left.

Friday, April 27, 1923.

Melvin Thanton having been previously duly sworn was recalled for further examination by Mr. Mc Carthy and testified as follows.

I think Mr. Richardson, was in my employ as Deputy Sheriff something

like two years. When I swear in Deputies I instruct them as to their duties to some extent. I saw Mr. Richardson at Herrin on the morning of the 22nd about ten o'clock. I don't remember now what he told me with reference to what had occured. Mr. Richardson and I looked after those bodies around there that were in the morgue and assisted some in the hospital.

- 226. It weems to me that we were at the hospital maybe one hour, although it was probably about twelve o'clock before we got through with our work. In the afternoon I stayed at the morgue to assist and do anything I could to keep the drow away.

 I saw Mr. Richardson there that evening. I think we got some rope and I told him to rope it off and keep drowds away from the bodies.

 Mr. Echaffer also assisted. We were together practically all afternoon.
- 227. Mr. Schaffer and I went to Herrin in an automobile that morning. Previous to going there we had been to where the men had been killed in the words back of the power house where we arrived between eight and nine o'clock and remained fifteen or twenty minutes. While there we got the bodies out and sent them to Herrin. I don't remember whather Schaffer, helped to fix the bodies or not. I don't remember who I had lunch with that day. I left Herrin that day some where ground six o'clock.
- 229. We drove to Marion over the dirt road west and north. Accompanied by Mr.

 Schaffer and one of the dooks that worked out at the Lester Mine camp. It

 was still light when we arrived in Marion at two thirty. I don't know

 whether this cook came out with the men who had surrendered or whether he had

 been shot at or not. That evening we took him down to get on the train which

 was the last I saw of him. He said he was going to Mt. Vernen. We ploked

 him up on the streets in Herrin. Somebody told him who I was and he came

 to me and I took him in the car and brought him to the train.

On arrival at Marion I went to the county fail.

I took two other fellows. Orsigners that had been there in
fail to dudgens and let them get on the train. We had them in
jail to protect them.

They had seen out to the Lester mine but had not committed any orime that I know of. They were put in jail while I was at derrin, but I do not know who brought them in.

I do not think any men were put in jail on the night of the 2lst who had been working at this mine. Dur official record at the jail would not include people that might come for protection. I do not think a record was kept of these two fellows.

232

It is not a fact that I had two men who worked at the Lester mine in fail and that the most formed on the square here and undertook to go over there and take these men out.

WE. 1308.

I might have questioned this book we found on the streets of Herrin, but do not remember, nor have I a record of his name. I think he told me he walked into Herrin.

233

I did not bring him over to the State's Attorney's office so that he might be questioned as to his knowledge of the grime, now fid I take these men that were in jail to Duty's office for examination. The wounded men in the hospital at Herrin made statements to the State's Attorney. As I remember now fill surtin, a resident of Herrin, was made a guard at the jail while those two men were there.

I did not pass the grave yard at Herrin on my way back to Marion and made no investigation of the massacre that day.

It seems to me the telephone conversation bytween Hunter and Black in Duty's office on the night of the
21st cocurred between 10:80 or 11 o'clock, but I am not positive.

Delice Duty having been first duly eworm was recalled as a witness before the Committee, was examined by Chairman McCarthy and testified as follows:

The best of my judgment is, it was about 9 er 9:30 that the electric lights went out in that section of town and my office at that time was fitted with both electric and mas lights. Right immediately above my working deak was a three mantle gas chandelier with a pull chain and right over in the west wall, just coming out of the wall was a onemantle gas jet, upright, with a frosted globe around it. That was nearer the typewriter deak. When the lights went out, I think these gentlemen I previously named were all there and we sat there about three minutes; at could possibly have been five. As I have had the experience of having lights go out and come back in a little while, I did not turn on the gas lights. After the lights had been out for some five minutes. I just pulled the chain, stood up and pulled the chain of lights, this three-mantle gas light, went over the the typewriter deak on the west wall and pulled the chain and turned on the gas lights, and while I have not been in my old office for some little time- in fact, not since I moved from there, I think if the gentlemen of the Committee want to go over there. they can see the same arrangement. The electric light that was on my desk had a green shade.

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. IGOR.

I did not hear any explosions that night. The square was not prowded with people when I left my office.

Teday is the first time I learned about two men being in jail.

Beither have I before heard that the sheriff picked up a cook at Herrin.

239

I questioned the men before they were taken to the hospital in the woods back of the power house and took their statements.

wounded men were still there as were also the bodies of those who were killed. I did not go to the graveyard. I made arrangements with the now present sheriff and superintendent of the power house to call undertakers and get bearses out there to take away the dead and wounded and went to the hosepital and waw the doctor and nurses and made arrangements over the telephone from the power house. I first learned that the wires from the Lester strip mine had been out from the guards of the first trial. I never found out what created the interruptions of my lights on the night of June 21st.

240

The lights in my office were out any way from thirty to forty minutes on the night of the 21st. My lights go out frequently. Lights on this part of the square adjacent to my office were also out that night.

The sheriff never informed me that he cent three men out of town, who formerly worked in the strip mine.

Had I known that they were at the jail, I would have considered it highly important to get their statements.

525

John Schaffer, called as a witness before the Committee, having been first duly eworn, was examined in chief by Mr. McCarthy and testified as follows:

My name to John A. Schaffer. I reside at

Marion, Illinois and have for sixteen or seventeen years last past. I am not doing anything at the present time. During the last eight years I have been Deputy Sheriff, discontinuing that line of work about three weeks ago.

I was Deputy Sheriff in Williamson county during the month of June, 1922, receiving my appointment from Melvin Thaxton, sheriff. John Lehman was his Deputy over me, although in June last year, he might have been only a Special Deputy. The deputies on duty at that time were Mr. Richardson, Mr. Storme and myself, who were the only regular deputies at the office. There were possibly fifteen or twenty special deputies throughout the county, one in every little town. The County Clerk may be able to give you the correct number. I believe there was one at Carterville, one at Cambria, one at Clifton, two at Bush, one at Johnston City, one at Bolton, one at Creal Springs and two at Colp.

385

I know there were more than five or six depaties sworn in and acting at that time.

