"Intercessory Foreign Missionaries"

By Rev. A. E. Street, of South China

China Inland Mission

Philadelphia: 1329 Walnut Street

Toronto: 507 Church Street
The China Inland Mission Prayer Union.

Origin. The Prayer Union was organized in Toronto in 1893, to secure to the Mission, and thus to China, the blessing of definite, frequent and united prayer. It was felt that all the needs of China and the Mission may be reduced to this, the need of prayer.

Form. The membership consists of those who count it a privilege to be the Lord’s remembrancers in behalf of the Mission, and of China, and who for this purpose enroll themselves as members. To those persons Prayer Cards are sent annually, as also an annual letter from the Director, and the monthly copies of China’s Millions. No pledge is asked for, but it is suggested that, if possible, petition should be offered daily. There is a required fee of 10c. to cover the cost of the card and the circular letter; the charge for China’s Millions, for those who desire to pay this, is 50c. additional.

Objects. The objects of prayer are condensed into four petitions:

For all Missionaries, native helpers, and native Christians in China.
For all Missionaries, native helpers, and native Christians of the China Inland Mission.
For the millions of China, that many may be saved and sanctified.
For more laborers in China, native and foreign.

Applications. Applications for membership to the Prayer Union may be made by addressing the Secretary at either of the Mission offices.
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"Jehovah . . . wondered that there was no intercessor."—Isaiah 59:16.

The following is not a literary presentation of truth, but is designed to be a practical suggestion for work.

This purpose has determined the form of presentation. It has grown out of the writer's experience in addressing churches, and the reception that has been accorded the truths here presented has revealed the need for their more general diffusion.

Christ did not command us to pray the Lord of the harvest that He send forth missionaries, but "laborers." The difference is intentional, for there are others just
as necessary as missionaries. ("Missionary" means "One sent," and is the Latin form of the Greek "Apostle.")

Those harvest hands who directly reach the souls of men and save them can be divided generally into—

(1) Native Workers, upon whom in all countries the burden of evangelization rests;

(2) Missionaries, who are no longer needed when the natives have learned all they can teach (some centuries ago they finished their work among the English);

(3) Intercessors, who give their time and strength to the distinct work of definite intercessory prayer.

Of these three classes, if comparison is possible among things all of which are necessary, the Intercessor is most important, because he is working at the very root and foundation of all harvest success, and, in so far as man is responsible, his faithfulness determines the success of all others.
I. DEFINITION.

An Intercessory Foreign Missionary is a "laborer" who cannot go in person to the foreign field, but who has set himself apart to pray for the definite details of foreign missionary work. He alone is entitled to the name who enters upon an engagement to work for definite fields, an engagement as real as an appointment by a foreign mission board. His striking peculiarities are that he is working in the realm of "the heavenlies," instead of among visible men, and that there are no restrictions as to the number who can be intercessors, as to the place of their residences, or as to the variety, sweep and completeness of the results accomplished.

II. NECESSITY FOR INTERCESSORY FOREIGN MISSIONARIES.

That mission field which has the largest number of laborers (faithful intercessors) whose names are not
necessarily in the published lists, will always be the most successfully harvested. This is true.

1. Because of the nature of missionary activity.

Ephesians 6: 10-20, reveals the facts clearly, concisely and completely, showing that we are not primarily overcoming the prejudices and superstition of men, but "principalities—powers—world-rulers of this darkness—spiritual hosts of wickedness in the heavenlies," which are various grades of rulers organized into visible kingdoms of darkness. In Daniel 10: 13, some of these principalities are mentioned by name: "Prince of Greece," "Prince of Persia," "Kings of Persia," etc., while Christ calls the head of all these kingdoms the "Prince of this World." Other forces are revealed in "the horses and chariots of fire round about Elisha" and the "twelve legions of angels" mentioned by Jesus. Thus revelation shows missionary activity to be a spiritual war between
the forces of Christ and those of Satan, not merely man trying to reform and civilize man. This war is waged for the possession of living men and through the medium of living men. Christ seeks men to be “members of His body,” while Satan “enters” the hearts of men, so that each works out his purposes through the men who submit to him. It follows that men must go in person, as Jesus came to this world in person, to do the work made possible by prayer.

