CURRENT DATA ON THE INDONESIAN MILITARY ELITE

January 1, 1992-April 3, 1993

The Editors

We had wondered till the last minute whether or not to publish this shorter list of the Indonesian military elite covering the period January 1992 to the beginning of April 1993 in the present issue of *Indonesia*, but the news that reached us in the last ten days tilted us in favor of publication. As the table below shows, there have been three waves of personnel changes in the military leadership since January 1992, the end of the period covered by our last Current Data listing (Indonesia 53 [April 1992]). The first wave took place in the wake of the Santa Cruz massacre, triggered by the sacking of Maj. Gen. Sintong Panjaitan and Brig. Gen. Rudolf Samuel Warouw. The second, which started after the general elections obviously with the coming March 1993 MPR in mind, turned out to be the largest since the military reorganization in the mid-1980s. It resulted in changes of perhaps more than 60 percent of top positions at Army Headquarters and in the regional commands, both Kodam and Korem. The third wave started with the appointment of Gen. Edi Sudradjat as the new Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces on February 22, 1993. But it has not yet run its course. As the outgoing Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Try Sutrisno said when he announced Edi's appointment, it is Edi Sudradjat as new Commander-in-Chief who is now responsible for making appointments for top positions both at the Armed Forces Headquarters and in the Army hierarchy. And as of March 27, 1993, only two major appointments had been made: Maj. Gen. I Made Sadha as Assistant for General Planning to the Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief, replacing Air Vice Marshal Tedy Roesdi, and Rear Admiral Wahyono SK as Commander-General of the Armed Forces Academy, replacing Maj. Gen. Soedarto. This was the reason we wondered whether to publish this shorter list, for the third wave of changes will have run its course in a few months and we will then be in a better position to publish a full listing of the military elite, including Heads of the Armed Forces and Army Executive Organs and Korem commanders, and to make more informed comments about the military under Edi Sudradjat's leadership.

Then came further new appointments at the end of March, followed by another in early April, at the time this issue of *Indonesia* was about to go to press. On March 28, the appoint-

ment of five new Kodam commanders was announced: Brig. Gen. A. Pranowo as Commander of Kodam 1/Bukit Barisan replacing Maj. Gen. R. Pramono; Brig. Gen. Muzani Syukur as Commander of Kodam 3/Siliwangi replacing Maj. Gen. Nuriana; Brig. Gen. Haris Sudarno as Commander of Kodam 5/Brawijaya replacing Maj. Gen. R. Hartono; Brig. Gen. Theo Syafei as Commander of Kodam 9/Udayana replacing Maj. Gen. Soewardi; and Brig. Gen. Hendro Priyono as Commander of Kodam Jaya replacing Maj. Gen. Kentot Harseno. And on April 3 came the news that Lt. Gen. Wismoyo Arismunandar would be installed as the new Army Chief of Staff on April 6, along with Rear Admiral Tanto Koeswanto as Navy Chief of Staff, Air Vice Marshal Rilo Pambudi as Air Force Chief of Staff, and Police Lt. Gen. Drs. Banurusman as Chief of the National Police. This means that all top Army leaders, including Army Chief of Staff, Deputy Army Chief of Staff (twice), all Kodam commanders, and all Army assistants have been replaced since January 1992. We do not know yet what repercussions these changes will cause lower down the military hierarchy. We do not yet know, for example, who will be Wismoyo's replacement as Deputy Army Chief of Staff. And we certainly expect many more changes at the Armed Forces Headquarters and Central Executive Organs as well as among Kodam chiefs of staff, Korem commanders, and Commanders/Heads of Army executive organs in the coming several months. Our analysis below is therefore necessarily provisional and has to be brief.

Transfors	and	Promotion	e
1 rangrers	ana	PENTINITIES	•

		Armed Forces HQ	Army
1992	Jan	•	4
	Feb	•	1
	Mar	•	1
	Apr	•	-
	May	-	-
	June	-	-
	July	1	4
	Aug	4	11
	Sept	1	5
	Oct	1	-
	Nov	1	-
	Dec	-	-
1993	Jan	1	-
	Feb	4	2
	Mar ¹	•	5

Let us start by looking at the aggregate data assembled in the listing which follows. Included in the list are 59 top positions—18 at Armed Forces Headquarters (of which 13 are Army officers), 35 at Army Headquarters and in the Army Regional Commands, plus Chiefs of Staff of Navy and Air Force, Head of National Police, Commander of Marine Corps, and Head and Deputy Head of the State Intelligence Coordinating Agency (Bakin). If we defer our discussion on ethnicity until the next issue of *Indonesia*, two "group" dimensions of internal military competition are worth mentioning.

First, officers with either RPKAD (paratroop/Special Forces) and/or Intelligence backgrounds continue to be overrepresented. This is partly a legacy of Gen. Murdani's long

¹ The March figure is provisional. As was mentioned above, the appointment of five new Kodam Commanders was announced on March 28.

reign in the military. Most of his long-time associates, many with Intelligence backgrounds, are expected to be gone soon, including Maj. Gen. Soegito (Assistant for Territorial Affairs to the Chief of General Staff of the Armed Forces), Maj. Gen. Bantu Hardjijo (former Director E [Planning], BAIS, and now Assistant for Intelligence to the Chief of the General Staff of the Armed Forces), and Maj. Gen. Joko Lelono (former Director F [Administration], BAIS, and now Assistant for Operations to the Army Chief of Staff). But as we noted in the previous issue (#53, April 1992), RPKAD officers have long played the major roles in bloody counter-insurgency campaigns in Aceh, Irian Jaya, and above all East Timor. As long as action in the field assists an officer's promotion chances, East Timor will continue to provide opportunities for RPKAD officers to get a head start in the internal military competition.

Second, an officer's Class in the Military Academy seems to be an important factor. Though the data are far from complete, the Class distribution at the Armed Forces Headquarters and in the Army high command appears to be as follows:

	Armed Forces HQ	Army
Class 1 (1960)	3	
Class 2 (1961)	3	
Class 3 (1962)	2	2
Class 4 (1963)	1	3
Class 5 (1964)	-	2
Class 6 (1965)	-	10
Class 7 (1966)	-	•
Class 8 (1967)	-	1
unknown	4	17

By the time the current military reshuffle is over, we expect that Class 1 and 2 officers at Armed Forces Headquarters will have been eased out of the military hierarchy and Commander-in-Chief Gen. Edi Sudradjat (Class 1) and Chief of General Staff Lt. Gen. Feisal Tanjung (Class 2) will be surrounded by Maj. Gen. Mantiri, Maj. Gen. Arie Sudewo, and their Class 3 classmates.