I first heard of the trouble at Lester mine two or three days before the killing. I believe I had been out to the mine every day for three or four days prior to the trouble.

326

The first time I went out was because reports

came in that they were having trouble with guards holding people

people up on the public highway. While out there I waw any

where from fifteen to twenty guards with raffles and 45 colt

automatics. At one time I went to the mine, accompanied

by the State's Attorney and the sheriff and at another with

Colonel Hunter, on different days.

326

We made several trips to the mine because there had been complaints that the people were being held up on the road and we made an investigation, and the day I went with Colonel Hunter, we went out to see them and have a talk and see if they had any machine guns out there, but we did not find any. Colonel sunter and I talked with MoDowell, the man in charge, about the situation out there, the complaints and all that.

528

Colonel Hunter was represent/Adjutant General Black. At the time he first came there was not any more disturbance there and complaints coming in every day of people being held up out there. I suppose that is why the Adjutant General sent Hunter down, but I never communicated with the Adjutant General in reference to that. Heither do I know whether the shoriff did.

agreed with the State's Attorney and the Sheriff that he would disarm his men. The State's Attorney, the sheriff and I were present when that agreement was made, but I do not think that Colonel Hunter was there.

others came to the State's Attorney's office on Sunday or Monday and in the presence of Colonel Hunter, the way I got it, waid they were going to quit stopping people on the public high-way. Delamey was the captain of the guards.

350

The day before the massacre, McDowell called us
up to go to Carbondale, he said one of his trucks had been
fired into and right after we had our dinners, Mr. Daty, Mr.
Thaxton and I left for Carbondale. We inquired all along whether anybody had heard of the shooting. Arriving at Carbondale
we saw Delaney and found out from his where the shooting took
place. While at Carbondale we also went to the hospital

-6-

where some of the wounded men were who told us what had happened. I am not sure whether I talked with Sheriff libson.

351 Thanton and I were not together all the time. The only man I talked to was Delaney. I did not hear Thaxton mention that something was going to happen as bad as the Sam Brush We returned to Marion about 8 or 9 s'olook 332 and in a short time went to Duty's office. I stayed with Sheriff Thaxton that night. While we were in Duty's office somebody called Col. Hunter on the phone and asked him to come over. Hunter arrived in possibly half an hour. We went to the State's Attorney's office to see about the trouble. 358 out there at the mine. After Hunter came we talked about this trouble and what arrangements could be made to stop it. We wan the truck that had been shot into at Carbondale, but I do not believe we heard that union miners were shot, although we heard there had been some shooting out there. That was talked of in the street.

We had this information in Daty's office, but I could not say that that was the reason Col. Hunter was sent for. They were figuring some way how to stop a situation which I considered ser'ous.

334

355

69

Abrangements were then made to go out to the mine at 8 o'clock. Col. Hunter was going out, Shariff Thaxton and Mr. Duty, but I am not sure of Davis. They were going out to see what could be done in regard to stopping it. My understanding was that they were going to shut the mine down and they were going out the next morning. This I gathered from what Col. Hunter said.

I remained in Duty's office until after midnight. It is my judgment that Col. Eunter, Major Davis and the State's Attorney were there all the time.

Thile I was in the office I heard Col.Hunter talking to General Black. I heard him may that Letter had agreed to shut the mine down and the men were going out next morning.

Possibly he told him about the shooting taking place, but i do not remember. I did not hear him (Hunter) tell the General to send down troops. It seems to me Hunter said he told Gen. Black that they had agreed to come out of the mine, and that he thought by morning everything would be all right.

Hunter did tell me at once time he thought troops would be needed.

After the conference I went to my home at 511 South Madison street. My danghter, who is about 23 years old, and her husband, and my boy reside with me.

338 I have an automobile, but did not use it that day.

I got up about 6 or 7 o'clock the next morning and reported for daty between 7 and 8 a.m. on the 22nd.

We met on the square to go out there so I may not have been in the office at all. I was not outside the city limits after I left the conference in Mr. Duty's office, and before I left for the mine the following morning with Col. Hunter and Mr. Thaxton and neither did I use my automobile during that time.

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. IGOE.

I do not remember when I received information that hardware stores had been broken into, it was either that night or the next morning. It seems to me I heard they were broken into sometime in the afternoon. I could not tell you what was talked over on our way from Carbondale to Marion.

The reason we went to Mr. Duty's office was to talk to Col.

Hunter. When we arrived in Marion we separated and agreed to
meet later on in Duty's office.

I testified for the defense in the last trial.

Beforegoing on the stand Judge Meeley or Judge Stone asked me
in regard to Engh Willis being here that night, in Duty's office
on the 21st.

339

343 There was present, also, Col.Hunter, Mr. Davis, Mr. Tharton, Mr. Storme, Mr. Duty and one or two others.

I did make an effort to find out who killed the Union men.

I have not talked with a living soul about what my testimony was going to be.

A few days before the massacre, Col. Hunter told me that he thought troops would be needed. I made two trips to the mine with Col. Hunter.

PURRER ELMINATION BY MR. PIERCE

my of the nob. I do not believe any of them were indicted. The nardmere store proprietors mere served with subposuss either by maked. The hardware store men subsequently failed to identify me or the other deputy. It is my opinion that the men forming out either that evening or the next morning that these hardthese hardware dealers personally because I had traded with ware stores had been raided and the guns taken. I learned that the mob consisted of 15 or 20 men none of which were them but never talked with them about the raids. I found Chees hardners stores were located in and about the square, near the Court House, one right next to the 1 198 State Attorney's office and one on Main Street. these mobs are still at large. Page 346

PUREHER REALDIAGION BY MR. RICE

from Carterville to Marion we passed within two miles of the Lester Daty's office that evening, Colonel Hunter told us the understandabout some new being abot in a truck near there. On our may back Before the day of the final killing I went to Garbondale west of Merrin for a few minutes to look at the truck. Beturning from Carbondale we stopped at Carterville about four miles south some shooting at the Lester mine. At that time it was night and sith the shoriff and States Attorney. We had learned something While at Carterville we heard rumors that there had been ing me that they were quieting dom and the ainers were oming me decided to come in. Possibly it might have been good policy the sheriff that day until we went home at midmight. While in to go to the mine them. I do not believe I was separated from out and that they would shut down the mine. mine.

any more than I was to assist. We both assisted in the morgue and hospital that day. It was sometime between 4 and 7 or possibly 8 when we returned to Marion in Mr. Thaxon's car.