2. Because prayer based on God’s Word is the only weapon man can use to touch the invisible foe.

We can reach a Chinaman by speaking face to face with him, but we can strike the spiritual Prince of China only by way of the place “above, where Christ is,” ever living to make intercession. An inspection of Ephesians 6 shows that the end of putting on the armor of God is to pray for all the saints, but especially for Paul, who represented his missionary successors.
This armor is not for selfish protection, but to enable us to “stand,” and—like Moses, Aaron and Hur—by supplication give victory to those fighting Amalek. Jesus did not call upon the twelve legions of angels, but upon His disciples, and that they should watch Him in prayer while He fought the invisible foe. In this He has shown the way for all who “fight the good fight of faith.” Even now it is by intercession that He continues the war.

3. Because the Missionary on the field cannot alone do His work.

When the Intercessors’ hands fall, Amalek prevails on the mission field to-day. The enemy is strong. Jesus refused to bow down to Satan, but the heathen bow and worship; therefore the blackness of darkness broods over those lands, a stifling, choking power of death. There a Christian is like a diver at the bottom of the sea.
In Christian countries prayer is continually offered for the pastor and for every detail of the work of the church; special meetings are held to pray for a revival. In open-air meetings, while one is speaking, others are praying. Exactly in the same way one or two missionaries alone among thousands or millions need other persons to pray definitely while they work or speak. Only the need is more urgent, as the bottom of the sea is more dangerous than the air, just as there are more deaths “on the firing line” than in the quiet of the home.

The body of Christ does not consist of each one of us individually, but of all together, and if a missionary is left without sufficient aid in prayer, he suffers, limps, stumbles. Some have even fallen away. He may succeed in fighting his way to the very presence of God and receive blessings unspeakable, but meanwhile the heathen perish and God tells us that their
bloocT is to be required at the hands of those who did not do their part. (Ezekiel 33: 1-16.)

III. WHAT CAN BE DONE BY INTERCESSORY MISSIONARIES.

1. A host of intercessors can be speedily enlisted for this war.

2. Enough missionaries and money can be found to really accomplish our task.

3. Suitable men can be sent as missionaries, and the unsuitable can be prevented from making the mistake of going. Such mistakes have in the past cost many lives and thousands of dollars. They can be prevented by the Lord of the harvest only when He is asked to do so. Even Christ Himself prayed all night before He chose the first twelve missionaries. (It is a significant fact that there is no distinct command for man to send forth missionaries. That work was done
by Christ Himself and then by His Spirit when He chose Paul and Barnabas. When they tried to choose fellow-workers they quarreled over the choice. The command is to pray.

4. Many urgent questions of general missionary policy can be solved only through much prayer.

5. Individual heathen can be prayed for by name and thus saved.

6. An adequate native ministry can be raised up and maintained.

7. Revivals can be brought about continually on the foreign fields.

8. Fresh fillings of the Holy Spirit can be given to overburdened missionaries.

9. The health and strength of missionaries can be maintained under the severe strain of their physical and social surroundings.

10. Lonely missionaries—those without many friends
—can be cheered and helped until their usefulness is multiplied many times.

Experience has repeatedly shown that the believing prayer of one humble intercessor at home can bring about a revival on the foreign field and save thousands. The experience of one missionary was that as far as man can see results, he was able to do more for the heathen toiling as an intercessor in America than while he was among the heathen without intercessors pleading for him.

IV. HOW TO DO THE WORK OF AN INTERCESSORY MISSIONARY.

1. Decide deliberately that this intercession is to be a regular binding duty.

2. Select fixed days, hours, times, and make them take precedence, as far as possible, of all other engagements.

4. Wait on the Lord of the harvest for directions as to what part of the field you belong.

5. Learn the names of all missionaries of all connections in your field and pray for them by name.

6. Do not pity the missionary or condole with him, give him your sympathetic help.

7. Write to the missionaries you are praying for, asking pointedly what their difficulties and needs are. Tell them you do not want something bright and newsy, but something dark and discouraging, and that when they are worn out you want them to drop you a postcard telling you that, so you can pray them strong again.

8. Pray for every need or condition that you can learn about. This article is only suggestive.

9. Form the habit of letting God impress upon you the things for which to pray. He will do it.

10. Not many words are needed, but much time
must be spent in “waiting” upon Him, the very silence calling for His will to be done. Silence enables one to draw very near to God. “We know not how to pray as we ought,” and must let “the Spirit Himself make intercession.”

11. Study and practice the art of praying until you are expert in it. The Bible furnishes its laws and examples, which can be worked out by patient practice only, just like any other art.