What is interesting is that there are not very many Class 4 and 5 officers in the listed positions. Though one may think that the reason for their absence is that they fill a range of operational, staff, and training positions which our list does not cover, perhaps this is in fact not the case. Even if we cast the net more widely and look at deputy assistants and heads/deputy heads of educational and training centers both at Armed Forces Headquarters and in the Army, we can with certainty identify as members of Class 4: Army Lt. Gen. Wismoyo Arismunandar (new Army Chief of Staff), Maj. Gen. Hariyoto Pringgo Sudirjo (Assistant for Social and Political Affairs to the Chief of Staff for Social and Political Affairs to the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces), Maj. Gen. Kuntara (Kostrad Commander), Maj. Gen. Kilian Sidabutar (Commander of Army Educational and Training Center), and Brig. Gen. Pranowo (Commander of the Presidential Security Squad); and as Class 5: Maj. Gen. Soerjadi (Commander of Kodam 4/Diponegoro), Maj. Gen. E.E. Mangindaan (Commander of Kodam 8/Trikora), and Brig. Gen. Subardi Suar (Commander of Army Operations System Development Center). Part of the reason for their meager representation may lie in the fact that Class 3 officers long occupied regional command posts, first as Korem commanders from 1983 to 1986 and then as Kodam commanders from 1988 to 1991, handing over their posts to Class 6 officers and thus bypassing the intermediary classes.

In the Army, therefore, Class 6 officers, most of whom served as Korem commanders from 1987 to 1991, are now in the ascendancy. Class solidarity among Military Academy graduates is well known. When an officer is appointed to a new position, he is asked to recommend his replacement and/or his deputy or chief of staff, and, it is said, he often suggests his classmates for those jobs. In this light, the careers of Class 6 members should certainly have been helped by their "star" classmates: Yunus Yosfiah (now Major General and Commander of the Army Infantry Weapons Center), who killed Nicolao Lobato, Fretilin chief, in 1978 and was promoted to Korem commander in Dili in 1985 as the first Class 6 Korem commander (and whose pastime on boring evenings is to watch videos of himself killing Laboto); and Brig. Gen. Theo Syafei, newly installed Commander of Kodam 9/ Udayana, who whenever he was promoted ensured that one of his classmates was appointed to his former post. Most Class 6 officers are now 49 or 50 years old, with a further five or six years service before they reach the mandatory retirement age of 55. Members of this class are likely to dominate the Army hierarchy and later the Armed Forces Headquarters, while giving fewer promotion opportunities to Class 7 and 8 officers unless these officers have presidential patronage, as does the new Kodam Jaya Commander Maj. Gen. Hendro Prijono (Class 8).

If we look more closely at the appointments which affect the immediate security of the Palace and its entourage, however, we get the impression that the President has managed things with his usual characteristic craft. In this regard, the important positions are, as we noted in the previous issue: (1) Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces; (2) Army Chief of Staff; (3) Kostrad Commander; (4) Kodam Jaya Commander; (5) Commander of Kodam 3/Siliwangi; (6) Commander of Special Forces; (7) Head of Bakin; (8) Chief of National Police. In these positions we find: (1) Edi Sudradjat, a highly respected officer, appointed in February 1993; (2) Wismoyo Arismunandar, presidential brother-in-law, appointed in April 1993; (3) Kuntara, Cirebon Muslim Chinese with an extensive RPKAD/Intelligence background and a classmate of Wismoyo, appointed in July 1992; (4) Hendro Prijono, the butcher of Lampung, and promoted to the post in April 1993 after having served as Director D (Security) and Director A (Internal Affairs), BAIS from January 1991 to March 1993; (5) Muzani Syukur, who served as Commander of Korem 061/Bogor from August 1987 to July 1988 (i.e., when the 1988 MPR was held), appointed in March 1993; (6) Tarub, appointed in July 1992, who had served as Korem Commander in Abepura and Manokwari from 1987 to 1989 and as Deputy Commander of Special Forces from 1989 to 1992; (7) Soedibyo, almost certainly a Murdani man from his long-standing intelligence associations, but expected soon to be removed; (8) Drs. Banurusman, classmate of his predecessor Police Lt. Gen. Drs. Kunarto at PTIK (Police College). In this constellation of eight, four have close personal ties to Suharto or to his protégés.

This, however, does not necessarily mean that the President has firm control over the military. On the contrary, his reliance on ex-adjutants, relatives, and their protégés can be seen as a sign of his weakening position in the military. Institutionally, it is the Dewan Jabatan dan Kepangkatan Perwira Tinggi (Wanjakti, Board for High-ranking Officers' Posts and Ranks) which is formally responsible for promotions and placement of officers above the rank of colonel. The Board is chaired by the Minister of Defense and Security, and its members include the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces, the Chiefs of Staff of the three services, the Chief of the National Police, and the Assistant for Personnel to the Armed Forces Chief of General Staff. According to reliable sources, however, this seems a formality, and the real players are said to be the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces, the Chief of General Staff to the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces, and the Army Chief of

Staff for placements at the Armed Forces Headquarters and executive organs, and the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces, Army Chief of Staff, and Assistants for Security and for Personnel to the Army Chief of Staff for placements in the Army hierarchy. It is also said that presidential approval is needed for appointments for Deputy Army Chief of Staff, Commander of the Army Strategic Reserve, Commanders of Java's four Kodams, and the Commander of Special Forces. Needless to say, presidential prerogative as Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces allows Suharto to appoint the Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief, Armed Forces Chief of General Staff, Armed Forces Chief of Social and Political Staff, Deputy Head of Armed Forces Strategic Intelligence Agency (BAIS ABRI), Chiefs of Staff of the three services, and Chief of the National Police.

If the above pattern can serve as any guide (and there is no reason to doubt its reliability), changes in the military leadership since early 1992 can be most profitably understood as an outcome of complex negotiations between the Palace and the military leadership represented by Edi Sudradjat. As we discussed in our previous listing, the November 22, 1991, massacre in Dili was a disaster for the military. Not only were Sintong Panjaitan, Commander of Kodam 9/Udayana, and Warouw, Commander of the East Timor Operations Command, peremptorily dismissed by Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces Suharto, but the President also bypassed Try Sutrisno. Instead he ordered Edi Sudradjat to form a Dewan Kehormatan Militer (Military Honor Board) to investigate the incident, and personally nominated Feisal Tanjung, then Commandant of the Army Staff and Command School, to chair the Board. Maj. Gen. Mantiri, Edi's Assistant for Planning and Budgeting, was dispatched to Denpasar as the new Commander of Kodam 9, while Brig. Gen. Theo Syafei, who had served as Mantiri's deputy in East Timor when Mantiri was Commander of Kostrad's First Infantry Division and the East Timor Security Operations Command, replaced his classmate Warouw.