Page 246

Major Davis, Mr. Thaxon and I left together, and after leaving the mine we took Golomel Hunter and Mr. Davis to the oar line where they got in another man's car, and Mr. Thaxon and I turned and want back to the power house where we picked up the bedies. After the bedies were placed in the morgue and we visited the hospital we walked around on the streets and talked to different people about the trouble there and tried to keep things quiet and not have any more excitement. I know lots of people there but cannot now recall any to mind. We had support on our return to Marian but I do not know the exact time. On our return from Herrin we passed through Energy or Mainbridge. As a rule it takes us 40 minutes to travel over. We did not talk to any people on our way over.

Page 248

Page 847

The only members of the Lester mine I knew were MgDowell, Mr. Delancy and his chanffeur. I was ossually acquainted with Mr. Shumaker and sene of the guards. I saw nobody at Herrin the afternoon of the 23nd who was commented with the Lester mine. As I recall it was the next day that we had two of then there. I understand two mem came to the jail for protection who stayed until the 23rdbut I did not see them.

Page 250

Page 249

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. 1GOR

Page 251

About 9 o'clock P.M. of the Slat while in Duty's office I heard a big explosion. My judgment is the lights were cut at that time, but I could not say whether they were out all the time we were up there or not. My judgment is they were cut on the square, too. My judgment is I heard two explosions but do not know what was blown up. Some one commented that they heard an explosion, but do not remember any outversation about it.

It is my judgment now that the lights were out before the explosion commred. It was about 9 o'clock.

I don't know what Mr. Duty or any of the rest of them was doing or what their conversation was while the lights were out. The lights receive their current from Harrisburg, which city also furnishes power for the Lester mine. I have never learned that the lights in Marion and Herrin were out because the mob had out the power lime over at the Lester mine. It is not unusual for the electric lights to go out. I did not try to talk with the Lester mine that evening. In my judgment Hunter's telephone conversation conversed in the dart.

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. PIERCE

Page 254

Page 253

Explosions are not common, although we have an explosion occasionally at the mine. It was not of such a nature as to shake the buildings. Both explosions were of practically the same degree but I could not tell in what direction they come from. I might have talked about the possibility of their coming from the Lester mine. Whether the explosions occurred before or after Sunter's telephone occurrencestion to Black, I do not know, although it is my judgment the telephone call was not until 11 e'clock or after.

- Q. If they [explosions] were before that and you heard Golomel Hunter tell General Black that everything is quiet here and pessenble and no necessity for troops, did it not occur to you that things might not be so quiet as he was telling the General?
- A. I don't think I heard him tell him that everything was perfectly quiet. I think I remember hearing him say that troops would not be needed, that there had been some kind of an arrangement made and troops would not be needed.

Page 255.

My judgment is that he (Hunter) teld him (Black) that they had made arrangements to come out of the mine next norming. They were going to put up a flag, were coming out and did not think troops would be needed.

PURTHER MAMINATION BY MR. MOCARTHY

- d. Did you ever talk with anybody who was present at the time they undertook to surrender and own out of the mine?
 - A. In the hospital some of them talked about it.

I cannot give you a news of a person who was present at the time the non-union siners surrendered and undertook to come out of the mine.

MR. STOKE: The only witnesses we found werethous who arrived after the surrender, who ploked up some ammittion.

New, as to the lights going out: I am Attorney for the C. I. P. S. Company and I was advised at this time that the trouble was at Carrier Mills and the lights were off from 9 until 10.

Page 257.

HOSEA BORUM

Called as a witness before the committee having been first duly sworn, was examined by Chairman EcCarthy and testified as follows:

My name is Hosea Borum. I am a farmer and dairyman and reside four miles south from Court House. I have lived in Williamson county all my life. On the evening preceding the riots I was in the city of Marion.

I had received a call from Mrs. Bassinger at Marion, who asked me to tell her two some that their cousin Guy Eudgens had been shot at the wine and if they wanted to see him, to come at once. I them brought the boye to town. We arrived about 8 o'clock, parked by the Greater Marion Association, and the mob was no congested we failed to get the car out until 10:50. The lights on the square were out at that time and it was common repute that nobody was in the sheriff's office.

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. IGOR

old carrying gums across the square. I had a man come up and ask me if I had a gum. They had no gums and in order to pacify those fellows I said, "it would be nice to let you have my gum and go around without one myself." Then they said, " lets get Molarem." One went to a ford which was parked near and asked a wossn, I suppose it was his wifs, to give him a gum, and she gave it to him, and he went to the court house and then on down sorous to Molarem's home. The mob forming across the court house equare them went to Molarem's home and part of the mob went to Mast Allan Avenue. There was also a mob of about fifty men in Judge Eartwell's yard, which was right near the Goul boys' home, who are mine owners. I did not go to Molaren's home.

Page 260

son. That evening I was talking with Mr. Marl Jackson and his assistant eachier, Glenn Gulledge. We were standing in front of their bank and one of the city officers, the night sheriff of police, come up to a bunch of fellows and he says, "you got two damn scabs in jail, now is your time." The men went toward the sounty jail and Mr. Jacuson and I walked from West Street to the undertaking parlors, but nothing transpired and they soon left the jail. Quite a number in this mob carried guns. I know their faces but not their names; they belonged right here in Marion.

My farm is situated 12 or 15 miles from Herrin, and about the same distance from the mine. I didn't hear a great deal next morning because at that time I come into town very early with my milk and was back home by 7 c'cleck, and I worked at that time for the lumber company.

Page 261

Q. How, what happened during that day of the 28m47

A. Well, noming in from work that day we met Mr.

Thexm and his first deputy John Shaeffer out in a lane near
my place. They were not speeding. The road is the out-off
to the main road. The men working with me drove with me.

We met them and passed them when we come back.

Page 262

This cut-off is only used by farmers who live around there. I should say this was about 3:30 in the afternoon. I first met Thaxon eight years ago, riding with him in his omn-paign to see some Republicans in my voting precinct. I know the sheriff real well.