V. WARNINGS.

Some may be tempted to cherish a subtle, hidden feeling that by doing this work they are conferring a favor on some one by helping. Not at all; it is the other way; the unspeakable favor is granted you of sharing the burden of intercession daily carried by the risen man Christ Jesus in heaven.

When details of mission work begin to come to your
knowledge, be exceedingly careful how you judge, condemn or decide in matters that you have never met and that have puzzled the wisest men for many decades. No war is sweet or gentle, but you are now fighting Satan enthroned among men, the most unscrupulous and horrible of enemies, worse than man can imagine. When matters utterly unexpected and discouraging arise, Satan will try to turn you away in disgust; therefore REMEMBER that the worse the troubles are the greater is the need for your prayers.

Many, many times you will be tempted to give it all up as useless, for every possible form of deception will be among his "wiles" to stop your intercession; if he can stop each one, his victory is assured, and there are alarmingly few intercessors.

Be ready patiently to toil on without apparent results; time is required for them to show. Many a laborer has worked for years without seeing the results that overjoyed his successors. Cannot you do the same?
Woe be to any one who tries to become an intercessory missionary while the Lord is calling him to go in person. In Matthew 7: 23, Christ calls such “ye that work iniquity or lawlessness,” for although they have been eminently successful workers in the church, before men, what they did was not “the will” of God for them.

VI. SOME GENERAL TRUTHS.

1. Indirect Work. Every Christian should do some work as an intercessory missionary, but there are those at home whom the Lord calls to give their daily toil for the salvation of the nations. Many are needed who by teaching, writing and exhorting shall arouse Christians to a sense of their responsibility for the death of those who perish because the salvation prepared for them by Christ has never been offered to them by men. In the work here suggested, house-to-house visitation among
church members has been proved most effective in arousing them to their privileges in the foreign fields. A caution is here needed, for such work is only indirect, and most jealous, prayerful care is needed to prevent it from displacing the direct work of intercession. Any work that is visible so appeals to our pride that it is more attractive than is the lonely toil of intercession.

2. Rejected. It is generally considered that God has not called one to the foreign work, because age, health, family relations, rejection by a mission board, or other outward circumstances prevent him from going abroad. Such circumstances have no bearing whatever on the question as to whether the Lord wants you to work directly for the salvation of the heathen. God is waiting for you to take your place in the vital, difficult and blessed work of joining Christ in interceding before Him. It is not evidence of obedience quietly to drift along at ease, letting the far-away, unseen
multitudes perish for the lack of your prayers. Some laborers must not go to the mission fields.

3. **Substitutes.** When a draft is made for war service, only a limited number of men are called out, and a "substitute" has to be one of those not drafted in his own name. But in this spiritual war every citizen of heaven is drafted, and no substitutes are possible, because there are none left undrafted. Victory is impossible unless those at home meet and rout the invisible foe. It is unjust to send a man into the deadly blackness of heathenism without giving your life in intercession for him while he gives his life for the heathen. We must "lay down our lives for the brethren" (1 John 3:16).

4. **Candidates.** Beware of ever urging any one to go as a missionary. The Holy Spirit only can do that with safety. We should urge that one to set his will "as flint" that he is going to "do the will of My
Father which is in heaven,” and that he then pray, “Lord, send forth laborers;” then if the Lord really wants him in foreign fields, it is only a matter of time when it will be made so plain that there is no room for doubt.

5. Rewards. There is a peculiar supplementary reward given for all missionary work. It is an addition to the honors of faithful labor, and is determined not by what is done, but by what is “left.” For every comfort or friend that you leave in order to do this work, you will receive one hundred fold of the comfort, rest and satisfaction that they could have afforded. This is true of both missionary and intercessor, and is the kind of “joy set before Him” that enabled Jesus to “endure.” The missionary “leaves” by taking ship, the intercessor “leaves” by shutting the door of his closet. [When one contributes money he does not “leave” it, but lays it up in heaven (Matthew 6: 20,
and Luke 18: 22), where it becomes the only treasure he can call his own.] Attendance at church meetings becomes a selfish indulgence of religious feelings when it leads to the neglect of the hard work God wants you to do. Men are dying in agony while you are enjoying a "beautiful" service and while God is calling you to forget your very existence in watching and praying with groaning that cannot be uttered.

"The unsearchable riches of Christ" are discovered by the missionary, whether he is among the heathen preaching it to them, or in the home-land interceding for them. These things are not mere matters of intellectual theory, but have been proven in experience.

We are indebted to the Student Volunteer Movement for the above helpful and very suggestive article.