This pattern became clearer in the second wave of the military reshuffle. On July 23, 1992, Try Sutrisno announced changes in the top echelons of the Armed Forces hierarchy and the Army. Feisal Tanjung was appointed Chief of the General Staff to the Commanderin-Chief of the Armed Forces, even though outgoing Chief of the General Staff Rear Admiral Sudibyo Rahardjo had "groomed" Lt. Gen. Sugeng Subroto, his Assistant for Operations, as his successor and Try Sutrisno had recommended this appointment to the President. Maj. Gen. Wismoyo Arismunandar was appointed as Deputy Army Chief of Staff, former presidential adjutant Brig. Gen. Soerjadi as Commander of Kodam 4/Diponegoro, and Brig. Gen. Kuntara as Commander of Army Strategic Reserve without previously having served as a Kodam Commander. It is mistaken to view all these officers as "palace generals" (as opposed to mainstream "professionals"). Feisal Tanjung, a presidential favorite, is highly respected in the military, and his appointment as Commandant of the Army Staff and Command School in March 1988 was one of the first Edi Sudradjat made after he became Army Chief of Staff. Former presidential adjutant Soerjadi is also said to be well respected and served as Edi Sudradjat's Assistant for Security. Presidential patronage is not the only reason for the rise of these two officers, even if it is in the case of Wismoyo and Kuntara.

But what is more interesting is the way in which these announced changes were implemented. Feisal Tanjung was promptly installed as the new Armed Forces Chief of the General Staff on July 27. So was Kuntara, who took over the post from Wismoyo on July 28. It was not, however, until August 22, fully a month after the announcement, that Wismoyo was officially installed as Deputy Army Chief of Staff. In the meantime, all the assistants to the Army Chief of Staff, except the Assistant for Planning and Budgeting (Maj. Gen. Togi M. Hutagaol who formally replaced Mantiri in March 1992) and Assistant for Territorial Affairs (Brig. Gen. Wiyoto who replaced Togi Hutagaol in the same month), were replaced on August 21. Since these appointments do not need presidential approval, we can assume that Edi Sudradjat chose men he wanted for these positions, and it is these men who now surround Wismoyo as Army Chief of Staff.

It is important to note that Edi Sudradjat is not promoting men of his own "clique." Like Feisal Tanjung, Edi has been not an ex-adjutant but a teamplayer and straight-shooter, whose strength comes from his command of trust and respect among his fellow officers. He has been trying, it seems, to do all he can before Wismoyo comes in as Army Chief of Staff to assure colonels and brigadier generals that "army institutional rationality" will not be interfered with by Wismoyo on Palace instructions.

The same pattern can be observed in the on-going third wave of the military reshuffle. Kodam commanders in the "Outer Islands" are *tempur* types, that is officers who have risen in the Army hierarchy through serving in counter-insurgency operations in East Timor and to a lesser extent in Aceh and Irian Jaya. On the other hand, Java's Kodam commanders, especially those in politically important Greater Jakarta and Central Java, are presidential favorites. And again appointment of all the Kodam commanders, including five whose replacements were announced at the end of March, took place before Wismoyo's elevation to Army Chief of Staff.

The third wave of the reshuffle is still in progress, and we hope to publish our normal listing of the military elite, including Korem Commanders, with more detailed and hopefully more informed analysis, in the October issue of *Indonesia*. In the meantime, however, it seems safe to say the following.

First, Edi Sudradjat has clearly emerged as the new strong man, ending an era of weak military leadership under Try Sutrisno. His doubling as Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces and Minister of Defense and Security is a tribute to his leadership as much as a return to the "normalcy" existing before the rise of Murdani as Commander-in-Chief in 1983 and the onset of the military reorganization in the mid-1980s.

Second, though often seen as the future Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces, Wismoyo does not appear strong. His Class base is small. Nor is he perceived as being as smart as Edi Sudradjat who graduated from AMN at the top of his Class, or for that matter another rising star, Maj. Gen. Soerjadi. We may also add that he has come to this prominence while his Class 4 rival and long-time Murdani protégé, Maj. Gen. Sintong Panjaitan, was made a scapegoat in the wake of the Dili massacre, even though it was not his doing. Edi Sudradjat will reach the mandatory retirement age of 55 on April 22, 1993, and though his tenure can be extended by presidential decree five times on a yearly basis, he may well not serve as Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief for the full five years as his predecessors did. If that happens, Wismoyo, if he replaces Edi, will make an ideally weak Commander-in-Chief for Suharto, another Try Sutrisno.

And finally, we still need to see what will happen to the Armed Forces Strategic Intelligence Agency. In Murdani's days, BAIS formed the real core of the military leadership, dominated by Murdani allies, many of them intelligence officers, and even after he became Minister of Defense and Security, he was most relaxed, it is often said, in his office at BAIS. But those days are gone. As we noted in the previous issue, three of the six directors of BAIS, all Murdani and Sutaryo "old hands," were purged by Arie Sudewo in March 1992.

This was succeeded by two more changes in August and September 1992.² The only agency still controlled by Murdani's allies is Bakin, the State Intelligence Coordinating Agency, with Lt. Gen. (retired) Soedibyo as Head and Maj. Gen. Soeharto as his Deputy. In the last ten years, however, Bakin has been eclipsed by BAIS. Given the purge at BAIS of Murdani old hands," it will be interesting to see who will head BAIS and Bakin and what will happen to these two competing intelligence agencies.

The listing covers the period ending April 3, 1991.

Sample

Officeholder

(Date and Place of Birth) (Class & date of graduation) Date of Installation (Length of Term)

Name of Predecessor

Officeholder's previous post

Divisional or service background

Ethnic origin

Abbreviations

B = BrawijayaBB = Bukit Barisan D = Diponegoro

I = IavaneseS = SundaneseSI = Siliwangi

* * * *

Postscript: May 5, 1993: After we had gone to press with the above analysis and the subsequent listing, the news reached us that General Edi Sudradjat had been replaced by Lt. Gen. Feisal Tanjung as Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces. This change was unexpected and is highly unusual, for Edi Sudradjat has served as Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief for only a little more than two months. However, though his tenure as military strong man has turned out to be very brief indeed, we believe the major thrust of the above analysis still holds, in view of the fact that, in his brief two months in office, Edi Sudradjat put through all the major appointments, and the fact that his replacement was not Wismoyo (who we anticipate will still become Pangab in due course) but Feisal Tanjung, another team player and straight shooter, though more malleable perhaps to Palace wishes.

In the meantime, it was announced that Maj. Gen. Soerjadi, another presidential adjutant and former Commander of Kodam 4/Diponegoro, would replace Wismoyo as Army Deputy Chief of Staff. Feisal Tanjung's replacement as Armed Forces Chief of the General Staff and Soerjadi's successor as Commander of Kodam 4 are not known as of this writing.