Some of the business men tried to get me to say I didn't see him, that I didn't know the sheriff, but I think I do.

Page 264

A. F. RICHARDSON
Called as a witness before the committee
having been first duly sworn, was examined
by Chairman McCarthy and testified as follows:

My name is A. F. Biohardson. I am a night policeman in Herrin, Illinois, where I have lived for the par twenty-four years. Previously to January I was a carpenter for about a month and before that I was deputy sheriff of Williamson County. Melvin Thaxon was the sheriff. My duties was that of field deputy.

I went to work July 14, 1921 until Thaxon's term expired in December.

1922. It was on Monday the 19th of June that I knew enything about any trouble at the Lester mine. I heard that they were working there and that there were armed guards present. It was generally known that the people here did not exactly like the fact thay were attempting to operate a non-union mine in a strong union wining district.

Pag3 265

Armed guards stopped me on the road near the sine on Monday. Two of them stepped me who had a Winobester and a pistol buttomed on each side. This was about 2:30 or 5 o'clook. I heard a blow-out in one of my tires and I stopped to fix it on the business road west of the office and the guards were on the road west of me.

I got out of the car and started to jack up my wheel and fix
it and told me to move up the road, and I had my
coat off and when I raised up they asked me who I was. I had
a star pinned on my shirt and I told them, and one spoke up and
said, "I don't give a damn if you are the president of the United
States; move up the road," However, nothing further was said and
I fixed my car and went on home. I didn't report this incident to
anybody.

Page 267

Page 268

On Tuesday I got a day off to work on the farm, which is located about 12 miles south-west of here. I did not tell any of the men in the office where I was going. There is no telephone on the farm. I was up on the farm all day Wednesday.

It had been removed that a taxi driver had been held up out there and it was generally known they were making people go out the datour instead of over the regular road, but I did not report this to anybody. I did not feel it was my duty to report a matter of that kind, and I didn't report it to the sheriff because I never saw him. I believe the next time I saw him was on Thursday.

Even though I heard general rumors on Sunday and Monday about the dissention of this mine being operated I did not figure there was going to be any trouble.

On Thursday, the day of the killing, I saw sheriff faxton about 9 or 10 o'clock in the morning on Manroe between fifteenth and forteenth in Herrin, and from there went with him to where the bedies were taken to. I don't know where I spent the rest of that day.

Page 270

FURTHER RIGH INATION BY MH. RICE

The Sheriff told so what had happened when I not him at Merrin Thursday morning, and he asked me to go with him as one of his deputy sheriffs. We went to the building where the bodies where, got a rope and streehed it through the building to meep the crowd back. Then I stayed there all day around that building to keep the crowd back. There were about 17 or 18 boys in this tile block building, which had been vacant at forteenth and Monroe.

I was present when the undertakers brought some of the boys in. The sheriff left me in charge there and I do not know what become of him. I also saw deputy Shaeffer there.

FURTHER EXMINATION BY MR. McCARTHY

I went to my home near Herrin about 8 o'clock on the morning of June 22nd, where I remained probably an hour, after unich time I went to the city of Herrin. My home is about a mile due west from the graveyard. There were a lot of people my town when I got there, some of which I know but I did not see any arms. I here were more people there that morning than was quetomary. I do not know the reason this large growd was assembled even though I heard 24 or 25 people were killed that morning. I don't remember who told me about the killing. I never heard a thing about it until I got into town, I got this report before I set the sheriff, whom I met about \$1500 or 10, after which time we went down to where the boys were at. I had been in town thirty minutes before I went to the morgue and some of the boys were being brought in after I arrived.

Q. You do not know of a single act that you did that you can tell this committee that the men who committed these nurders might be brought to justice?

A. (Eq Answer)

They had a grand jury here finding out. I do not know of a single thing that I did that I can tell this committee to bring the people responsible for these surders to justice. After hearing of these surders being committed there was no use calling up the Sheriff because Joe Golden teld us the sheriff was in town. The only thing I remember the sheriff telling us was "we will go down here and keep the people back and them you stay here with them."

Page 274

Page 275

Page 276

\$11

The sheriff was only with me about an hour or two that day, after which he left and I don't remember whether I saw him after that or not.

PURPHER TIM HATION BY MR. IGOR

I am at present one of three night policemen in Herrin.

Previous to that I had been deputy sheriff fifteen or sixteen months.

I could not say what my duties as deputy sheriff were except I done
my duty. I knew how to serve papers and such as that.

Page 280

My duties as night police officer are to support the Comstitution of the United States, but I do not know what the Comstitution of the United States is. I have heard about a Constitution of the State of Illinois and have heard that supporting the City Ordinance in which I live are part of my duties.

When a crime is committed I tried to find out who committed it. I have talked with bunches that constituted the mob and also business men who committed these crimes but do not recall their names. I was not out to the Strip mine on the day of the tilling.

I rode to the city of Herrin on the morning of the 22nd in my antomobile, having left my duties as deputy sheriff about Tuesday, June 20th to go to the farm. The reason I stayed on the farm two nights on this trip was because my wife was there canning berries. She came back to my home near Herrin with me on the morning of the 22nd. I came to the City of Herrin via Stockton Street from the South-west common. The reason I went to the morgue that morning was because I same a drowd of people there and heard them say there were dead bodies there. The fift and Mr. Shaeffer arrived about 20 or 30 minutes later. I did not learn at the time where the bodies were brought from. I testified for the defense in both trials.

Page 351

Page 352

The plan was also agreed upon at that time to go out to the nine the next morning. As I remember now, the sheriff and 1 went to Mr. Duty's office to talk matters over.

warm and and I have been a same or and

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. PRILLIPS

I believed it was reported there were 50 non-union miners at the Lester mine and about 25 or 26 guards. I do not know whether these wen were promised safety after surrandering or not, now how they were to be secorted out. The distance from the Strip mine from Herrin must be about five miles.

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. MCCARTHY

I know of no arrangement being made in Mr. Duty's office on the night of June Sist, whereby the new were to be taken out at day-break. So special time was mentioned. The only time I remember mentioned in connection with that was "The next morning."