Since Maj. Gen. Hendro Prijono's appointment as Commander of Kodam Jaya, featured articles have appeared in Angkatan Bersenjata, Kompas, and several other newspapers about this Class 8 "star" with a long-time intelligence background. His curriculum vitae runs as follows: Although born in Yogyakarta on May 7, 1945, he grew up in Jakarta as an "anak Betawi," who still retains his loe-que language ("Gara-gara que tugas di Magelang ini que kawin dengan orang Magelang"); attended elementary and high school in downtown Jakarta (SD, SMP Negeri 5 at Pasar Baru, and SMA Negeri 2 at Jalan Gajah Mada); was graduated from AMN in 1967; started his military career as a RPKAD platoon commander

² BAIS consists of six directorates: A (internal affairs), B (external affairs), C (counter-espionage), D (security), E (planning, research, and development), and F (administration). Hendro Prijono replaced Monang Siburian as BAIS Director A in August 1992, while Arie Kumaat replaced Hendro Prijono as BAIS Director D in September 1992.

in Magelang in 1968; moved to Jakarta in 1972 as Kopasandha company commander under battalion commander Kentot Harseno (his predecessor as Commander of Kodam Jaya); was engaged in counter-insurgency operations in Kalimantan in 1974 under Edi Sudradjat; served as Kopasandha Deputy Assistant for Personnel and for Operations under Commander Yogie S. Memet (now Minister of the Interior) in 1983; was Assistant for Intelligence to Kopasandha Commander Wismoyo Arismunandar in 1984; was promoted as Assistant for Intelligence to Commander of Kodam Jaya (Soegito) in December 1985; served as Commander of Korem 043 Lampung from October 1987 to January 1991 (under Commander of Kodam 2/Sriwijaya R. Soenardi and R. Soewardi), Director D, BAIS, from January 1991 to August 1992, and Director A, BAIS, from August 1992 to March 1993 (under Arie Sudewo), before being promoted to Commander of Kodam Jaya. Kompas noted that Armed Forces Headquarters considered his performance in Lampung as Korem Commander as a model for the best way of handling security problems, writing: "It is noted that [his] handling of the Warsidi Affair proceeded quickly and with no impact whatsoever, no protest from the international world." In this view, it is apparently perfectly acceptable to kill off hundreds of civilians as long as the killings do not cause any international uproar.

ARMED FORCES HEADQUARTERS (Mabes ABRI) (as of April 3, 1993)

I. Commander-in-Chief

Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces

27.ii.88-20.ii.93 (60 months) 1. Gen. Try Soetrisno

(b. November 15, 1935, Surabaya) Gen. Leonardus Benjamin ("Benny") Murdani

(Aktekad 4, 1959) **Army Chief of Staff**

> **Engineers** J

2. Gen. Edi Sudradjat 19.ii.93 (1 1/2 months) (b. April 22, 1938, Jambi) **Army Chief of Staff**

S (AMN 1, 1960) **RPKAD**

II. Staff Echelon

Chief of the General Staff (Kasum)

1. Vice Adm. Sudibyo Rahardjo 16.i.88-27.vii.92 (54 1/2 months)

Lt. Gen. Ida Bagus Sudjana

Assistant for Operations to the C-in-C, Armed Forces³

Navy

2. Lt. Gen. Feisal Tanjung 27.vii.92 (8 months)

(b. 1938, S. Tapanuli) Commander, Army Staff and Command School

(AMN 2, 1961) **RPKAD** Mandailing Batak

Chief of the Social and Political Staff (Kassospol)

Lt. Gen. Harsudiyono Hartas 30.iii.88 (60 months) (b. June 4, 1935, Jepara) Lt. Gen. Soegiarto

(AMN 1, 1960) Assistant for Social & Political Affairs to the Chief of

the Social & Political Staff

Ţ Cavalry

Inspector-General (Irjen ABRI)

Rear Adm. Sumitro 8.v.91 (23 months) (b. Banyuwangi) Lt.Gen. I Gde Awet Sara

(Naval Academy 1962) Commander of the Fleet, Eastern Zone

Navy

Assistant for General Planning (Asrenum)⁴

1. Air Vice-Marshal Tedy Roesdi ? 1986–12.ii.93 (c. 80 months)

Hayuni Vice-Adm. F. Parapat⁵

Director E (Planning, Research and Development),

BAIS ABRI

Air Force J

³ He was subsequently appointed as ambassador to Singapore.

⁴ Asrenum is the only position at the level of assistant which reports directly to the Commander-in-Chief of the

⁵ Vice Admiral (Retired) Dr. F.M. Parapat has been Director General for General Planning and Budgeting, Department of Defense and Security since November 8, 1983.

2. Maj. Gen. I Made Sadha 12.ii.93 (1 1/2 months) Deputy Assistant for General Planning Balinese ? Assistant for Intelligence (Asintel) 1. Maj. Gen. Asmono Arismunandar ? viii.90-? viii.92 (24 months) (b. January 1, 1940, Ponorogo, Maj. Gen. M.I. Sutaryo E.Java) Assistant for Social & Political Affairs to Chief of the (AMN 3, 1962) Social and Political Staff (Assospol Kassospol)⁶ Cavalry 2. Maj. Gen. Bantu Hardjijo ? viii.92 (7 months) Director E (Planning, Research, and Development), BAIS ABRI J? Assistant for Operations (Asops) 1. Maj. Gen. Sugeng Subroto 29.v.90.-?.viii.92 (27 months) (b. 1938, Surabaya) Commander, Kodam V/Brawijaya⁷ (AMN 1, 1960) J Artillery/B ? viii.92.(7 months) 2. Maj. Gen. Herman Bernard Leopold Mantiri Commander, Kodam 9 (b.1940, Bogor) Menadonese Infantry/Sriwijaya (AMN 3, 1962) Assistant for Territorial Affairs (Aster) 15.viii.90 (31 1/2 months) Maj. Gen. Soegito (b. February 15, 1938, Yogyakarta) Maj. Gen. Nana Narundana (AMN 2, 1961) Commander, Kostrad **RPKAD** J

Assistant for Communications and Electronics (Askomlek)

Maj. Gen. Santo Budiono 16.v.91 (22 1/2 months)

Maj. Gen. Prasetyo

Director, Army Communications

?

Assistant for Security and Social Order (Askamtibmas)

1. Police Maj. Gen. Drs. Amrin 13.ii.91-c. 31.iii.93 (25 1/2 months)

Syarofi Police Maj. Gen. Drs. Kunarto

Chief of Police, S. Kalimantan

Police Palembang

2. Police Brig. Gen. Drs. Purwanto c.31.iii.93

Lenggono Chief of Police, S. & C. Kalimantan

Police ?

 $^{^{6}}$ He was subsequently appointed as Secretary General, Department of Social Affairs.

⁷ He was subsequently appointed as Inspector General, Department of Defense and Security, on August 28, 1992.

Assistant for Personnel (Aspers)

Rear Admiral Suakadirul

11.v.91 (22 1/2 months)

First Air Marshall Soedarma

Deputy Navy Chief of Staff for Personnel

Navy

Assistant for Logistics (Aslog)

1. Rear Admiral M. Suud (Naval Academy 1962) 6.v.91-c. 2.iv.93 (23 months)

Rear Adm. M. Rahadi

Commander, Military Traffic Command

Navy

Sumbawa

2. Rear Admiral Sumartono

c. 2.iv.93

Deputy for Operations to Navy Chief of Staff

Navy

Assistant for Social and Political Affairs (Assospol)

1. Maj. Gen. Suryadi Sudirja

(b. 1938, Banten)

? viii.90-30.ix.92 (25 months)

Maj. Gen. Asmono Arismunandar

(AMN 3, 1962)

Commander, Kodam Jaya⁸

Infantry

Bantenese

2. Maj. Gen. Hariyoto Pringgo Sudirjo

(b. c. 1940)

30.ix.92 (6 months) Commander, Kodam 4

(AMN 4, 1963)

Engineers

J

Assistant for Functional Group Affairs (Asyawan)

Maj. Gen. Ignatius Hardoyo

By 5.v.90 (c. 35 months)

Maj. Gen. M. P. Panjaitan

?

J?

Deputy Head, BAIS9

Maj. Gen. Arie Sudewo

(b. c. 1940. Bangkalan, Madura)

(AMN 3, 1962)

19.i.91 (26 1/2 months) Maj. Gen. M. I. Sutaryo

Commander, Kodam 3

RPKAD

Madurese

⁸ He subsequently became Governor of Jakarta.

⁹ Director A (Internal Affairs) of BAIS, Brig. Gen. Monang Siburian, was replaced by Brig. Gen. Abdullah Makhmud Hendro Prijono (AMN 8, 1967) on August 12, 1992. Monang Siburian was subsequently appointed as Personal Secretary to the Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief. In September 1992, Brig. Gen. Arie Kumaat, previously Chief of Staff, Jakarta Capital Garrison was appointed Director D, BAIS, replacing Brig. Gen. Hendro Prijono. On April 2, 1993, Hendro Prijono was installed as Pangdam Jaya, and Col. Agum Gumelar, now Commander of Korem 043 Lampung, was announced as his replacement.

Central Executive Organs (Lakpus)

1. Governor, National Defense Insitute (Lemhannas)

Maj. Gen. Soekarto

11.xii.89 (39 1/2 months)

(b. c.1937)

Maj. Gen. Soebijakto Prawirosoebroto

(AMN 1, 1960)

Commander, Armed Forces Staff & Command School

Cavalry

2. Commander-General, Armed Forces' Academy (Akabri)

1. Maj. Gen. Soedarto

11.viii.90-11. ii. 93 (30 months)

(b.1938)

Vice Air Marshal Soegiantoro

(AMN 1, 1960)

Assistant for Logistics to the Army Chief of Staff

Engineers

I

2. Rear Admiral Wahyono, Ph.D.¹⁰

(Naval Academy 1962)

11.ii.93 (2 months) Assistant for Planning to Navy Chief of Staff

Navy

1?

3. Commander-General, Armed Forces' Staff and Command School (Sesko ABRI)

Maj. Gen. I Putu Sukreta Suranta

(AMN 2, 1961)

21.x.89 (41 months)

Maj. Gen. Soekarto

Assistant for Operations to the Army Chief of Staff

Balinese

Service Heads and Army Hierarchy

Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces

1. General Try Soetrisno

27.ii.88–19.ii.93 (60 months)

Gen. Leonardus Benjamin ("Benny") Murdani

Army Chief of Staff

Engineers

J.

2. General Edi Sudradjat

(b. April 22, 1938, Jambi)

19.ii.93 (1 1/2 months) Army Chief of Staff

(AMN 1, 1960) **RPKAD**

S

Army Chief of Staff

General Edi Sudradjat

22.ii.88 (61 months)

General Try Soetrisno

Deputy Army Chief of Staff

RPKAD

It was announced that Lt. Gen Wismoyo Arismunandar, now Army Deputy Chief of Staff, would be installed as Army Chief of Staff on April 6, 1993.

 $^{^{10}}$ This is the officer who said the navy needed at least 30 frigate-class patrol ships but had only 17 and that "these were bought second hand." See "Current Data on the Indonesian Military Elite," Indonesia 53 (April 1992): 97. He was Director for Politics and Strategy, Ministry of Defense and Security when he made that remark in 1991.

Navy Chief of Staff

Rear Adm. Muhammad Arifin 25.iii.89 (48months) Admiral Rudolf Kasenda (b. Nov. 28, 1937, Surabaya)

(Naval Academy 1960) Commander of the Fleet, Eastern Zone

It was announced that Rear Admiral Tanto Koeswanto (b. June 1, 1941, in Purwokerto and a graduate of the Naval Academy Class of 1964), now Commander of the Fleet, Eastern Zone (Headquartered in Surabaya), would be installed as the new Navy Chief of Staff on April 6, 1993.

Air Force Chief of Staff

Air Marshal Siboen Dipoatmodio 10.iii.90 (36 1/2 months) (b. April 12, 1936, Yogyakarta) Air Marshal Oetomo

(TNI Flying School 1960) Deputy for Personnel, Air Force

> Air Force I

It was announced that Air Vice Marshall Rilo Pambudi (b. December 24, 1942, and a graduate of the Air Force Academy Class of 1965), now Deputy for Operations to the Air Force Chief of Staff, would be installed as Air Force Chief of Staff on April 6, 1993.

Chief of the National Police

Police Lt. Gen. Drs. Kunarto 27.ii.91 (25 months)

(b. June 8, 1940, Yogyakarta) Police Gen. Drs. Moch. Sanoesi

Assistant for Security and Social Order to the C-in-C

Police

It was announced that Police Lt. Gen. Drs. Banurusman (b. September 28, 1941, Police Academy Class 1963), previously Chief of Police for the Greater Jakarta Metropolitan Region, would be installed as the new Chief of National Police on April 6, 1993.

Commander of the Marine Corps

1. Maj. Gen. Baroto Sardadi 6.viii.90-28.xi.92 (28 months)

Maj. Gen. (Marines) Aminullah

Deputy Commander, Navy Education Command¹¹

Navy

2. Brig. Gen. Gafur Chaliq 1.xii.92 (4 months)

(b. November 9, 1941, Pontianak) Deputy Governor, Naval Academy

(Naval Academy, 1961) Marines ?

Deputy Army Chief of Staff

1. Lt. Gen. Adolf Sahala Rajagukguk 15.ii.88-22.viii.92 (54 months)¹²

(b. December 31, 1938, Medan) Lt. Gen. Edi Sudradjat

(AMN 2, 1961) Commander, Kostrad

> D Toba Batak

¹¹ He was subsequently appointed as Secretary General, Department of Manpower.

¹² When he was replaced by Wismoyo, he was reported to be the next Indonesian ambassador to the US. Apparently, however, he was not welcomed by Washington and was eventually sent to India as ambassador.