Fage 243 The Committee Met pursuant April 27, 1925 to adjournment 9 o'clock A.M.

John A. Schaffer

Having been previously duly sworn recumed the stand for further examination and testified as follows:

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. MCCARTEY

I amm deputy sheriff Richardson in Herrin on the aftermoon or evening of June 22nd. I don't know whether I saw him on
the 21st or not, nor on Tuesday. I had been helping to get the
boys to Herrin from the power house woods and I should judge I
arrived in Herrin some time between 10 and 12. The beys were
taken to a temporary morgue at Herrin. After lunch I went to the
hospital where the wounded sen were. Mr. Galligan was with us part
of the time and I was with Sheriff Thansa west of the day and
returned to Marian with him that evening. I don't remember where
I saw Richardson timt day; it may have been on the street mar
the morgue but I could not say what I was doing. I don't know of
any instructions the sheriff gave me on the day of the killing;

PURCEUS HIAM THATION BY JUDGE PIERCE

Page 203

Page 284

Page 285

I did not go to the vicinity where these crimes were committed the following day and speak to the neighbors about it. Although in a general way the killing was said to have contried back of the power house woods. I afterwards learned that a part of the crowd in Merrin that morning was a part of the mob. I furnished no names of witnesses to the Grand Jury. I did not visit the cemetery on the morning of the 22nd although I heard some people had been killed near there, because they had them already in toun before I heard it. I don't know which bodies were brought in first, but I think some bodies were brought in after I got into town. I did not see members of the mob, while those bodies lay on the floor there, take eighr stubs and attempt to thrust them in the mouths of the dead men. I was on the outside keeping the growd back, but they were allowed to walk through the building on the side. I did not think they ought to be maybe out. I did not know it was the duty of the sheriff and coroner both when a man has been murdered, to keep the aroud away until am autopey

can be made soncerning death.

A 3

Duwitt T. Hartwell called as a witness before the committee having been first duly smorm was examined by Mr. Moderthy and testified as follows:

By name is Dewitt T. Hartwell. I reside at Marion, Illinois and have all my life. I am one of three Gircuit Judges of the First Judicial District, having been such since June 1915. I went to Metropolis to hold eircuit court on the 19th, if that was Monday, at 8 o'clock. I hold court in Metropelis on Monday, Puesday and Wednesday. I arrived back in Marion at 6:45 on the Illinois Sentral. My wife met me at the train, as she generally does, and I went home to supper. We call it supper here. And she began telling me what all she had heard. All the information I know when I owns back was from her as to what had taken place. I did not know of a bit of trouble until I got home and she didn't tell me what had taken place. The told me of the runers as I came up town. The square was well arounded when I came up town. Lots of people and apparently lots of excitement. I came up in my oar and drove around in my oar. Every time that there would be a collection of persons go down a street, the whole crowd would follow. I did, top. I followed around this crowd until finally I said I was going to try and see what I could find out. I asked several persons what was on, whathad happened, what was the outlook, was there anybody doing anything? And the first information I got was the rumor there were 5 or 6 mm killed who were not employes of the mine. I didn't hear that anybody was killed and the next thing I heard there had been one-half dosen. You could hear most anything in the world about the number being killed and I couldn't find anybody that knew any more than I did, and everybody was telling what they had heard, so then I started to munt the Eheriff. I want down to the juil where he lived and I could not get any information, where he was until after I started to go sumy somebody said: Maybe you will find him in the State's Attorney's office. I am getting shead of my story.

The reason I went to the jail, I met Sugh Willis and Will Davis of Herrin. I do not mean Major Bob Bavis. I mean one of the officers of the miners' union. I had known Hugh Willis a good long time and have known

mayis only by name, and I was noticing in Mr. Buty's testimony posterday he remembered it a little differently than I did. I am satisfied I went to Duty's office with Sili Davis and dugh Sillis. They asked me if I could direct them. I had found out from semebody at the jail iriving by there that the Sheriff was not there, that he was with State's Attorney and after I got out of my car and met Hugh willis he asked me if I could direct him where he could find the Sheriff, and I told him, yes, I bould. A carpenter with me, named Willis Bond, and we were just walking around when we met Hugh Willis. He asked me where he could find the Sheriff. Is said I think I can locate him for you. Mr. Duty's office is over there. Duty thinks we all came up with the Sheriff. I know that the Sheriff was there when I got there. John Schaffer was there and Storms was there and Duty. That makes no difference. The reason I know that is because I had looked for the Sheriff and couldn't find him. I had no business except to inquire that was going on, what was being done and who was at fault. So Willis and Bond and awself went up in the office, and Davis, and when we got up there, as I remember it, there had been some, for some reason, the lights went off, and we waited there for the lights to some on. I don't know why they were off. And there was some inquiry: "Who is it anyway?" ind I announced to Duty it was migh Willis, Bill Daris, myself and Willis Bond, and Willis said to the Sheriff that a rumor, he says, has some to our headquarters at nerrin that the Business Men s Association here at Marion, had been in communication with Lester and we have it that Lester has been induced by the Marion Chamber of Commerce to alose the min down. I do not know who it was telephoned it, but he understood that the business men of Erion had induced Lester to close his mine, to sease operations. And I asked him where the business men were now. He didn't know anything about that, but that rumor he said and some to him and he, as one of the officers, has some over to see the Sheriff and tell him about it. He told the Sheriff he was willing to go with him out to this mine and disperse that growd and to take enough fellows out there to get the growd dispersed. It was the first, I knew that. It was a dangerous around, and the Sheriff maid: "Well, do you think we better go tonight or is the morning?" And Eillis said: "I don't mnow. I will leave that to you." And then I think Mr. Duty said: "Well, wait a mimute. Let us get Gulomel Runter over bere."

Page 292

Page 291

And Wallis wanted to get Golonel Hunter. Buty did some telephoning. I

don't remember much about how long it took, but buty called and after while me came and then I had heard would this firing into the trick for the first time while I was sitting there. As a remember it, while dugh Willis was talking about the Marian Chamber of Commerce, naving communicated with Lester and that they ought to go out and stop this assembling of people; I got talking with John Schaffer or Storms or somebody and asked them to detail to me what happened on this truck and I didn't hear all that l mula talk to one passed between High Willis or anybody else. fellow a thile and another a while. I didn't hear enything that everybody said but A remember dugh willis' statement to me why he wanted \$8 find the Sheriff, remembered taking him trare, remembered announcing who was there and announcing he wanted to talk to the Sheriff and Colonel number and heard him state his business. I dome in on the train, been at home, been around the square two or three times, rode around in the automobile. I thought 9:30 or quarter to 10, the way it struck me. I may be mistaken about that. I did not hear anything between Colonel Hunter and mugh Willis if there was anything. I did not near anything further until I heard Hunter twising on the phone. I did not hear what no said to General Black. All I remamber hearing what he maid is that it looked like the thing was under control. I did not near him may a word about troops and do not remember anything about troops. I did hear him say that the condition was guiet and looked like it was all over or something to that effect. That is the way I ramamber it. Hugh Willis said that word has some from Marion to him that Lester was willing to quit operating and that he. Willis, had come to see the Sheriff about the matter and that he, Willie, thought that they ought to go out there and they talked and Willis said he thought that who ever was out there ought to be sent away and keep the

.ga 293

growd from gathering.

I don't say Mr. July discussed it; I meant Hugh sillis. The Sheriff, as I remember it, asked him if he thought they ought to go out at might.

I am not dertain whether he asked the Sheriff or the Sheriff saked him.

The ever it was, he made the reply that it might be well to get out at night, he thought so out keep any crowd from collecting or any men from collecting.

I don't remember which. That is the first intimation I know where there was a crowd collected as there had been. My wife heard they were fighting some

at the Lester Strip Him. I gathered from the conversation that there had been some nimers allied and because of that, that there had been some fellows collected there and that the Martin Thamper of Commerce wanted to disperse impover might be there. I never heard there was a great prowd. I heard there were people there, and that trouble might come. I heard them tell me about the Marbondale matter and I asked the Sheriff: "Where have you been?" He said: "I have been to Carbondale. I didn't know anything about this collection until I got back." I inquired of him, "There were you?" I thought it was settled myself and 1 thought Colonel Hunter and all of us thought it was settled. I thought the Marion Chamber of Commerce had settled it and I thought Willia was going out there to keep any further organisation of a crowd. He did not want the crowd to get so big that it would destroy property. I think the Sheriff also asked Willis: "Do you think we ought to go tonight?" And they later agreed to go next morning. I can't remember why they did not go that night. I neard Willis say: "I do not anow whether we ought to go out in the dark or not." I think he meant this; That the Sheriff get men and take the men out and see members of the miners' union and do their best to disperse the growd. That is the way 1 understood it.

Page 295

Afterwards I found out there was somebody at the house and wanted my guns, because they knew I was a hunter and had lots of them.

Further examination by Mr. Igos.

A prowd of 15 or 20 congregated in my yard that might but when I got there thay left. They were in everybody's yard all down to Second Street, where McDowell lived.

Page 296

The square was filled with people and I knew pretty mearly every one I saw. I heard some men say: "They killed the damm scabs." I heard nothing swid about two scabs in jail but I heard some say they had shipped coffine out there to put away men that had been killed, union men.

I also heard that Fontanetta had drawn a gun on Edrington and that he told Edrington he was going to kill him and I heard that some of the Shamber of Commerce men had been abused. I didn't hear of any local stores being broken into the following morning.

1940 ZUT

saw them or not I don't know. He had his blinds all drawn and half the time the lights were sut. As I remember I went to Dily's addice about 9:30 or 10:15.

Page 298

After I heard the report that E or 6 or 15 men had been killed I went to the jail to look for the Sheriff, but sould not find him.

Mr. Willia was at the jail looking for the Sheriff when I arrived.

Willia was a defendant at the trial, and I believe he was present
all the time in Duty's office during the conference.

- Q. And there was a suggestion made there (conference) by Mr. Willis that he and the Sheriff with some deputies ought to go to the mine that night to disperse the crowd?
- A. That is the substance of it. I don't know whether he said that they cught to, but I know that he inquired if he did not think that ought to be done and expressed a willingness to go himself.

Fillis did not say whether he had been at the mine or not.

I don't remember at that time of Duty using the term; "Wait a minute and I will send for Joionel Hunter." The way I view it, past of the time I would be in closes consultation with John Schaffer, asking him about it, sometimes over there talking to Thanton. I was trying not to make any noise to disturb Hunter. Before that time I was asking questions of everybody to see if the rumors were true or not.

Hunter was talking on the phone. I was not paying attention to him.

Page 299

questions of everybody to see if the rumors were true or not.

Bunter was talking on the phone. I was not paying attention to his phone call. I know they sent for him but when he got there he mad a phone conversation. I did not near him say anything about deneral sleak. I did not near him say anything about troops, but he said everything was quiet and sould soon be over. I did not request Mr. Duty to send for Solonel Sunter but I think Willis did. The impression I got, there was a dispute as to whether they would go tunight or whether it would not be time to go in the morning and they finally agreed on that time, to meet each other and go early in the morning. I remember asking the Sheriff this question: Sheriff, whar are the conditions? San you get out there tonight or do you think it will be all right to wait until the morning? Those things I remember asking him, that I wanted to know what he thought about it. If he should not take somebody and go out that night. I wanted to know if nethought that would not be the best thing to be so then I told him if he knew what the conditions were out there be would

-5-

the said if . Answer that. He hall so what I thought about it.

He said if . Answering as it there I is described to answer you

"Do jos ining you can sat that if will morning. Everything seems

to be quiet out there. It seems to be arranged that Lester will some
down the mine and that the fellows that had been indensed about the

Killings would go away." So I went home feeling I thought that probably it would be early in the morning they would be out there and

would disperse the drowd and the thing would be settled. I went home
feeling all right.