2. Lt. Gen. Wismoyo Arismunandar 22.viii.92 (7 months) Commandar, Army Strategic Reserve (Kostrad) (b. February 10, 1940, Bondowoso) I (AMN 4, 1963) **RPKAD** It was announced that Wismoyo Arismunandar would be installed as Army Chief of Staff on April 6, 1993. His replacement has not yet been announced. First Assistant (Security) 1. Brig. Gen. Soerjadi¹³ ? i.91-21.viii.92 (19 months) (b. c. 1942, Tuban) Brig. Gen. Soeharto (AMN 5, 1964) Chief of Staff, Kodam 1 **RPKAD** J 21.viii.92 (7 months) 2. Brig. Gen. Hadi Baroto Head, Army Military Police Center Military Police J Second Assistant (Operations) 1. Maj. Gen. Abdul Nurhaman 30.ix.89-21. viii. 92 (35 months) Maj. Gen. I Putu Sukreta Soeranta Chief of Staff, Kodam 3 S Artillery 2. Brig Gen. Joko Lelono 21.viii.92 (7 months) Director F(administration)BAIS ABRI Intelligence J Third Assistant (Personnel) 1. Maj. Gen. Soetopo c. ii.86-21.viii.92 (78 months) (b. Jan. 1, 1939) Maj. Gen. Syaukat Banjaransari (AMN 2, 1961) Deputy Assistant for Personnel to the Army Chief of Staff 2. Maj. Gen. Rusmadi Sidik 21.viii.92 (7 months) Commander, Kodam 7 Banjarese

Fourth Assistant (Logistics)

1. Maj. Gen. R. Soenardi 10.viii.90-21.viii.92 (24 months)

(b. Dec. 31, 1937, Yogyakarta) Maj. Gen. Soedarto

(AMN 2, 1961) Commander, Army Education Development Center

Cavalry

2. Maj. Gen. Moch. Zaenal 21.viii.92 (7 months)

Head, Army Research and Development Service

Artillery

13 Soerjadi was adjutant to the President from 1981 to 1985.

Fifth Assistant (Research and Development/Planning and Budgeting)

1. Maj. Gen. Herman Bernard ? 8.ix.88–12.i.92 (39 months)

Leopold Mantiri Brig. Gen. Tiopan Bernhard Silalahi

(b. 1940, Bogor) Commander, First Kostrad Infantry Division and Commander East Timor Security Operations Command (AMN 3, 1962)

Menadonese Infantry/Sriwijaya

12.iii.92 (13 months) 2. Maj. Gen. Togi Mangara

> Assistant for Territorial Affairs to Army Chief of Staff Hutagaol

> > Artillery Toba Batak

Assistant for Territorial Affairs

1. Brig. Gen. Togi Mangara 4.v.91-12.iii.92 (11 months)

Hutagaol Maj. Gen. Radiyon Mustafa

Commander, Artillery Weapons Center

Toba Batak Artillery

2. Brig. Gen. Wiyoto 12.iii.92 (13 months)

Deputy Assistant for Personnel to Army Chief of Staff¹⁴

Commander, Army Strategic Reserve (Kostrad)

1. Maj. Gen. Wismoyo Arismunandar 9.viii.90 -29.vii.92 (24 months)

(b. Feb. 10, 1940, Bondowoso) Maj. Gen. Soegito (AMN 4, 1963) Commander, Kodam 4

> **RPKAD** J

29.vii.92 (8 months) 2. Maj. Gen. Kuntara

Commander, Kopassus (Special Forces Command) (b. Sept. 1, 1939, Cirebon) (AMN 4, 1963) **RPKAD** Muslim Chinese

Commander, Kostrad First Infantry Division

1. Brig. Gen. Theo Syafei 18.ix.89-?.ii.91 (17 1/2 months)

(b. June 30, 1943, Ujungpandang) Brig. Gen. F.X. Sudjasmin

(AMN 6, 1965) Chief of Staff, Kostrad Second Infantry Division

> **RPKAD Butonese Christian**

2. Brig. Gen. Ilyas Yusuf ? ii.91 (25 months)

(AMN 6, 1965) Commander, Korem 061 Bogor

> S Infantry

Commander, Kostrad Second Infantry Division

Brig. Gen. I Ketut Wardhana 8.x.91 (18 months)

Brig. Gen. Muzani Syukur

Chief of Staff, Kostrad Second Infantry Division **Balinese** Infantry/B

¹⁴ Before becoming Deputy Assistant for Personnel, he was Commander of Korem 101 Banjarmasin from February 1989 to April 1990.

Governor, General and Army Division, Armed Forces Academy

1. Maj. Gen. Toni Hartono

2.ix.87-12.ix.92 (62 months)

(b. 1939, Cilacap)

Maj. Gen. Hasudungan Simandjuntak

(AMN 2, 1961)

Deputy Governor, General & Army Division, Armed

Forces' Academy¹⁵

Cavalry

J

2. Brig. Gen. Moch. Ma'ruf (b. Pekalongan)

12.ix.92 (7 months) Chief of Staff, Kodam 4

Infantry

J

Commander, Army Staff and Command School (Seskoad)

1. Maj. Gen. Feisal Tanjung

23.iii.88 (?)–29.vii.92 (52 months)

(b. January 1, 1938, S. Tapanuli)

Maj. Gen. Darwanto

(AMN 2, 1961)

Commander, Kodam 6

RPKAD

Mandailing Batak

2. Maj. Gen. Herman Musakabe

(AMN 3, 1962)

29.vii.92 (8 months)

Commander, Army Education Development

Center (Puspindik TNI-AD)

Flores

Commander, Kopassus (Special Forces Command)

1. Brig. Gen. Kuntara

8.viii.87-28.vii.92 (61 months)

(b. September 1, 1939, Cirebon)

Brig. Gen. Sintong Panjaitan

(AMN 4, 1963)

Deputy Commander, Kopassus

RPKAD

Muslim Chinese

2. Brig. Gen. Tarub

28.vii.92 (8 months)

(b. July 10, 1942, Malang)

Deputy Commander, Kopassus

(AMN 6, 1965)

RPKAD

?

Head, State Intelligence Coordinating Agency (Bakin)

Lt. Gen. (retired) Soedibyo

3.vi.89 (47 months)

(b. Apr. 22, 1937, Ngawi)

Gen. Yoga Sugama

(Aktekad 5 1960)

Deputy Head, Bakin

Intelligence

J

Deputy Head, State Intelligence Coordinating Agency (Bakin)

Maj. Gen. Soeharto

? i.91 (27 months)

First Assistant (Security) to the Army Chief of Staff

Intelligence

J

¹⁵ He was subsequently appointed Director-General for Personnel, Manpower, and Veterans' Affairs, Department of Defense and Security on August 28, 1992.