Page 500

The Sheriff slaimed he didn't know anything about the situation at the mine. My impression is that they agreed to meet early the next morning. I did not near any explosions while in Mr. Duty's office. I was down the street talking with Harry Modready, Superintendent of Peabody Mine, if he thought of any danger, of anything I could do, and while talking to him I heard an explosion that sounded to me like in that direction, but that was before I went to Duty's office. It so anded as though the explosion bemse from the direction of Lester Mine. We left buty's office, my impression is at 12,15 o'clock and the reason I have the impression so wacurately at 12,15, I think I got into a dissussion with a fellow about our wateres and it podure to me that the Sheriff and Sugh Willis in fixing the time, were asking about what time it was now or when they would meet and I took my watch to see whether they had the same time as I did. They were fixing the time to meet the maxt morning. I don't remember where the Eheriff was to meet Mr. Willis before going out to the mins the next morning. Mr. Willis the got it would be well to go out and disperse those can. From the conversation I gathered the impression that there were pursons at the mine other than guards and workenen. Mr. Willis is a Board Member of the Mine Borkers' Union.

Page 301

As I remember the time of Munter's telephone conversation it was any where between 10:30 and il:30.

On the morning of June EEnd 1 went up to the Greater Marion
Association and 1 met Golonel Eunter and I told him all these rumors
I heard. He had heard them, too. I did not believe it. I saked him
if he knew and 1 got to loubting it, and told him I doubted it, and I
do not believe that is true: Some body has magnified that and he said.

1111

≈ na geo 30.

"Let's you and I go out. We can tell then. Mr. Wm. H. Warder came up the stairs and I to I him that I soupled Ab at and he tood he he thought it was true and he said he received some information he did not feel at liberty to divulge at this time, and I saw he was greatly excited over it and I said, was it true, and he said he feared it was. Mr Warder 18 a lawyer here and an old man but an old lawyer. We all go to him for advice. Colonel Sunter and I did go out too, but every time as would start out the telephone would ring. We were a long time getting started. Oldham Paisley, newspaper editor, Joionel Hunter and I remember it. Major Davis. I am not sure about it. We went to the zine and we sould not get in, and there was a string of oars from Marion to Carterville, both sides was a straight string of cars limed. We did not get to go up to the mine. I saw the nouse burning and I asked some fellows if there were any dead men there and they said no, but they had taken them away. and I said: "Golonel, let us go until we find it. I want to see that has happened." We went on then to the power house and we met some fellows saying they saw a man hanging and they said they are all gone. and I said: Where. So we got into the automobile and went to Herrin and I went out and saw it and got on a telephone and told Mr. Warder somebody had been killed and there was trouble but not anything like this.

tion of persons of any prime before the attorney wemeral came down was what Mr. Duty and I had in mind. I renumber short, after that day, I saw a copy of the Chicago Tribune or other papers and every day there would be one more day ad ed and nothing dome in Williamson County, so I drove back to Serrin with Duty and he had the statements in his pooker and he let me read what some of the men had told, and I took the memorandum and I had gathered all the information I could gather and we came back together and Sob Medill, Director of Mines and Minerals. Was there and then I lost Joionel Hunter. But following up this conversation. Buty dame to my office and wanted to know what he and I could do about a special grand jury, and I said: Have you anything you want to submit. He said he fild not think that they had anything you want to submit. He said he fild not think that they had anything yet to submit but he wanted to anow if I would on I a special grand jury, if I could be relied on. I do not think I put it in that may.

205 egs

will call a special term of the Grand Jury in the May Term or July Term. The Grand Jury ferms are Tebruary, September and May. And I remember him ocming to see me and Brundage, Buty and I and Judge Dungen had conferences about the matter, being told in the newspapers that nothing was being done. finally, I do not know how long after that it was, Mr. Brundage came down and they had that conference. I told him what I would do. He feared he could not get one. I told him I thought I could and there was a lot of things done to get a grand jury and got a good one. I called it. I had this arrangement made with Buty and when he told me that they were ready, I would sall him. Then he teld up he would like to have it for the first day of July term. We had the term and you will see it on the records now, that there was a crime committed in the county and a special grand jury of 25 members was ordered to report on the second Menday of July. Two or three days before that Buty came to my office and showed me a letter from the Attorney General and he said: "We are not ready to present this evyldence yet. Will you allow us to take the jail cases up first and let us conclude these examinations and will you call another one?" And I said: "Yes, I will call a dozen for you." The grand jury met and I did not tell the man in charge of the jury they were not ready. I did not want to tell him. The presecuting officers told me it would be advisable to state that we were not ready and I remember very well a good deal of oritisism I received by telling the Grand Jury man

Page 504

to take it up.

Care the second

I followed the Attorney Seneral's suggestion and I told the Grand Jury to take up the jail cases. I told them I had called them for a purpose of fixing responsibility but these in charge of getting up the evidence were not ready. I did not mention Brundage's name or Duty's name but that Grand Jury went on and finally they told me they were ready and I made an order of the day they were ready. Then I went to the Emeriff. Buty had been to him and he wanted me to let somebody else call the Frank Jury for the reason, as you well know, I do not know that the punctice is elsewhere, but here in our county the Grand Jury has a regular term, but as a special Spand Jury the Judge sales order and they give it to the Emeriff, and I told the Emeriffs "I have not any-

go out and get a good grand jury, but the whole bunch of us and everybody down here is supposed to be i; on this thing and if I were you I would not insist on serving this wrand Jury. If you did not get indictments, they will lay it on you. If I were you I would let somebody else handle it." As I remember it, there were some sheriffs agreed on to serve the jury. The attorney General did not want to give the "heriff a list of witnesses to serve. Duty did not want it either and Duty and I both talked to the Theriff. The second Grand Jury was called on August 25rd.

Parther examination by Mr. Fierce.

Page 305

If I remember right Colonel Hunter and I and these other gentlemen left for the mine, sometime around 11 o'clock on the moraing of Juse 23nd. I asked Mirington to telephone my wife I would not be home for dinner. Eglonel Hunter had been out there before. 1 did not think he had. I have said this about Solomel Hunter and I want to explain it. I said when I heard he claimed to have been out there that morning. I said it was not se, that I went with him. I did may that he did not go out because I went with him but I found out later he went out before I went out with him. When I went it was too late an hour for a man to know anything about this thing. I knew he couldn't know anything about it and go out with me, but I learned later he went out before that. That noon we had dinner or lunch in Bob Medill's room in the Lympre Hotel. Bob Medill is an old friend of mine and Oplanel Hunter and Bob Medill and I had lumah there. I ate, and I think he did, and I went down again and ate at an Italian place, Soe Weldoni. I believe it was about 11 p'olega when we arrived in Herrin.