Commander, Presidential Security Squad (Paswalpres)

Brig. Gen. Pranowo (AMN 4, 1963)

30.i.85 (98 months) Brig. Gen. R. Sardjono

Commander, Military Police, Kodam 5 Military Police

REGIONAL MILITARY LEADERS

KODAM (Military Region Command) 1 BUKIT BARISAN (North Sumatra)

KODAM Commander

1. Maj. Gen. H. R. Pramono (b. Nov. 2, 1939, Yogyakarta) (AMN 3, 1962)

9.vi.90-31.iii.93 (34 months) Maj. Gen. Djoko Pramono Chief of Staff, Kostrad

Cavalry

2. Brig. Gen. A. Pranowo

31.iii.93

Chief of Staff, Kodam 8

Infantry

J

Chief of Staff

1. Brig. Gen. Sofian Effendi

? i.91–10.ix.92 (20 months)¹⁶

Brig. Gen. Soeriadi

Commander, Korem 011 Lho Seumawe

RPKAD

Acehnese

I

J

2. Brig. Gen. R. Karyono

(b. March 25, 1942, Lamongan)

10.ix.92 (7 months)

Commander, Korem 031 Pekanbaru

(AMN 6, 1965)

Infantry

KODAM 2

SRIWIJAYA (South Sumatra)

Commander

1. Maj. Gen. R. Soewardi

(AMN 3, 1962)

20.iii.89-?.viii.92 (41 months)

(b. April 13, 1938, Singaraja)

Maj. Gen. R. Soenardi Chief of Staff, Kodam 2

Infantry

J

2. Maj. Gen. F. X. Sudjasmin

? viii.92 (7 months) Chief of Staff, Kodam 2

Infantry

Chief of Staff

1. Brig. Gen. Theo Syafei

? ii.91-c.7.i.92 (10 months)

(b. June 30, 1943, Ujungpandang)

Brig. Gen. P.H.M. Siahaan

(AMN 6, 1965)

Commander, Kostrad Second Infantry Division

RPKAD

Butonese Christian

¹⁶ He was subsequently appointed Commander of the Army Infantry Weapons Center.

c. 7.i.92-31.vii.92 (7 months) 2. Brig. Gen. F. X. Sudjasmin

Chief of Staff, Kodam 8

J Infantry

3. Brig. Gen. Soeyono¹⁷ 31.vii.92 (8 months)

(AMN 6, 1965) Deputy Commander, Army Infantry Weapons Center

Infantry

KODAM 3 SILIWANGI (West Java)

Commander

1. Brig. Gen. R. Nuriana¹⁸ 19.i.91-28.iii.93 (26 months) (b. 1939, Sumedang) Maj. Gen. Arie Sudewo (AMN 3, 1962) Chief of Staff, Kodam 7

> S Artillery

2. Brig. Gen. Muzani Syukur

28.iii.93 (b. November 5, 1941, Muara Deputy Assistant for Operations to the Army

Baru, West Sumatra) Chief of Staff

(AMN 6, 1965) **RPKAD** Minang?

Chief of Staff

Brig. Gen Syamsir Siregar ? viii.90 (31 months)

> Brig. Gen. Hariyoto Pringgo Sudirjo Chief of Staff, Kostrad First Infantry Div.

Infantry Sipirok Batak

J

KODAM 4 DIPONEGORO (Central Java)

Commander

1. Maj. Gen. Hariyoto Pringgo Sudirjo 6.viii.90–20.viii.92 (25 months) (b. c. 1940) Maj. Gen. Wismoyo Arismunandar

(AMN 4, 1963) Chief of Staff, Kodam 3

Engineers

2. Maj. Gen. Soerjadi 20.viii.92 (7 months)

(b. 1942, Tuban) First Assistant (Security) to Army Chief of Staff

(AMN 5, 1964) **Engineers** J

Chief of Staff

1. Brig. Gen. Moch. Ma'ruf 9.ii.91-?ix.92 (20 months)

(b. Pekalongan) Brig. Gen. Mulyadi

Chief of Staff, Kodam 9

Infantry J

¹⁷ He had been adjutant to the President after Soerjadi.

¹⁸ R. Nuriana had been Commander of strategic Korem 061 Bogor (1984–87) before becoming Chief of Staff of Kodam 7.

2. Col. Budi Sujana

(b. 1944, Tasikmalaya) (AMN 6, 1965)

21.ix.92 (6 months)

Commander, Korem 071 Purwokerto S Infantry

KODAM 5 BRAWIJAYA (East Java)

Commander

1. Maj. Gen. R. Hartono (b. June 10, 1941, Pamekasan)

(AMN 3, 1962)

17.v.90-29.iii.93 (34 1/2 months)

Maj. Gen. Sugeng Subroto Chief of Staff, Kodam 5

Artillery

Madurese

J

J

2. Brig. Gen. Haris Sudarno

(b. December 17, 1941, Pati)

(AMN 6, 1965)

29.iii.93

Chief of Staff, Kodam Jaya

Infantry

Chief of Staff

1.Brig. Gen. M. Yacob Dasto

(b. N. Aceh) (AMN 6, 1965) 21.iv.90-15.viii.92 (27 1/2 months)19

Brig. Gen. R. Hartono

Commander, Korem 081 Madiun

Infantry

Acehnese

2. Brig. Gen Imam Utomo

(b. Jombang) (AMN 6, 1965) 15.viii.92 (7 1/2 months)

Commander, Korem 084 Surabaya

Infantry

KODAM 6 TANJUNGPURA (Kalimantan)

Commander

1. Maj. Gen. Rusmadi Siddik

? iv.91-8.viii.92 (15 months) Maj. Gen. Zain Azhar Maulani

Commander, Kodam 7

?

Banjarese

J

2. Maj. Gen. Moetojib²⁰

(b. Solo) (AMN 3, 1962) 8.viii.92 (8 months)

Commander, Army Territorial Center

Cavalry

Chief of Staff

1. Brig. Gen. M. Yunus Yosfiah (b. Rappang, S. Sulawesi)

(AMN 6, 1965)

18.vi.90 -5.ii.93 (31 1/2 months)

Brig. Gen. Kilian Sidebutar Officer seconded to Army HQ²¹

RPKAD

Buginese

¹⁹ He was subsequently appointed Chief of Staff, Kostrad.

²⁰ He had been Commander, Korem 131 Tomohon (?-June 1986), Commander, Korem 083 Malang (June 1986-87), and Commander, Army Cavalry Weapons Center (February 1989-April 1991) before becoming Commander of the Army Territorial Center.

²¹ He served as Commander, Korem 164 Dili, from 1985 to 1987, and Director of Educational Upbuilding, Military Academy, from 1987 to 1989. He attended the Royal College of Defense Studies in Britain from 1989 to 1990.

2. Col. Namoeri Anom

5.ii.93 (2 months)

Commander, Korem 083 Malang

Infantry

?

KODAM 7

WIRABUANA (Sulawesi)

Commander

1. Maj. Gen. Zaenal Basri Palaguna

(b. c. 1939, S. Sulawesi)

(AMN 3, 1962)

27.iv.91 -14.i.93 (20 1/2 months)²²

Maj. Gen. Rusmadi Siddik

Commander, Army Territorial Center

Sl Buginese

2. Maj. Gen. Sofian Effendi

(b. c. 1942)

14.i.93 (2 1/2 months)

Commander, Army Infantry Weapons Center

RPKAD

Acehnese

Chief of Staff

1. Brig. Gen. Alip Pandoyo

15.i.91–3.ix.92 (19 1/2 months)

Brig. Gen. R. Nuriana

Deputy Assistant for Operations to the Army Chief of Staff

Infantry

2. Brig. Gen. Todo Sihombing

3.ix.92 (7 months)

Deputy Assistant for Security to Army Chief of Staff

Intelligence

7

J

KODAM 8

TRIKORA (Irian Jaya & Maluku)

Commander

1. Maj. Gen. Abinowo

(b. Kediri, E. Java)

15.ii.89–?viii.92 (41 1/2 months)²³ Maj. Gen. Wismoyo Arismunandar

Deputy Assistant for Territorial Affairs to the Army Chief

of Staff

D

J

2. Maj. Gen. E.E. Mangindaan

(b. c. 1942)

? viii.92 (8 months)

Deputy Assistant for Operations to the Armed Forces

(AMN 5, 1964) Chief of Staff

Menadonese

Chief of Staff

1. Brig. Gen. A. Pranowo

27.iv.91-c. 30.iii.93 (23 months) Brig. Gen. F. X. Sudjasmin

Officer seconded to Operation Staff of Army Chief of Staff

Infantry

A. Pranowo was installed as Commander of Kodam 1/Bukit Barisan on March 31, 1993. His replacement has not yet been announced.

²² He subsequently became Governor of South Sulawesi on January 19, 1993.

²³ He was subsequently appointed Army Inspector General, replacing Maj. Gen. Setiyana.

KODAM9 UDAYANA (Nusatenggara)

Commander

1. Maj. Gen. Herman Bernard 13.i.92- 13.viii.92 (7 months) Leopold Mantiri Maj. Gen. Sintong Panjaitan

Assistant for Planning to the Army Chief of Staff (b. 1940, Bogor) (AMN 3, 1962) Infantry/Sriwijaya Menadonese

2. Maj. Gen. Soewardi 13.viii.92-30.iii.93 (7 1/2 months)

(b. April 13, 1938, Singaraja) Commander, Kodam 2

> Infantry S?

3. Brig. Gen Theo Syafei 30.iii.93

Commander for Operations in East Timor (b.June 30, 1943, Ujungpandang)

RPKAD Butonese Christian (AMN 6, 1965)

Chief of Staff

1. Brig. Gen. Dahlan Effendi 13.v.90-5.ix.92 (27 1/2 months)

Brig. Gen. Moch. Ma'ruf

Deputy Assistant for Personnel to the Army Chief of Staff

Infantry Medan Malay

2. Col. Soelatin 5.ix.92 (7 months)

Commander, Korem 142 Pare Pare

Cavalry ?

Commander for Operations in East Timor (Pangkolakops)

1. Brig.Gen. Theo Syafei²⁴ 8.i.92 (15 months) (b. June 30, 1943, Ujung Pandang) Brig. Gen. R.S. Warouw

Chief of Staff, Kodam 2 (AMN 6, 1965)

> **RPKAD Butonese Christian**

It was announced that the Command for Operations in East Timor would be soon liquidated.

> **KODAM JAYA** (Greater Jakarta)

Commander

10.viii.90-2.iv.93 (31 1/2 months) 1. Maj. Gen. Kentot Harseno (b. September 18, 1938) Maj. Gen. Suryadi Sudirja

(AMN 2, 1961) Inspector, Implementation Program, Department of

Defense & Security

RPKAD J

²⁴ Before that he held the posts of Chief of Staff of Kostrad's 18th Airborne Brigade in 1982–84, Commander of the Core Infantry Regiment of Kodam Jaya in 1984-85, Deputy Commander for Operations, East Timor (1985-87); Commander of Korem 081 Madiun (1987-July 88); Chief of Staff, Kostrad Second Infantry Division (July 1988-September 1989). He had served earlier in East Timor in 1978 as Commander of the elite Battalion 745, and stayed in that area until sent back to become Chief of Staff of Kostrad's 18th Airborne Brigade.

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2. Brig. Gen Hendro Prijono 2.iv.93

(b. May 7, 1945, Yogyakarta) Director A, BAIS ABRI (AMN 8, 1967) RPKAD/Intelligence J

Chief of Staff

Brig. Gen. Haris Sudarno 11.viii.90 (31 1/2 months)

(b. c. 1942) Brig. Gen. Zaenal Basri Palaguna

(AMN 6, 1965) Chief of Staff, Kostrad Second Infantry Division

Infantry J

Haris Sudarno was installed as Commander of Kodam 5/Brawijaya on March 30, 1993. His replacement has not yet been announced.

Editorial Notes:

- a) Partly for reasons of space, we are unable to include the Documents on Debt Management planned for this issue. An article on the subject will appear in our next issue #56 (October 1993).
- b) In our issue #53, four of the photographs appearing in Philip Kitley's article, "Involution in Javanese Batik," were incorrectly captioned. The plates with their correct captions appear below:

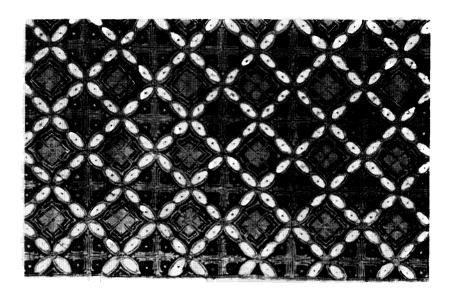


Plate 2: Ceplok pattern Solo.

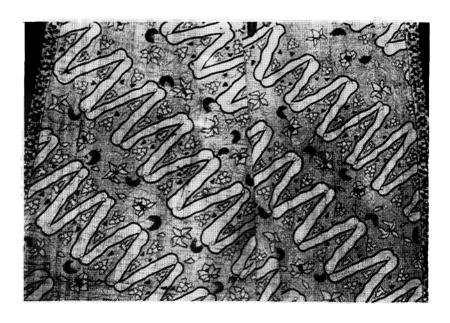


Plate 9. Ancient kain from the museum Kraton Kasepuhan, Ceribon.

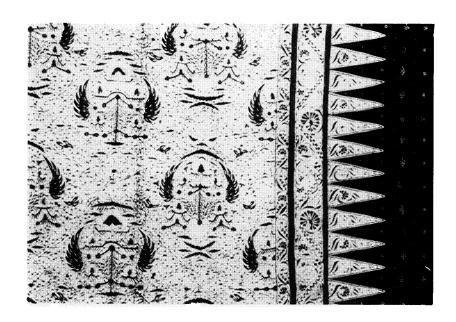


Plate 10. The extreme delicacy of the canting is evident in the subtlety of this kain "Sawat Pengantin" from Ceribon.

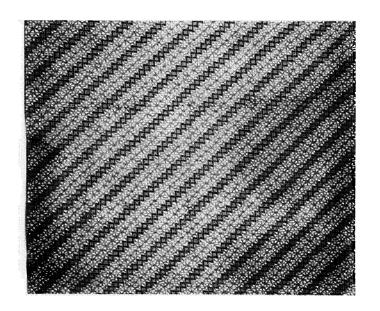


Plate 12. Parang variations. Variation #1.