- Q. I have before me a record from the telephone office here, "Call by Munter to General Black." Time of the call 11:02 A.M.
 time talked 11:28 A. M., Marien. If that talk took place them it must have been later than 11:80 when you left there?
- A. If that is the record of the telephone effice I as mistains.

 Oldman Paintay told on that Colonel Bunter had been out early that meraing to the mine. Remebody said Sunter had stated when he got out there he got out before men were killed or right aftermarks. I said that was

automobile, he corrected me and said: "Yes, he went out with us and he went before you, too." I have said that is right. I am mistaken.

States attorney Duty accompanied me back to Marion.

William H. Warder called as a witness before the Committee, having been first duly sworm was axamined by Mr. McGarthy and testified as follows:

Page 508

My name is Wm. H. Warder. I reside in Marion, Illinois. My compation is that as a lawyer, having practiced law in this city a little over 41 years.

On the evening of Wednesday, June 21st, I was called, together with some other men, relative to the tense situation at the Lester Mine. I was in Chicago on Puesday, reached Marion about 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, the 21st. Had an urgent matter that took me out in the country beyond delimaton City and kept me out so that I arrived at Marion at 4:50 or 4:35 on this Wednesday. I went to my office and some one. I think an employe in the office just back of mine, told me that I was wanted at once at the room of the Greater Enrion Association and I want at once. There were present there Colonel Hunter, Mr. McLeren, Mr. Mirington, Mr. Malph D. Mitchell and Mr. Nix. I judge it was about twenty minutes of 5 when I reached there and I hurriedly asked one of those present what the occasion of my being called was. Excuse me, there was another gentleman, let me add Mr. Charles Hamilton was also present. It was explained to me what the call was and I was talking to one of the gentlemen to get at the situation and had only been there a few minutes when I first talked, because an answer, a call come in answer to a long distance sall. Colonel Hunter talked. I could only hear one side of it. "Hello General: In substance he said that there is a report that tow of the union miners have been killed and three wounded and that some men inside have been wounded. Have not been able to got in touch with the Sheriff. Sheriff and State's Attorney are out of the city. Have not been able to get any action taken by any one at his office." (Pause) some few words added, as far as I can remainler. Bid not unterially change the report which was, as I understood, I do not know, a report to the Adjutant Conormi. This

1agn 509

eccurred between 4,50 and 5, in my judgment measure 5 as well as 1 remember.

a call put in by Major Sunter for the Southern Illinois Joa. Lempany mine and as I understood, he got MoDowell on the phone. He told MoDowell that he should agree to cease the operation, put up a white flag and that he would try and have somebody come out there am get his men out. Apparently there was a desurrer, a quiet objection of some kind, repeated by Major Sunter. He wants to know if we can put him in touch with Lester. Mr. Hamilton stepped over to the phone and told MoDowell to agree to that and after the words were repeated, I think, by Colonel Sunter, Mr. MoDowell agreed to put up a white flag and that he would cease the operation and get his men out. Colonel Sunter then put in a call for Sugh Willis at Herrin at the Miners' Headquarters, but as I gathered from the words he repeated, could not get Sugh Willis. He stepped out, but he get Fox Sughess who is a district officer of the union. I do not know the exact talk but he told him that MoDowell had agreed to cease speration, put

Page 510

once. We discussed the matter, each of us saying something in regard to the proposition and that it was very important that they should be gotten out before dark. The situation was recognized as being a very serious situation by all those present and by the statements which they made, which I might detail but could not be accurate on, but that was the effect.

I stayed there until about 6 o'clock, then went to the State's

up a white flag and for him to get some men, go at once and meet them

and get the men out. And Joinnal Hunter urged that he should go at

Attorney's office at the southeast corner of the square. Found a young lady there and she reported that Mr. Buty was out but also was looking for him in. I stayed there about 10 mimutes. I left there at 20 after 5. The reason for me knowing the time, I saimed the young lady if she had had nor supper. I said it is 20 minutes after 5 and you had better get supper. If Mr. Buty wasnts you, you can come back, and I left and went home. I got supper and as I came out after 7 or a little after, a body of men were marching down and I could hear some noise across to the east of ms. & block or two. Some others went further south, as I remembered in the direction of MaDowell's home, which was south of the square and I would judge it must have been something like half after 7 when I came back up town and went to the firester Marian Association of fice and found the Secretary and as far as

I remember, one of the others that I have mentioned, present. I went down on the street, talked with several. There were a large number of people around on the square, a good deal of confusion. A large measure of feeling of helpless ness under the circumstances, and knowing that my wife and daughter were alone, I went back home, probably about 9 o'loock. I knew nothing of the meeting at Mr. Duty's office until I heard about it the next day.

NAME OF THE OWNER, OF STREET OF

I heard two heavy explosions that evening between 8 and 9 o'clook. The lights went off a few minutes before the explosion or a few minutes after, 1 do not remember. Both these explosions were out of the ordinary and unasual.

Burther examination by Mr. 1gos.

My impression is that the noise of those explosions was from the northwest, where the Lester Mine is located. I believed that it was the strikers with dynamits.

Page 512

On the night in question there appeared to be a feeling of helpless ness in town. A mob was marching around and there was the feeling that a large number of our citizens were really in sympathy with the mab and a further feeling that the officers were not so organized as to cope with the situation. I saw no signs of any concerted effort on the part of the officers to cope with the situation. My opinion is that in connection with the mine officials and an organisation of men that could have been called in, that the situation sould have been handled after that truce was agreed upon. I mean officials of the union. I refer particularly to one Rugh Willis and those who were joined with him as officials of the union mine workers. My belief is that they could have carried out the truce if they had been at the proper time fully submitted by lawful authority. I did not see theriff Thauton or Officer Thornton on the Colonel Bunter was attempting to 40 all he orald in square that day. order to prevent this impending trouble.

Page 51.5

Further emmination by Mr. Pierce.

Bgs 314

I do not recall Colonel Buntor asking for troops but he did may some men had been killed and another wounded at the Strip Hims. I don't believe he said anything about the trace because my recollection is that this arrangement was side after that particular somewhatism ever the photo.